WFC Single Disclosure Report 2023

AGC and PFMI answers

Act and 11 mil diseases
Date submitted
30/10/2023 05:08:57
General information
G01Q001 Please indicate the full name of the responding institution:
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [CSD name] AGC: 0a
Centrálny depozitár cenných papierov SR, a.s.
G01Q002 Registered address:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 0c
ul. 29.augusta 1/A
814 80 Bratislava 1
Slovak Republic
G01Q003 Country of registered address:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 0d
Slovak Republic
G01Q004 Official website of the respondent institution:
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [website] AGC: n/a
www.cdcp.sk
G01Q005 The date of this disclosure is:
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [date] AGC: n/a
30/10/2023
G01Q006 The WFC, the AGC, CPMI and IOSCO encourage respondents to make their disclosure reports publicly available. Do you agree to make your response publicly available?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 99
Yes, my full response will be publicly available. I agree that my response can be published on the website of the WFC and on the website of the regional CSD association(s) which my CSD is a member of.
Yes, my response will be public, but only for my answers to AGC questions.
Yes, my response will be public, but only for my answers to PFMI questions.
No, I do not wish my response to be publicly available.

G01Q007 How will you be making your answers publicly available?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 99a
✓ Website
Upon request
☐ OTHER:
G01Q008 This disclosure can also be found at the following web address(es):
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [website URL] AGG: 99b
https://www.cdcp.sk/cdcpweb/en/questionnaires/
G01Q009 First and Last Name of the contact person:
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [contact details]
AGC: 99c Dagmar Kopuncová (Ms)
G01Q009A Disclosure submission authorisation
I hereby certify that I am authorised to submit this disclosure report on behalf of my institution.
G01Q010 Email address of the contact person:
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [contact details] AGC: 99h
dagmar.kopuncova@cdcp.sk
G01Q011 Telephone number (please include the international country code):
PFMI: n/a
AGC: 99e +421 2 593 95 125
G01Q012 How do you prefer to be contacted?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 99d
Telephone
☐ Fax
mail/air courier
✓ e-mail
G01Q013 Fax number

G01Q014

What is the preferred street address for mailing requests?

PFMI: n/a AGC: 99g

Centrálny depozitár cenných papierov SR, a.s.

29. augusta 1/A

814 80 Bratislava

G01Q015

Please list the jurisdiction(s) in which the CSD operates:

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [list jurisdictions]

AGC: n/a

Slovak Republic

G01Q016

Please list the authority(ies) regulating, supervising or overseeing the CSD:

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template [list authorities]

AGC: n/a

Národná banka Slovenska (The National Bank of Slovakia)

G01Q017

Executive summary (This section should summarise the key points from the disclosure framework. including a brief overview of the CSD, its participants, its legal and regulatory framework, its primary risks, and its key risk management and other relevant practices.)

PFMI: I.

CDCP, established in 1992, is a for-profit, joint stock company fully owned by the Bratislava Stock Exchange. The main activities of CDCP are: initial recording of securities in book-entry system, providing and maintaining securities accounts at the top tier level, operating a securities settlement system, services related to the settlement service, services related to the notary and central accounts maintenance services including new issue services, allocation and management of ISIN codes, establishing CSD links, providing, maintaining or operating securities accounts in relation to the settlement service, collateral management, other ancillary services and other services such as providing information required by legal regulation, providing information, data and statistics to market/census bureaus or other governmental or inter-governmental entities, keeping of pledge registry, keeping of special registry of collateral transfers, keeping of list of shareholders of registered paper-form shares and services relating to allocation and management of LEI codes. Security of client's assets, whether these are specific financial instruments or protected information, is one of the top priorities of CDCP with implemented measures compliant with ISO/IEC 27001. CDCP has implemented and maintains stable and functional risk management system and established the Risk Manager function. Next to that CDCP maintains the system for provision of business continuity of its services with several specific business continuity and disaster recovery plans in place. CDCP has implemented the internal audit to perform the assessment and consultancy activity that helps to increase the added value and to improve the business activities of CDCP; it also helps CDCP to maintain the efficient control mechanisms by assessment of their effectivity and efficiency. Independent Compliance Function assures that all CDCP activities are compliant with applicable regulation. The procedures for prevention and early detection of potential fraud or unauthorised acquiring of protected client's data, and for prevention of legalisation of proceeds of criminal activity and terrorist financing are implemented. Adequate documents and processes are implemented to manage potential conflict of interests. Governance arrangements are stipulated by the Articles of Association of CDCP and a comprehensive scheme of the governance and management system is maintained. The scheme is published on CDCP's website, link: https://www.cdcp.sk/cdcpweb/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/Scheme Governance and Management System NEW.jpg. There are two committees established as the advisory bodies of the Board of Directors - the Risk Committee and the User Committee; there is the Audit Committee as an independent expert advisory committee of the Supervisory Board and the Remuneration Committee is an independent expert advisory body of both the Board of Directors and Supervisory Board. As regards requirements on persons nominated to the company's Board of Directors, a set of requirements applicable to members of the Board are specified by the Articles of Association and the legal regulations. Requirements on members of the top management are detailed by the internal guidelines of CDCP. As of 31 October 2023 CDCP had 23 participants in the securities settlement system. All participants and other market infrastructures (2) to which CDCP granted access to its settlement system must comply with a set of participants or criteria that mitigate the legal, operational and financial risks CDCP might be exposed to from participants or other market infrastructures. Out of 23 participants there are 12 commercial banks, 5 stock brokers, 4 foreign CSDs, National bank of Slovakia, State Debt and Liquidity Management Agency. The other local CSD (NCDCP) terminated its participation in CDCP in December 2021 due to its waiver of the authorisation to act as the CSD. CDCP has granted access to its settlement system to other market infrastructures - The Bratislava Stock Exchange (SK) and MTS S.p.A. Italy - in order to support the settlement of trades executed on the respective trading venue. Securities registered by CDCP are available through the link with four investor CSDs that have established a link with CDCP as an issuer CSD. Operations and organisation of CDCP are ruled by the REGULATION (EU) No 909/2014 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 ("CSDR") and by local Act No. 566/2001 Coll. on Securities and Investment Services as amended. Details of execution of services are stipulated in the Rules of Operation of CDCP and related Executory Decrees.

Summary of major changes since the last update of the disclosure (This section should summarise the major changes to the CSD's organisation, services, design, rules, markets served and regulatory environment since its last disclosure. The CSD should note the sections in its disclosure where such changes are reflected.)

AGC: n/a

In compliance with CSDR and the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/1229, CDCP launched the settlement discipline regime (SDR) on 01 February 2022, i.e. implemented the CSDR regulatory technical standard on settlement discipline. The amended wording of the Rules of Operation (RoO) that include the rules for the penalty mechanism was approved by the Board of Directors and became effective on 1 February 2022.

In May 2021 CDCP introduced new services for simple joint-stock companies (a hybrid form of company with features of a limited company and of a joint-stock company) - registration of shares of JSC, right to participate in transfer of shares and right to demand transfer of shares

CDCP also participates in the Eurosystem project of harmonisation of collateral called Eurosystem Collateral Management System (ECMS) planned to be implemented in April 2024 (postponement of the roll-out date expected to be approved by the ECB in November 2023).

CDCP works on digitalisation of its internal processes with view of implementation of digital processes into provision of services to its clients:

- In February 2023 CDCP launched an online portal for securities issuers of both the book-entry and certificated securities. The Portal to manage requests for CDCP services without personal visit to the depository. Services provided through the Portal: to conclude the agreement on issuance of book-entry securities and the agreement on administration of a list of shareholders for registered certificated shares, to effect changes to issues of book-entry securities, changes to the list of shareholders, to request information services related to issues of book-entry securities and lists of shareholders of registered certificated shares. The issuer portal enables also electronic allocation of the ISIN code, application for changes or cancellation of the code
- In November 2022 CDCP launched the website dedicated to LEI codes it enables electronic allocation and administration of the LEI code (renewal and transfer of LEI code) and provided the link to search engine of the official worldwide database of all active and lapsed LEI codes.

G01Q019

General description of the CSD and the markets it serves (This section should provide basic, concise descriptions of the services offered and functions performed by the CSD? It should also provide an overview of the markets the CSD serves and the role it fulfils within those markets. Further, the section should include basic data and performance statistics on its services and operations. A CSD should provide, for example, basic volume and value statistics by product type, average aggregate intraday exposures of the CSD to its participants, and statistics on the CSD's operational reliability.)

PFMI: III.1.

CDCP acts as a depository for equities, corporate and government bonds, government treasury bills and other types of book-entry securities. Services provided by the depository are initial recording of securities in book-entry system, providing and maintaining securities accounts at the top tier level, operating a securities settlement system, services related to the settlement service, services related to the notary and central accounts maintenance services including new issue services, allocation and management of ISIN codes, establishing CSD links, providing, maintaining or operating securities accounts in relation to the settlement service, collateral management, other ancillary services and other services such as providing information required by legal regulation, providing information, data and statistics to market/census bureaus or other governmental or inter-governmental entities, keeping the pledge registry, keeping the special registry of collateral transfers, keeping the list of shareholders of registered paper-form shares and services related to allocation and management of LEI codes. CDCP does not provide credit facilities. According to the Act on Securities all issues of dematerialised securities are held at securities depository. As regards the account structure the client may select between omnibus and segregated accounts held at the CSD. The Rules of Operation and the Scale of Fees of CDCP are available to the public on CDCP web page.

CDCP provides its settlement services via Target2-Securities. Thereby is ensured that settlement of DVP/DWP transactions is executed as concurrent final transfer of securities between the

securities accounts and transfer of funds between the cash accounts (dedicated cash accounts) during the day in real time.

Statistics on CDCP services published on company's web site: https://www.cdcp.sk/cdcpweb/en/about-cdcp/information-to-the-public/statistics/

Selected statistical data as of 30 September 2023 (in the nominal value) 120,679,045,760.00 euro

Value of securities held on securities accounts in CDCP: 120, Number of securities issues registered in CDCP registry: 2,971

DvP transfers (January - September 2023) :

Value 10,627,005,654.00 euro; Volume: 8,253 transfers FoP transfers (January - September 2023): Value 31,548,851,753.00 euro; Volume: 7,941 transfers

General organisation of the CSD (This section should provide an overview of the organisational and governance structure of the CSD? including a description of the CSD's governance policies, governance structure and management structure.)

CDCP is a joint-stock, private company fully owned (100%) by the Bratislava Stock Exchange from 16 March 2006, and is regulated by the National Bank of Slovakia. Activities of CDCP are governed by the Act No. 566/2001 Coll. on Securities and Investment services and by the EU Regulation No. 909/2014 CSDR. CDCP governance bodies are the Supervisory Board and the Board of Directors and both convene regularly. Members of the Board are elected by the General Meeting – the supreme governing body. Advisory bodies of the Boards are the Risk Committee, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and also the User Committee which consists of representatives of CDCP Participants, the issuers, employees of CDCP nominated by CDCP BoD, various industry professionals and representative of the Bratislava Stock Exchange. CDCP has implemented required internal documents covering all important areas as Conflict of Interests, Capital Adequacy, Risk Management Policy, Risk Management Strategy and Procedures, Internal Audit Methodology, Business Continuity Plan, Business Recovery Plans and Compliance guidelines. The Annual Report consisting of information on corporate status, statistical data, financial results and further development is published on the CDCP webpage.

G01Q02

Legal and regulatory framework (This section should provide an overview of the CSD's legal and regulatory framework, including the legal and ownership structure of the CSD, the legal basis for each material aspect of the CSD's activities, and the regulatory, supervisory and oversight framework for the CSD.)

PFMI: III.3

AGC: n/a

CDCP SR was established and performs its activities in the jurisdiction of the Slovak Republic and it is fully subject of the Slovak legal regulations, EU regulation (mainly CSDR Regulation) and international agreements legally binding on the Slovak Republic.

Basic legal framework:

- Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories (CSDR) and related delegated and implementation regulations
- Act No. 566/2001 Coll. on securities and investments services and on changes and supplements to some acts
- Separate acts containing the regulation of individual types of securities mainly the Act No. 530/1990 Coll. on bonds as amended, the Act No.203/2011 coll. on collective investment as amended
- Act No.513/1991 Coll. Commercial Act as amended
- Act No.7/2005 Coll. on bankruptcy and resolution and on changes and supplements to some acts
- Act No. 40/1964 Coll. Civil Code as amended
- Act No. 747/2004 Coll. on supervision of financial market and on changes and supplements to some acts as amended

CDCP is 100 % owned by the Bratislava Stock Exchange, j.s.c.

G01Q022

System design and operations (This section should explain the CSD's design and operations. It should include a clear description of the typical lifecycle of the transaction process. The information should highlight how the CSD processes a transaction, including the timeline of events, the validation and checks to which a transaction is subjected, and the responsibilities of the parties involved.)

PFMI: III.4 AGC: n/a

Processing of transactions is fully automated and includes technical and business validation (incl. Account access rights of the person submitting the instruction), matching, allegement, verification and blocking of transferred securities, optimisation and settlement. Fully automatic is also possible maintenance of the instruction. Due to settlement system design, processing of the instruction is fully automated during whole life cycle of the instruction and no intervention of any party (transferor, transferee, person submitting the instruction, CDCP) is required.

G01Q023

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a

G01Q024

I am submitting up-to-date information in response to:

- The AGC questions and a report with only AGC answers will be generated
- The PFMI questions and a report with only PFMI answers will be generated
- Both the AGC and PFMI questions and a report with answers to both questionnaires will be generated

Legal Basis (PFMI Principle 1)

G02Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 1. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P1 AGC: n/a

CDCP performs its activities in the jurisdiction of the Slovak Republic where it is located and it is fully subject to the Slovak legal bindings, the EU regulation (mainly CSDR Regulation and delegated legislation) and the international agreements legally binding in Slovakia. CDCP does not perform a business in multiple jurisdictions. CDCP has determined the law of the Slovak Republic as the applicable law in the frame of the rules governing all its operations, including the securities settlement system. According to collision rules, the rights and obligations of the participants in the settlement system (who carry out securities transactions) are governed by the law of the securities settlement system which in this case is law of the Slovak Republic.

All the rules, contracts are been prepared by legal department of CDCP in order to ensure clear and understandable documents in compliance with the relevant law. The court of the Slovak Republic as the competent court for settling disputes which might occur between contractual parties, including foreign entities, is guaranteed by the legal department of CDCP. For ensuring that all rules, contracts and documents are consistent with the relevant law, control mechanism such as internal audit and internal control applies. In addition, all rules and procedures of CDCP are subject to supervision of the National Bank of Slovakia as the national competent authority.

G02Q002

Under what regulation or statute is the CSD established and governed?

PFMI: n/a AGC: 7

Act on Securities and Investment Services No. 566/2001 Coll. as amended.

Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 and related regulations;

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/392 and the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/394

The Commercial Code (Act No. 513/1991 Coll.)

G02Q003

Is the regulation or statute electronically available?

PFMI: n/a AGC: 7a





G02Q004

If regulation or statute is electronically available, please supply web address(es) here or upload document(s)

AGC: 7b

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A02014R0909-20220622&gid=1695638846093

-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32017R0392

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32017R0394

https://www.slov-lex.sk/pravne-predpisy/SK/ZZ/2001/566/20230601.html (EN version: https://www.nbs.sk/_img/Documents/_Legislativa/_FullWordingsOther/A566-2001.pdf)

https://www.slov-lex.sk/pravne-predpisy/SK/ZZ/1991/513/20230622.html

G02Q005

filecount - Please supply document(s) here:

PFMI: n/a AGC: 7c

G02Q006

What are the material aspects of the CSD's activities that require a high degree of legal certainty (for example, rights and interests in financial instruments, settlement finality, netting, interoperability, immobilisation and dematerialisation of securities, arrangements for DvP, PvP or DvD, collateral arrangements (including margin arrangements), and default procedures)?

PFMI: Q.1.1.1

Regulatory framework (rights and obligations): CDCP is located in the Slovak Republic therefore all activities of CDCP are being performed in jurisdiction of the Slovak Republic and in compliance with the legally binding European Union regulations. In particular, the activities are regulated mostly by Act no. 566/2001 Coll. on Securities and Investment services - "Act on Securities" (SR) and by CSDR Regulation (EU).

Asset protection: Is regulated by CSDR Regulation and has been implemented to CDCP 's rules and procedures. The relevant jurisdiction is the jurisdiction of the Slovak Republic. CDCP observes the requirements regarding the account segregation and protection of the clients in accordance with CSDR.

Settlement Finality: The Finality Directive 98/26/EC and CSDR Regulation have been implemented to the national law (Act on Securities). The relevant jurisdiction is the jurisdiction of the Slovak Republic.

Contractual framework: Individual contracts with the clients contain the provision under which the rights and obligations of the parties are governed by the law of the Slovak Republic and therefore their enforceability is guaranteed within the Slovak jurisdiction. Moreover, the contracts concluded between CDCP and its clients are fully covered by the Rules of Operation, which refer to the law of the Slovak Republic in its provisions with regard to the clients

Default of participants: The Finality Directive 98/26/EC and CSDR Regulation have been implemented to the national law (Act on Securities). The specific rules which take into account the guidelines regarding T2S from the relevant authorities are set in The Rules of Operation, which are binding on CDCP participants.

Immobilisation of securities CDCP does not perform immobilisation of securities.

Collateral arrangements Regulated by the law of the Slovak Republic (mostly by the Act on Securities).

G02Q007

What are the relevant jurisdictions for each material aspect of the CSD's activities?

PFMI: Q.1.1.2

CDCP Slovakia performs its activities in the jurisdiction of the Slovak Republic.

G02Q008

How does the CSD ensure that its legal basis (that is, the legal framework and the CSD's rules, procedures and contracts) provides a high degree of legal certainty for each material aspect of the CSD's activities in all relevant jurisdictions? In particular, how does the CSD ensure that its legal basis supports the immobilisation or dematerialisation of securities and the transfer of securities by book entry? In addition, if the CSD has a netting arrangement, how does the CSD ensure that its legal basis supports the enforceability of that arrangement? Where settlement finality occurs in the CSD, how does the CSD ensure that its legal basis supports the finality of transactions, including those of an insolvent participant? Does the legal basis for the external settlement mechanisms the CSD uses, such as funds transfer or securities transfer systems, also support this finality?

PFMI: Q.1.1.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP SR was established and performs its activities in the jurisdiction of the Slovak Republic and it is fully subject to the Slovak legal bindings, EU regulation (mainly CSDR Regulation and delegated regulations) and international agreements legally binding on the Slovak Republic. According to collision rules contained in the Slovak regulation, the rights and obligations of the participants in the settlement system (who carry out securities transactions) are governed by the law of the settlement system of securities transactions. The Rules of Operation in accordance with the local legislation (Act on Securities) and with concluded contracts are binding for all CDCP's participants. The rules and the contracts further clarify the governing law under which the legal relationship and the settlement system operated by CDCP are governed.

G02Q009

How has the CSD demonstrated that its rules, procedures and contracts are clear and understandable?

PFMI: Q.1.2.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP has determined the Slovak law as the applicable law in the frame of the rules governing its operations, including the settlement system of securities transactions, in particular in the Rules of Operation and in the relevant contracts with clients. The Slovak law as the applicable law is also determined for selected issues according to the Slovak act on securities. All these rules, contracts are prepared by the Legal department of CDCP in order to ensure clear and understandable documents in compliance with the relevant law. CDCP Rules of Operation are publicly available and its changes are always discussed in advance with the CDCP participants. The Compliance Department performs control to ensure that all rules, procedures and contracts comply with the legislation and provides the co-operation when necessary.

G02Q01

How does the CSD ensure that its rules, procedures and contracts are consistent with relevant laws and regulations (for example, through legal opinions or analyses)? Have any inconsistencies been identified and remedied?

PFMI: Q.1.2.2

This is ensured by preparation the documents by the legal department in compliance with the relevant law. There have been no inconsistencies yet. There are also internal control mechanisms (compliance and internal control, internal audit) applied. CDCP is monitoring legislation through the Compliance Department in order to identify new legislation or amendments of legislation, and then implements the relevant changes to its rules, procedures etc. All rules and procedures are subject to supervision by the National Bank of Slovakia.

G02Q011

Are the CSD's rules, procedures and contracts reviewed or assessed by external authorities or entities?

PFMI: Q.1.2.2

AGC: n/a

All rules and procedures are subject to supervision by the National Bank of Slovakia

G02Q012

Do the CSD's rules, procedures and contracts have to be approved before coming into effect? If so, by whom and how?

PFMI: Q.1.2.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP's rules and procedures are always approved before coming into effect by the Board of Directors or General Meeting, depending on character of the rules being approved. Contracts are always signed by two members of the Board of Directors. The CDCP Rules of Operation and the Scale of Fees are always discussed in advance with the user committee (whose members are the CDCP participants and issuers).

G02Q013

How does the CSD articulate the legal basis for its activities to relevant authorities, participants and, where relevant, participants' customers?

PFMI: Q.1.3.1 AGC: n/a

The CDCP publishes the basic information on its website, in particular: a) information that CDCP performs its activities on the basis of the granted authorization and in accordance with the relevant legislation and the scope of CDCP activities; b) CDCP Rules of Operation, which contains the determination of the applicable law which manages the settlement system and other CDCP activities; c) segregation of accounts under the conditions of the CDCP. The CDCP also provides information per request of the authorized person.

G02Q014

How does the CSD achieve a high level of confidence that the rules, procedures and contracts related to its operations are enforceable in all relevant jurisdictions identified in PFMI Principle 1 key consideration 1 (for example, through legal opinions and analyses)?

PFMI: Q.1.4.1 AGC: n/a

The rules, procedures and contracts are governed by the Slovak regulation. In the sense of the contractual relationships (including contracts with foreign entities) the court of the Slovak Republic is the competent court for settling disputes. This is also guaranteed by preparation of the documents by the legal department in compliance with the relevant law.

G02Q015

How does the CSD achieve a high degree of certainty that its rules, procedures and contracts will not be voided, reversed or subject to stays? Are there any circumstances in which a CSD's actions under its rules, procedures or contracts could be voided, reversed or subject to stays? If so, what are those circumstances?

PFMI: Q.1.4.2

CDCP is not aware of any circumstances under which the rules, procedures or contracts could be terminated with the exception of the standard commercial law that allows termination of a contractual relationship and situation where the CDCP may potentially be subject to certain control action by its national authority (the National bank of Slovakia) in relation to its rules and procedures.

G02Q016

Has a court in any relevant jurisdiction ever held any of the CSD's relevant activities or arrangements under its rules and procedures to be unenforceable?

PFMI: Q.1.4.3 AGC: n/a

No

G02Q017

If the CSD is conducting business in multiple jurisdictions, how does the CSD identify and analyse any potential conflict-of-laws issues? When uncertainty exists regarding the enforceability of a CSD's choice of law in relevant jurisdictions, has the CSD obtained an independent legal analysis of potential conflict-of-laws issues? What potential conflict-of-laws issues has the CSD identified and analysed? How has the CSD addressed any potential conflict-of-laws issues?

PFMI: Q.1.5.1

CDCP is not conducting business in multiple jurisdictions, it performs its activities only under the Slovak regulations including legally binding EU regulation.

G02Q018

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

Governance and ownership (PFMI Principle 2)

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 2. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P2 AGC: n/a

CDCP is a private joint-stock company based in territory of the Slovak Republic. Effective from 16 March 2006, Bratislava Stock Exchange has become a 100-percent shareholder of CDCP, as a result of deposit of a state property interest in CDCP business into the Stock Exchange's registered capital.

The governance arrangements of CDCP are specified in the Articles of Association. The Board of Directors includes one non-executive and independent member, and two non-executive and independent members in the Supervisory Board with appropriate skills for their roles. The composition of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board and also the Sole Shareholder of CDCP are published on the official Commercial Register website and it is publicly available. The current governance and management system is presented on CDCP website and provides clear and direct lines of responsibility and accountability.

In compliance with CSDR Regulation, CDCP has established the following committees

Risk Committee – the advisory body of the Board of Directors that provides recommendations and opinions on all issues related to risk management;

- Audit Committee the independent expert advisory body of the Supervisory Board of the company which purpose is to help the Supervisory Board to perform its
 control duties;
- Remuneration Committee the independent expert advisory body of the Supervisory Board and the Board of Directors which purpose is to control and assess remuneration of the employees of CDCP and members of its governing bodies.

The roles, responsibilities and composition of these committees are described in relevant internal statutes. There is also the User Committee through which CDCP regularly consults relevant substantial questions and changes with the participants. The statute on the User Committee is disclosed to the public on the CDCP website.

Another object of the CDCP regulation is conflict of interest. It is based primarily on CSDR requirements and it is managed by compliance officers. The processes of identifying and addressing the conflicts are included in the internal directive on managing of conflicts of interest.

G03Q002 What type of legal entity is the institution?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 3
Public Company
Private Company
Central Bank (or part thereof)
Stock Exchange (or part thereof)
OTHER:
G03Q003 Is the institution operated as a "for profit" or a "not for profit" organization?"
PFMI: n/a AGC: 4
For profit
O Not for profit
G03Q004 Please provide the names of the owners and their ownership interest percentages.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 5
100% the Bratislava Stock Exchange
G03Q005
What is the date of establishment of the CSD?
Please enter the answer in DD/MM/YYYY format.
If you are filling the survey for more than one organization, please enter the name of each organization in different lines and in front of each one the corresponding date.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 6a
1992-12-22 00:00:00

G03Q006
What is the date that the CSD's operations began?
Please enter the answer in DD/MM/YYYY format.
If you are filling the survey for more than one organization, please enter the name of each organization in different lines and in front of each one the corresponding date.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 6b
1993-04-01 00:00:00
G03Q007 Are participants required to contribute capital to the CSD that would result in ownership of the CSD?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 18
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G03Q008 If yes, what fixed amount is required or what formula is used to determine the appropriate contribution level?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 18a.
G03Q009 What are the CSD's objectives, and are they clearly identified? PFMI: Q.2.1.1
G030009 What are the CSD's objectives, and are they clearly identified? PFMI: 0.2.1.1 AGC: n/a
G03Q009 What are the CSD's objectives, and are they clearly identified? PFMI: Q.2.1.1
G03Q009 What are the CSD's objectives, and are they clearly identified? PFMI: Q.2.1.1 AGC: n/a Yes, the objectives are identified in the document CDCP Strategy for the period 2021-2023.
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Security of client's assets, whether these are specific financial instruments or protected information, is of high priority and is inseparably connected to protection of CDCP as such. Important preventive instrument is Information Security Management System, implemented, operated and further developed in compliance with ISO/IEC 27001. CDCP has in place effective measures to protect processed data, information systems and all relating information assets critical for performance of CDCP activities, particularly in sense of securing confidentiality, integrity and availability of data processed electronically, or in other form. Special attention is dedicated to integrity of book—entry securities issues registered in CDCP. Procedures are implemented for prevention and early detection of illegal activity, primarily potential fraud or unauthorised acquiring of protected client's data, and for prevention of legalisation of proceeds of criminal activity and terrorist financing. Independent Compliance Function assures that all CDCP activities are compliant with the regulations. Adequate documents and processes are implemented to manage potential conflict of interests.

What are the governance arrangements under which the CSD's board of directors (or equivalent) and management operate? What are the lines of responsibility and accountability within the CSD? How and where are these arrangements documented?

PFMI: Q.2.2.1 AGC: n/a

The governance arrangements are governed by the Articles of Association. The current scheme of governance and management system is presented on CDCP website and provides clear and direct lines of responsibility and accountability. CDCP has implemented the requirements on the governance arrangements under Regulation CSDR to its documents

G03Q013

For central bank-operated systems, how do governance arrangements address any possible or perceived conflicts of interest? To what extent do governance arrangements allow for a separation of the operator and oversight functions?

PFMI: Q.2.2.2 AGC: n/a

N/A

G03Q014

How does the CSD provide accountability to owners, participants and other relevant stakeholders?

PFMI: Q.2.2.3

The accountability to the CDCP owners is governed mostly by the national legislation (Commercial Code) and by the Articles of Association. The CDCP regularly consults the relevant substantial questions and changes with the its participants, especially in the User Committee. The current CDCP processing implemented CSDR requirements in relation to information provided to participants/user committee

G03Q015

How are the governance arrangements disclosed to owners, relevant authorities, participants and, at a more general level, the public?

PFMI: 0.2.2.4

The scheme of governance and management system of CDCP is publicly available on the CDCP website. The composition of the Board of Directors, Supervisory board and also the Sole Shareholder of the CDCP is published in the Commercial Register website and it is publicly available

What are the roles and responsibilities of the CSD's board of directors (or equivalent), and are they clearly specified? Please provide details of the structure and composition of your Board together with their industry experience and responsibilities in governing the CSD. What are the qualifications to become a board member?

PFMI: Q.2.3.1

The composition of the Board of Directors, Supervisory Board and also the Sole Shareholder of the CDCP is published in the Commercial Register website and it is publicly available. The members of the Board of Directors and Supervisory Board must have good reputation, professional experience in the financial industry. Also the rules regulating conflict of interest and noncompetition are applied to the members in accordance with the relevant regulation. The elementary scope of tasks and obligations of the boards are defined by the legal regulations (Commercial Code, CSDR Regulation) and internal statutes of CDCP.

G03Q017

What are the board's procedures for its functioning, including procedures to identify, address and manage member conflicts of interest? How are these procedures documented, and to whom are they disclosed? How frequently are they reviewed?

PFMI: Q.2.3.2

Management of conflict of interest is based primarily on CSDR requirements. Conflicts of interest are managed by the compliance officers and the processes for identification and addressing of the conflicts are included in the internal directive on managing of conflicts of interest. All potential or real conflicts are identified in a registry and it can be disclosed to the national authority if requested. The conflicts are reviewed at least annually. But the internal directive does not apply to members of the boards. With respect to the board members the specific rules and procedures are included in the Articles of Association and any conflicts of interest are resolved by the competent board or the General Meeting.

G03Q018

What are the election procedures?

Members of the Board of Directors are elected and revoked by the sole shareholder of central depository

What is the maximum length of time a board member can serve?

PFMI: Q.2.3.2

The maximum lenght of time is 5 years. Re-election is possible

How are the voting powers distributed amongst the board members (i.e. does each board member have one vote or do certain members have additional voting power)?

PFMI: Q.2.3.2

Each board member has one vote. In the case of equal votes, the vote of the Chairman of the Board of Director is decisive.

G03Q021

Describe the board committees that have been established to facilitate the functioning of the board. What are the roles, responsibilities and composition of

PFMI: Q.2.3.3

There are Risk Committee. User Committee and Remuneration Committee. The roles, responsibilities and composition of these committees are described in relevant internal statutes. The statute of the User Committee is disclosed to public on the CDCP website.

G03Q022

What are the procedures established to review the performance of the board as a whole and the performance of the individual board members? Who is responsible for regulating the board members?

PFMI: Q.2.3.4

The Supervisory Board of Central depository is responsible for regulating the board as a whole and also for regulating the individual board members. The responsibility is towards the shareholder.

G03Q023

To what extent does the CSD's board have the appropriate skills and incentives to fulfil its multiple roles? How does the CSD ensure that this is the case?

PFMI: Q.2.4.1

Each member of the CDCP board must have an appropriate skill to fulfill his/her role. It is a necessary requirement for their appointment.

What incentives does the CSD provide to board members so that it can attract and retain members of the board with appropriate skills? How do these incentives reflect the long-term achievement of the CSD's objectives?

PFMI: Q.2.4.2

The members of CDCP top management must have a good reputation and experience to ensure the reliable and prudent management of the company. According to article 27 of CSDR Regulation, a person who is not compliant with the requirements should not be a member of boards

G03Q025

Does the board include non-executive or independent board members?

PFMI: Q.2.4.3 AGC: n/a



Yes



12/128

If yes, how many?

PFMI: Q.2.4.3

There is one non-executive and independent member of the Board of Directors, and two non-executive and independent members of the Supervisory Board

If the board includes independent board members, how does the CSD define an independent board member? Does the CSD disclose which board member(s) it regards as independent?

PFMI: Q.2.4.4 AGC: n/a

An Independent board member is definied as a natural person, who does not have any business, family or other relationship with the company, the controlling shareholder, management body or its participants, what would create conflict of interest that could harm the interests of the company. The definition is based on the requirements of the European legislation.

G03Q028

What are the roles and responsibilities of management, and are they clearly specified?

PFMI: Q.2.5.1 AGC: n/a

G03Q029

How are the roles and objectives of management set and evaluated?

PFMI: Q.2.5.2

AGC: n/a

The elementary objectives are set annually for an individual member of the top management and they are regularly evaluated. The members of the management shall report at least once a year on their activities to the CDCP Board of Directors.

G03Q030

To what extent does the CSD's management have the appropriate experience, mix of skills and the integrity necessary for the operation and risk management of the CSD? How does the CSD ensure that this is the case?

PFMI: Q.2.5.3

Every manager must have the appropriate experience in the financial market area and other professional experience. This a mandatory requirement for their appointment. The

G03Q031

What is the process to remove management if necessary?

PFMI: Q.2.5.4

Removal process is governed by the Slovak labor law. So for the members of top management who are not members of the boards at the same time the labor law applies.

G03Q032

What is the risk management framework that has been established by the board?

PFMI: Q.2.6.1 AGC: n/a

The risk management framework is set out in the Risk Management Policy. The Board of Directors, Supervisory Board, Risk Committee, Risk Manager, Company Management, Chief Technology Officer, Internal Audit, Compliance Officer are involved.

How is it documented?

PFMI: Q.2.6.1

It is documented in the Risk Management Policy, internal directives and company statutes.

G03Q034

How does this framework address the CSD's risk tolerance policy, assign responsibilities and accountability for risk decisions (such as limits on risk exposures), and address decision-making in crises and emergencies?

PFMI: Q.2.6.2 AGC: n/a

Risk tolerance policy as well as limits on risk exposures are approved by the Board of Directors based on suggestion of the Risk Manager and Risk exposure limits are updated annually as necessary. At the same time, the Board of Directors annually approves measures to achieve the required risk exposur limits, and their fulfilment is checked on a half-year basis. Decision-making in crises and emergencies is determined in Business Continuity Plans, Recovery Plans and in Procedures for solving the lack of capital.

G03Q035

What is the process for determining, endorsing and reviewing the risk management framework?

PFMI: Q.2.6.3 AGC: n/a

The risk management framework is determined by the Risk Manager, endorsed by the Board of Directors and reviewed by the Internal Audit Department.

What are the roles, responsibilities, authority, reporting lines and resources of the risk management and audit functions?

PFMI: Q.2.6.4

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing effective and efficient risk management system in the Company. Under its sphere of action in the field of risk management it is in particular to:

- a) approve Risk Management Policy and its amendments,
 b) set and regularly review the risk management strategy and procedures,
- of decide on granting and withdrawal of consent to appoint an employee of CDCP to the Risk Manager function, d) adopt effective measures to eliminate identified deficiencies in the Risk Management System, e) ensure sufficient level of own resources to cover existing risk,

- f) create adequate material and financial conditions for risk management in CDCP, g) fulfil other tasks stipulated by the CDCP Articles and the Statute of the Board of Directors.

The Supervisory Board is responsible for monitoring of effectivity and efficiency of the CDCP Risk Management System as such.

The Risk Manager coordinates risk management process in the company, ensures that approved strategy and risk management procedures are implemented and observed, and provides methodical support to other employees with respect to identification, measuring, monitoring and mitigation of risks. Furthermore, under competence of the Risk Manager is to monitor compliance with defined limits for risk exposure of the Company, to prepare opinions on risk aspects of new

products or services, to collect information on risk management in CDCP and submit relevant reports and information to the Board of Directors and to the Supervisory Board. The Risk Manager, in co-operation with responsible risk guarantors, implements regular testing and verification of business continuity plans, recovery plans and procedures for solving lack of capital with aim of updating the necessary, to improve risk management. The Risk Manager performs the function independently from other organisational units and he has direct access to the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board of the Company.

The Risk Committee is the advisory body to the Board of Directors of the Company which provides it with opinions and recommendations related to risk management strategy and risk exposure of CDCP, assesses if all risk which CDCP is exposed to are appropriately managed in the Company and provides support to the Company's Board of Directors in connection with improving the quality of the CDCP Risk Management System.

Internal audit on regular basis inspects and assesses adequacy and effectivity of risk management processes, gives recommendations for elimination of identified insufficiencies, monitors adoption of corrective measures and checks their implementation and effectivity.

G03Q037

How does the board ensure that there is adequate governance surrounding the adoption and use of risk management models? How are these models and the related methodologies validated?

PFMI: Q.2.6.5

Refer to PFMI: Q.2.6.4.

How does the CSD identify and take account of the interests of the CSD's participants and other relevant stakeholders in its decision-making in relation to its design, rules, overall strategy and major decisions?

PFMI: Q.2.7.1 AGC: n/a

The Committee consists of the representatives of CDCP Participants and of the issuers who are compliant with criteria for participation in the Committee, and of the Committee members nominated by CDCP Board of Directors from CDCP employees, or representatives from professionals in the field, and representative of the Bratislava Stock Exchange. The Committee is discussing mainly: proposals for new CDCP services, change and improvement of level of provided CDCP services, change of the Scale of Fees of CDCP and change of the Rules of Operation of CDCP, criteria for accepting of the issuers and participant to securities settlement system operated by CDCP, other key measures of CDCP having impact on the Committee members and the audit results.

How does the board consider the views of direct and indirect participants and other relevant stakeholders on these decisions, for example, are participants included on the risk management committee, on user committees such as a default management group or through a public consultation?

PFMI: Q.2.7.2 AGC: n/a

CDCP complies with the requirements of CSDR Regulation regarding the User Committee and the participants are included in that group. This committee discusses selected substantial issues such as changes to policies, rules, procedures, pricing changes, etc.).

G03Q040

How are conflicts of interest between stakeholders and the CSD identified, and how are they addressed?

PFMI: Q.2.7.2

AGC: n/a

Conflicts of interest are managed by compliance officers and the processes of identifying and addressing is included in the internal directive on managing of conflicts of interest. All potential or real conflicts are identified in the registry. Conflict of interest management is in compliance with the requirements of the CSD Regulation. The conflict of interest may be identified by report from any person who has knowledge on conflict of interest or during review performed by the compliance officers. After any conflict of interest has been raised, the compliance officers notify without any delay the competent person in accordance with the internal directive on managing of conflicts of interest. The conflict of interests in case of the User Committee members is governed separately.

G03Q041

To what extent does the CSD disclose major decisions made by the board to relevant stakeholders and, where appropriate, the public?

PFMI: Q.2.7.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP does not disclose any concrete decisions made by the Board

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group

PFMI: n/a

Comprehensive risk management (PFMI Principle 3)

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 3. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P3

AGC: n/a

CDCP recognizes operational (includes risks of internal processes, information systems, human resources, security risks, risks of business continuity), legal, financial, investment, custody and general business risks. CDCP adopted the Risk Management Policy, internal regulations for management of borne risks and internal regulations for management of risks which bear participants and other CDCP's

customers. CDCP's risk management systems fully respect requirements of the Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU, COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2017/392 of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on authorisation, supervisory and operational requirements for central securities depositories and the Regulation No 236/2012 referred to in article 26 and further provisions. Risk manager reviews and updates risk management policies and procedures annually. Comprehensive risk management cycle is performed on an annual basis too. Fluctuation in risk exposures is taken into account within risk mitigation actions (adjusting of internal controls mechanism). Risks that CDCP bears from and poses to other entities are fully included in CDCP's risk management system. If necessary, CDCP can exercise its right to impose restricted access to services or cancel participation. CDCP takes into consideration also risks to which it is exposed to by external entities (primarily key participants in the settlement systems, external suppliers, other CSDs or other market infrastructures). CDCP maintains catalogue of provided services, including information on maximum tolerable time in case of disruption of the services. Basic objectives, obligations and procedures related possible emergency situation are included in the Business Continuity Policy, Business Continuity Plans, Recovery Plans, Procedures in case of lack of capital, Plan for restructuring of activities and services of CDCP and other internal regulations

Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD

The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses

The CSD assumes liability for direct losses

OTHER:

G04Q002 What types of risk arise in or are borne by the CSD?
PFMI: Q.3.1.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP recognizes:
1. Operational risks include risks, the source of which are deficiencies in internal processes, in information systems, in the failure of human resources or events in the external environment (e.g. an operational risk event at a participant or in the market infrastructure, connection failure, cyber attack from the outside, failure of an external supplier etc.)
Within operational risks, the CDCP distinguishes the following subcategories:
1a. Internal process risks are risks resulting from improperty or incorrectly set internal processes. The occurrence of a risk event can also be caused by an insufficient or ineffective system of internal controls and faulty or missing implementation of valid legal regulations.
1b. Risks of information systems are risks arising from deficiencies in information systems that may result in deterioration, limitation or interruption of CDCP's activities. These shortcomings can be in the form of insufficient computer equipment, insufficient SW / HW capacity, inappropriate connection of systems, failure of technology (information, telecommunications, etc.), information system outsers, incorrect information provided by IS, missing backups etc. This group also includes risks arising from unauthorized or incorrect access to information systems and insufficient security of databases against leakage of protected data.
1c. Human resource risks represent potential impacts caused by inattention, unintentional error, mistake or lack of knowledge of internal processes on the part of employees. This group also includes the possible effects of unauthorized (unauthorized) or even unlawful intentional actions by employees, misuse of information on their part, breach of confidentiality or abuse of their powers. The source of these risks can also be missing key employees, excessive concentration of responsibilities among some employees, employee protest actions, etc.
1 d. Security and environmental risks include risks related to the physical security of the CDCP. Their consequence can be damage to material and financial assets of CDCP (damage, destruction, theft, impairment, etc.), as well as threats to the health and safety of employees and other persons. This subcategory also includes fraud and other attacks directed at the CDCP from the external environment.
1e. Continuity risks represent potential consequences/losses caused by CDCP's inability to ensure the necessary continuity of activities and/or restoration of resources in case of crisis events (unavailability of the building, employees, information technology, financial resources, external services). This group also includes the risk of not being able to handle the process of possible termination of the activity.
1 f. Other operational risks. This group includes all operational risks that do not fall into the previous subcategories.
2. Legal risks are the risks of loss due to a violation or non-fulfilment of a legal standard by the CDCP and the risks of loss due to deficiencies or mistakes in legal actions performed by the CDCP. Legal risks also result from the possible unexpected application of a legal norm or regulation or their unforeseen change; from legal disputes (both passive and active); from CDCP's failure to document, enforce or comply with contractual agreements; from the conclusion of a legally unsatisfactory contract; from insufficient provision of contractually unregulated rights/claims or from the inability to fulfil contractually unregulated obligations.
3. Investment risks are risks resulting from the placement of CDCP funds, or their investment, especially in financial instruments. In terms of the CDCP, these risks are primarily of the nature of credit risk - the inability of the counterparty to fulfil its financial obligations in the agreed manner.
4. General business risk represents, in the terms of the CDCP, the possibility of economic losses resulting from inappropriate or faulty management and operation of the company as a business and from an incorrect business strategy.
5. Custody risk is related to the possible loss of assets that CDCP manages for other entities, mainly due to inappropriately kept records, negligence, fraud, insufficient care or insolvency.
6. Other risks - All other identified risks to which the CDCP is exposed and which cannot be classified in any of the categories 1 to 5 will be included in this category.
G04Q003 Any direct damages or losses to participants caused by the CSD as a result of force majeure events, acts of God, or political events, etc.?
PFMI: Q.3.1.1 AGC: 66x.
O Yes
No
O Not applicable
G04Q004 If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
PFMI: Q.3.1.1 AGC: 66y.

G04Q005
In all cases where the CSD assumes responsibility for direct or indirect or consequential losses, is the CSD's liability limited by a standard of care determination?

PFMI: Q.3.1.1
AGC: 66+

Yes
No

G04Q006

O Not applicable

Please define the standard of care applied:

PFMI: Q.3.1.1 AGC: 66*

G04Q007

What are the CSD's policies, procedures and controls to help identify, measure, monitor and manage the risks that arise in or are borne by the CSD?

PFMI: Q.3.1.2 AGC: n/a

CDCP adopted the Risk Management Policy, internal regulations for management of borne risks and internal regulations for management of risks which bear participants and other CDCP's customers. In principle, the Risk Manager is responsible for identification of risks within the company's processes/areas of activity in its competence, i.e. against which is in the position of a risk guarantor. Identified risks are summarised in a catalogue of risk, which is updated at least on annual basis within a period determined by the CEO proposed by the Risk Manager. The Risk Manager is also required to identify risks arising from the external environment, especially from CDCPs connections (namely key participants, market infrastructures and other central depositories) external suppliers, the market environments, etc.

G04Q008

What risk management systems are used by the CSD to help identify, measure, monitor and manage its range of risks?

PFMI: Q.3.1.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP's risk management systems fully respect requirements of the Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU, COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2017/392 of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on authorisation, supervisory and operational requirements for central securities depositories and the Regulation No 236/2012 referred to in article 26 and further provisions. The Risk Manager and risk guarantors for individual areas mainly participate in identifying the risks that have arisen. Each created risk is registered with detailed data on the accuses of its occurrence, time and place of occurrence, including the events that led to its occurrence, the resulting damage and immediate measures aimed at preventing further similar events.

G04Q009

How do these systems provide the capacity to aggregate exposures across the CSD and, where appropriate, other relevant parties, such as the CSD's participants and their customers?

PFMI: Q.3.1.4 AGC: n/a

Control and risk maps for all processes and business areas were made out. They are revised semi-annually. All arose risk incidents are taken into account when a risk exposure is evaluated. The risk map is compiled from risk catalogues. Risk catalogues are developed for each process / area separately. The catalogue of risks contains mainly following data:

- a) name of the risk
- b) risk category (possibly also the name of the subcategory),
- c) name of the relevant process/area,
- d) name and surname of the risk guarantor, name of the relevant organizational unit,
- e) definition of the source of risk, including information on whether the source is internal or external,
- f) description of possible impacts (including the amount of potential loss/damage)
- g) information on whether the risk is local or systemic (impacts on market functioning),
- h) assessment of the size of the residual risk, i.e. the magnitude of the risk considering all existing mitigation measures; the assessment is carried out by the risk guarantor,
- i) a proposal for measures, in case adopting of measures is necessary in order to reduce relevant risk exposure to an acceptable level, or a description of the measures that are already being implemented and the implementation status.

Interdependencies between individual processes and provided services are also examined and the activities impact analysis is carried out.

G04Q010

What is the process for developing, approving and maintaining risk management policies, procedures and systems?

PFMI: Q.3.1.5 AGC: n/a

Risk manager is responsible for developing risk management policies, procedures and systems. The Risk Management System and policies are regularly reviewed and updated. Policies and other internal regulations related to the risk management are approved by the Board of Directors.

How does the CSD assess the effectiveness of risk management policies, procedures and systems?

PFMI: Q.3.1.6

The assessment of effectiveness of risk management policies, procedures and systems is performed by the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board on the basis of semi-annual risk reports. Measures to achieve the required risk exposure limits are subject to control, and at the same time, other measures are taken to improve the risk managament system.

G04Q012

How frequently are the risk management policies, procedures and systems reviewed and updated by the CSD? How do these reviews take into account fluctuation in risk intensity, changing environments and market practices?

PFMI: Q.3.1.7 AGC: n/a

Risk Manager reviews and updates the Risk Management Policies and procedures annually. Comprehensive risk management cycle is performed on an annual basis too. Fluctuation in risk exposures is taken into account within risk mitigation actions (adjusting of internal controls mechanism) and business continuity plans, recovery plans and procedures in case of lack of capital are tested annually. Test results are incorporated in updated plans.

G04Q013

What information does the CSD provide to its participants and, where relevant, their customers to enable them to manage and contain the risks they pose to the CSD?

PFMI: Q.3.2.1

Participants and clients are required to meet the criteria and requirements contained in the Rules of Operation. If irregularities are found out or incidents occurred, CDCP is empowered to call for appropriate measures or impose sanctions

What incentives does the CSD provide for participants and, where relevant, their customers to monitor and manage the risks they pose to the CSD?

PFMI: Q.3.2.2 AGC: n/a

On annual basis, CDCP submits to participants a questionnaire composed of questions related to the management of their own risks that might pose risks also for CDCP, CDCP evaluates this questionnaire accordingly and submits it to the Board of Directors.

G04Q015

How does the CSD design its policies and systems so that they are effective in allowing their participants and, where relevant, their customers to manage and contain their risks?

PFMI: Q.3.2.3

The system is based on regularity and consistency. CDCP systematically identifies, measures, manages and monitors all risks faced by participants and clients regarding the use of CDCP services. On request, CDCP provides necessary information to participants and clients

G04Q016

How does the CSD identify the material risks that it bears from and poses to other entities as a result of interdependencies? What material risks has the CSD identified?

PFMI: Q.3.3.1 AGC: n/a

By regular monitoring, recording and evaluation. Risks that CDCP bears from and poses to other entities are fully included in CDCP's risk management system. If necessary, CDCP can exercise its right to impose restricted access to services or cancel participantship.

G04Q017

How are these risks measured and monitored? How frequently does the CSD review these risks?

PFMI: Q.3.3.2 AGC: n/a

Risks are assessed by management as well as by the risk manager. All risk incidents are recorded, the significance is evaluated and the corrective actions are monitored. The risk manager is responsible. Complete risk management cycle is performed annually or more frequently, depending on the significance.

G04Q018

What risk management tools are used by the CSD to address the risks arising from interdependencies with other entities?

PFMI: Q.3.3.3

AGC: n/a

Risks arising from interdependencies are an ordinary part of risks treated within the regular risk management cycle.

G04Q019

How does the CSD assess the effectiveness of these risk management tools? How does the CSD review the risk management tools it uses to address these risks? How frequently is this review conducted?

PFMI: Q.3.3.4

Internal audit carries out regular inspections of risk management tools and their effectiveness, and implements the frequency of inspections according to current needs

G04Q020

How does the CSD identify scenarios that may potentially prevent the CSD from providing its critical operations and services? What scenarios have been identified as a result of these processes?

PFMI: Q.3.4.1 AGC: n/a

Identification of scenarios as a result of regular risk monitoring. The following scenarios were identified: damage to the building, various kind of IT failures, failure of a critical provider, absence of key employees and the unavailability of other adequate human resources, shortage of the capital and withdrawal of CSD license. For all the scenarios a Business Continuity Plan or a Recovery Plan is in place.

G04Q021

How do these scenarios take into account both independent and related risks to which the CSD is exposed?

PFMI: Q.3.4.2

All continuously identified risks resulting from the identified scenarios are considered in document revisions

G04Q022

What plans does the CSD have for its recovery or orderly wind-down?

PFMI: Q.3.4.3 AGC: n/a

Refer to PFMI: Q.3.4.1

G04Q023

How do the CSD's key recovery or orderly wind-down strategies enable the CSD to continue to provide critical operations and services?

PFMI: Q.3.4.4

AGC: n/a

The information is confidential

G04Q024 How are the plans for the CSD's recovery and orderly wind-down reviewed and updated? How frequently are the plans reviewed and updated?	
PFMI: Q.3.4.5 AGC: n/a	
CSD recovery and orderly wind-down plans are subject to internal audit and Risk Manager review. The plans are reviewed annually by the BC manager.	
G04Q025 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.	
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a	
Credit risk (PFMI Principle 4)	
G050001 Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 4. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)	
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P4 AGC: n/a	
CDCP does not have a banking licence, thus it does not offer (intraday) credits to cover payment obligations in the settlement process. Therefore CDCP is not exposed to the credit risk in the securities settlement system. CDCP does not offer intraday or other type of credit for settling of trade, neither it guarantees settlement of the trade as CDCP does not act as the central counterparty.	
G05Q002 Does the CSD have a banking license?	
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a	
O Yes	
• No	
G05Q003 Irrespective of whether or not the CSD has a banking license, can it offer cash accounts and/or credit to its participants?	
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a	
O Yes	
No	
G05Q004 Please explain:	
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a	
	Ξ
G05Q005 What is the CSD's framework for managing credit exposures, including current and potential future exposures, to its participants and arising from its payment clearing and settlement processes?	,
PFMI: Q.4.1.1 AGC: n/a	
CDCP does not have special framework for management of the credit risk as CDCP is not exposed to such risk during securities settlement.	

G05Q006 How frequently is the framework reviewed to reflect the changing environment, market practices and new products?
PFMI: Q.4.1.2 AGC: n/a
n/a
G05Q007 How does the CSD identify sources of credit risk? What are the sources of credit risk that the CSD has identified?
PFMI: Q.4.2.1 AGC: n/a
Credit risks come from issuers, participants and individual account holders as they could not be able pay for provided services. CDCP is not exposed to any other credit risk.
G05Q008 How does the CSD measure and monitor credit exposures? How frequently does and how frequently can the CSd recalculate these exposures? How timely is the information?
PFMI: Q.4.2.2 AGC: n/a
N/A
G05Q009 What tools does the CSD use to control identified sources of credit risk (for example, offering an RTGS or DvP settlement mechanism, limiting net debits or intraday credit, establishing concentration limits, or marking positions to market on a daily or intraday basis)? How does the CSd measure the effectiveness of these tools?
PFMI: Q.4.2.3 AGC: n/a
CDCP provides settlement on DVP principle (Model 1) and via RTGS mechanism. CDCP does not offer any credits to its participants and effectivity of these tools is regularly measured by default reports on settlement or settlement fails.
G05Q010 How does the SSS cover its current and, where they exist, potential future exposures to each participant? What is the composition of the CSD's financial resources used to cover these exposures? How accessible are these financial resources?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP does not provide the participants in the settlement system with any credit, neither it guarantees the settlement. Therefor CDCP does not have financial reserve to be used to fulfil payment obligations of defaulted member.
G05Q011 Does the CSD have a guaranty fund independent of stock exchange or other market guarantees?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78
○ Yes
● No
○ Not applicable
G05Q012 If yes, please respond to the following questions: What is the size of the fund?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78a.

G05Q013 How is the size of the fund determined?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78b.
O By participant volume
O By asset value
O A fixed amount
G05Q014 How is the fund financed?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78d.
Contributions from owner
Contributions from participants
Funding from retained earnings
Other: N/A
G05Q015 If so, what is the amount or percentage per owner?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78e.
G05Q016 If so, what is the amount or percentage per participant?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78I.
G05Q017 Who is covered by the fund?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78h.
☐ Direct CSD participants only
The beneficial owner also
✓ OTHER: N/A
G05Q018 When is the guaranty fund used?
PFMI: Q.4.3.1 AGC: 78j.
When a broker defaults
When a direct participant defaults
✓ OTHER: N/A

G05Q019 To what extent do these financial resources cover the payment system's or SSS's current and potential future exposures fully with a high degree of confidence? How frequently does the payment system or SSS evaluate the sufficiency of these financial resources?
PFMI: 0.4.3.2 AGC: n/a
CDCP does not provide the participants in the settlement system with any credit, neither it gurarantees the settlement. Therefor CDCP does not have financial reserve to be used to fulfil payment obligations of defaulted member.
G05Q020 If the payment system or SSS is a DNS system in which there is no settlement guarantee, do its participants face credit exposures arising from the payment, clearing and settlement processes? If there are credit exposures in the system, how does the system monitor and measure these exposures?
PFMI: Q.4.3.3 AGC: n/a
n/a - CDCP does not operate DNS SSS
G05Q021 Does the CSD have insurance to cover losses in the event of Default on settlement commitments by the CSD or a participant?
PFMI: Q.4.3.3 AGC: 91
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G05Q022 What is the amount of the coverage?
PFMI: Q.4.3.3 AGC: 91a
G05Q023 What is the amount of the deductible?
PFMI: Q.4.3.3 AGC: 91b
G05Q024 Please explain other loss or default protections:
PFMI: Q.4.3.3 AGC: 79a
N/A
G05Q025 Does the CSD accept liability (independent of any insurance coverage) for the following: Any direct damages or losses to participants caused by the CSD in its capacity as a central counterparty?
PFMI: Q.4.3.3 AGC: 66q.
○ Yes
○ No
Not applicable

G05Q026 If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
PFMI: Q.4.3.3 AGC: 66r.
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
OTHER:
G05Q027 If the payment system or SSS is a DNS system in which there is no settlement guarantee and has credit exposures among its participants, to what extent does the payment system's or SSS's financial resources cover, at a minimum, the default of the two participants and their affiliates that would create the largest aggregate credit exposure in the system? PFMI: Q4.3.4
AGC: n/a
n/a - CDCP does not operate DNS SSS
G05Q028 How do the CSD's rules and procedures explicitly address any credit losses it may face as a result of any individual or combined default among its participants with respect to any of their obligations to the CSD? How do the CSD's rules and procedures address the allocation of uncovered credit losses and in what order, including the repayment of any funds a CSD may borrow from liquidity providers?
PFMI: Q.4.7.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP does not provide the participants with credits so it is not exposed to the credit risk in case of participant's default. CDCP does not borrow cash funds to settle trades in case of participant's default, neither it gurarantees the settlement.
G05Q029 What are the CSD's rules and procedures on the replenishment of the financial resources that are exhausted during a stress event?
PFMI: Q.4.7.2 AGC: n/a
n/a - CDCP does not use own or borrowed financial resources to fulfil the obligation for defaulted participant.
G05Q030 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a
Collateral (PFMI Principle 5)
G06Q001 Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 5. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P5 AGC: 35c
CDCP does not require collateral as it did not identifie the credit risk.

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How does the CSD determine whether a specific asset can be accepted as collateral, including collateral that will be accepted on an exceptional basis? How does the CSD determine what qualifies as an exceptional basis? How frequently does the CSD adjust these determinations? How frequently does the CSD accept collateral on an exceptional basis, and does it place limits on its acceptance of such collateral?

PFMI: Q.5.1.1 AGC: n/a

n/a

How does the CSD monitor the collateral that is posted so that the collateral meets the applicable acceptance criteria?

PFMI: Q.5.1.2

n/a

G06Q004

How does the CSD identify and mitigate possible specific wrong-way risk, for example, by limiting the collateral it accepts (including collateral concentration limits)?

PFMI: Q.5.1.3 AGC: n/a

n/a

How frequently does the CSD mark its collateral to market, and does it do so at least daily?

PFMI: Q.5.2.1

n/a

G06Q006

To what extent is the CSD authorised to exercise discretion in valuing assets when market prices do not represent their true value?

PFMI: Q.5.2.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G06Q007

How does the CSD determine haircuts?

PFMI: Q.5.2.3 AGC: n/a

n/a

G06Q008

How does the CSD test the sufficiency of haircuts and validate its haircut procedures, including with respect to the potential decline in the assets' value in stressed market conditions involving the liquidation of collateral? How frequently does the CSD complete this test?

PFMI: Q.5.2.4

G	n۶	\cap	n	na

How does the CSD identify and evaluate the potential procyclicality of its haircut calibrations? How does the CSD consider reducing the need for procyclical adjustments – for example, by incorporating periods of stressed market conditions during the calibration of haircuts?

PFMI: Q.5.3.1 AGC: n/a

n/a

G06Q010

What are the CSD's policies for identifying and avoiding concentrated holdings of certain assets in order to limit potential adverse price effects at liquidation? What factors (for example, adverse price effects or market conditions) are considered when determining these policies?

PFMI: Q.5.4.1

n/a

G06Q011

How does the CSD review and evaluate concentration policies and practices to determine their adequacy? How frequently does the CSD review and evaluate these policies and practices?

PFMI: Q.5.4.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G060013

What are the legal, operational, market and other risks that the CSD faces by accepting cross-border collateral? How does the CSD mitigate these risks?

PFMI: Q.5.5.1

n/a

G06Q013

How does the CSD ensure that cross-border collateral can be used in a timely manner?

PFMI: Q.5.5.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G06Q01

What are the primary features of the CSD's collateral management system?

PFMI: Q.5.6.1 AGC: n/a

n/a

G06Q015

How and to what extent does the CSD track the reuse of collateral and its rights to the collateral provided?

PFMI: Q.5.6.2 AGC: n/a

G06Q016

How and to what extent does the CSD's collateral management system accommodate changes in the ongoing monitoring and management of collateral?

PFMI: Q.5.6.3 AGC: n/a

n/a

G06Q017

To what extent is the collateral management system staffed to ensure smooth operations even during times of market stress?

PFMI: Q.5.6.4 AGC: n/a

n/a

G06Q018

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group

PFMI: n/a

Liquidity risk (PFMI Principle 7)

G07Q00

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 7. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P7 AGC: n/a

AGC: n/a

CDCP is not directly exposed to the liquidity risk. The participants can be exposed to the liquidity risk is limited by providing the settlement services via T2S, settlement in central bank money and application of RTGS principle, use of DVP method and different incentives for early settlement (night settlement and surcharge for day-time settlement). CDCP provides its participants with tool for tracking their obligations and claims resulting from settlement of their instructions via automatic processing of the instruction and automatic delivery of information (a) on each change of processing and settlement status of instruction and (b) on their cash obligations and claims resulting from settlement, whereas this information is available also for the payment banks.

G07Q002

What is the CSD's framework for managing its liquidity risks, in all relevant currencies, from its participants, settlement banks, nostro agents, custodian banks, liquidity providers and other entities?

PFMI: Q.7.1.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of the settlement system it operates in relation to any of specified parties as CDCP does not guarantee settlement. In case any participant shall not deliver required cash, instructions of that participant shall not settle.

G07Q003

What are the nature and size of the CSD's liquidity needs, and the associated sources of liquidity risks, that arise in the CSD in all relevant currencies?

PFMI: Q.7.1.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G07Q004

How does the CSD take into account the potential aggregate liquidity risk presented by an individual entity and its affiliates that may play multiples roles with respect to the CSD?

PFMI: Q.7.1.3 AGC: n/a

What operational and analytical tools does the CSD have to identify, measure and monitor settlement and funding flows?

PFMI: Q.7.2.1 AGC: n/a

n/a

G07Q006

How does the CSD use those tools to identify, measure and monitor its settlement and funding flows on an ongoing and timely basis, including its use of intraday liquidity?

PFMI: Q.7.2.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G07Q007

How does the payment system or SSS determine the amount of liquid resources in all relevant currencies to effect same day settlement and, where appropriate, intraday or multiday settlement of payment obligations? What potential stress scenarios (including, but not limited to, the default of the participant and its affiliates that would generate the largest aggregate payment obligation in extreme but plausible market conditions) does the payment system or SSS use to make this determination?

PFMI: Q.7.3.1

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore, CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q008

What is the estimated size of the liquidity shortfall in each currency that the payment system or SSS would need to cover?

PFMI: Q.7.3.2 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. CDCP is not monitoring potential lack of liquidity in EUR - the settlement currency.

G07Q009

How does the CCP determine the amount of liquid resources in all relevant currencies to settle securities-related payments, make required variation margin payments and meet other payment obligations on time? What potential stress scenarios (including, but not limited to, the default of the participant and its affiliates that would generate the largest aggregate payment obligation in extreme but plausible market conditions) does the CCP use to make this determination?

PFMI: Q.7.4.1 AGC: n/a

n/a

G07Q010

What is the estimated size of the liquidity shortfall in each currency that would need to be covered, following the default of the participant and its affiliates that would generate the largest aggregate payment obligation to the CCP in extreme but plausible market conditions? How frequently does the CCP estimate this?

PFMI: Q.7.4.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G07Q011

Do any of the CCP's activities have a more complex risk profile (such as clearing financial instruments that are characterised by discrete jump-to-default price changes or that are highly correlated with potential participant defaults)? Is the CCP systemically important in multiple jurisdictions?

PFMI: Q.7.4.3 AGC: n/a

If the CCP is involved in activities with a more complex risk profile or is systemically important in multiple jurisdictions, has the CCP considered maintaining additional resources sufficient to cover a wider range of stress scenarios that would include the default of the two participants and their affiliates that would generate the largest aggregate payment obligation to the CCP in extreme but plausible market conditions?

PFMI: Q.7.4.4 AGC: n/a

n/a

G07O013

What is the size and composition of the CSD's qualifying liquid resources in each currency that is held by the CSD? In what manner and within what time frame can these liquid resources be made available to the CSD?

PFMI: Q.7.5.1 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q014

What prearranged funding arrangements has the CSD established to convert its readily available collateral and investments into cash? How has the CSD established that these arrangements would be highly reliable in extreme but plausible market conditions? Has the CSD identified any potential barriers to accessing its liquid resources?

PFMI: Q.7.5.2

AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q015

If the CSD has access to routine credit at the central bank of issue, what is the CSD's relevant borrowing capacity for meeting its minimum liquid resource requirement in that currency?

PFMI: Q.7.5.3 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q016

To what extent does the size and the availability of the CSD's qualifying liquid resources cover its identified minimum liquidity resource requirement in each currency to effect settlement of payment obligations on time?

PFMI: Q.7.5.4 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q017

What is the size and composition of any supplemental liquid resources available to the CSD?

PFMI: Q.7.6.1

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q018

How and on what basis has the CSD determined that these assets are likely to be saleable or acceptable as collateral to obtain the relevant currency, even if this cannot be reliably prearranged or guaranteed in extreme market conditions?

PFMI: Q.7.6.2

AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

What proportion of these supplemental assets qualifies as potential collateral at the relevant central bank?

PFMI: Q.7.6.3 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement. CDCP does not have access to central bank liquidity

G07Q020

In what circumstances would the CSD use its supplemental liquid resources in advance of, or in addition to, using its qualifying liquid resources?

PFMI: Q.7.6.4

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q021

To what extent does the size and availability of the CSD's supplemental liquid resources, in conjunction with its qualifying liquid resources, cover the relevant liquidity needs identified through the CSD's stress test programme for determining the adequacy of its liquidity resources (see key consideration 9)?

PFMI: Q.7.6.5

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q022

Does the CSD use a liquidity provider to meet its minimum required qualifying liquidity resources? Who are the CSD's liquidity providers? How and on what basis has the CSD determined that each of these liquidity providers has sufficient information to understand and to manage their associated liquidity risk in each relevant currency on an ongoing basis, including in stressed conditions?

PFMI: Q.7.7.1

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. CDCP does not have any liquidity provider, from who it could receive sources required to finalize securities

How has the CSD determined that each of its liquidity providers has the capacity to perform on its commitment in each relevant currency on an ongoing basis?

PFMI: Q.7.7.2 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. CDCP does not have any liquidity provider, from who it could receive sources required to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q024

How does the CSD take into account a liquidity providers potential access to credit at the central bank of issue?

PFMI: Q.7.7.3 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. CDCP does not have any liquidity provider, from who it could receive sources required to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q025

How does the CSD regularly test the timeliness and reliability of its procedures for accessing its liquid resources at a liquidity provider?

PFMI: Q.7.7.4 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. CDCP does not have any liquidity provider, from who it could receive sources required to finalize securities settlement.

To what extent does the CSD currently have, or is the CSD eligible to obtain, access to accounts, payment services and securities services at each relevant central bank that could be used to conduct its payments and settlements and to manage liquidity risks in each relevant currency?

PFMI: Q.7.8.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP has access to the cash accounts (DCA) administered by the central bank for the participant and is ancillary participant in the payment system operated by the central bank.

G07Q027

To what extent does the CSD use each of these services at each relevant central bank to conduct its payments and settlements and to manage liquidity risks in each relevant currency?

PFMI: 0.782

CDCP is using accounts opened by the central bank (DCA) for the participants in the cash leg of the settlement process.

G07Q028

If the CSD employs services other than those provided by the relevant central banks, to what extent has the CSD analysed the potential to enhance the management of liquidity risk by expanding its use of central bank services?

PFMI: Q.7.8.3 AGC: n/a

n/a

What, if any, practical or other considerations to expanding its use of relevant central bank services have been identified by the CSD?

PFMI: Q.7.8.4

n/a

G07Q030

How does the CSD use stress testing to determine the amount and test the sufficiency of its liquid resources in each currency? How frequently does the CSD stress-test its liquid resources?

PFMI: Q.7.9.1 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement and is not making stress test.

What is the process for reporting on an ongoing basis the results of the CSD's liquidity stress tests to appropriate decision-makers at the CSD? for the purpose of supporting their timely evaluation and adjustment of the size and composition of the CSD's liquidity resources and liquidity risk management framework?

PFMI: Q.7.9.2

AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement and is not making stress test.

G07Q032

What scenarios are used in the stress tests, and to what extent do they take into account a combination of peak historic price volatilities, shifts in other market factors such as price determinants and yield curves, multiple defaults over various time horizons, simultaneous pressures in funding and asset markets, and a spectrum of forward-looking stress scenarios in a variety of extreme but plausible market conditions?

PFMI: Q.7.9.3

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement and is not making stress test.

To what extent do the scenarios and stress tests take into account the CSD's particular payment and settlement structure (for example, real-time gross or deferred net, with or without a settlement guarantee, DVP model 1, 2 or 3 for SSSs), and the liquidity risk that is borne directly by the CSD? by its participants, or both?

PFMI: Q.7.9.4 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement and is not making stress test.

G07Q034

To what extent do the scenarios and stress tests take into account the nature and size of the liquidity needs, and the associated sources of liquidity risks, that arise in the CSD to settle its payment obligations on time, including the potential that individual entities and their affiliates may play multiples roles with respect to the CSD?

PFMI: Q.7.9.5

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement and is not making stress test.

G07Q035

How frequently does the CSD assess the effectiveness and appropriateness of stress test assumptions and parameters? How does the CSD's stress test programme take into account various conditions, such as a sudden and significant increase in position and price volatility, position concentration, change in market liquidity, and model risk including shift of parameters?

PFMI: Q.7.9.6 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement and is not making stress test.

G07Q036

How does the CSD validate its risk management model? How frequently does it perform this validation?

PFMI: Q.7.9.7

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement and is not making stress test.

G07Q037

Where and to what extent does the CSD document its supporting rationale for, and its governance arrangements relating to, the amount and form of its total liquid resources?

PFMI: Q.7.9.8

AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. Therefore CDCP is not holding any liquid sources that could be used to finalize securities settlement.

G07Q038

How do the CSD's rules and procedures enable it to settle payment obligations on time following any individual or combined default among its participants?

PFMI: Q.7.10.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP shall settle the instruction, or payment obligations, after individual / combined default of the participants in case sufficient cash is in relevant account and settlement is possible according to the settlement day schedule.

How do the CSD's rules and procedures address unforeseen and potentially uncovered liquidity shortfalls and avoid unwinding, revoking or delaying the same day settlement of payment obligations?

PFMI: Q.7.10.2

According to the settlement system rules the instructions that could not be settled due to lack of cash resources on ISD are recycled on next operation day. Settlement of instructions is final, i.e. payment obligations can't be returned or their settlement revoked.

G07Q040

How do the CSD's rules and procedures allow for the replenishment of any liquidity resources employed during a stress event?

PFMI: Q.7.10.3 AGC: n/a

N/A CDCP did not identify liquidity risk of securities settlement system it operates. CDCP does not have any liquidity provider, from who it could receive sources required to finalize securities settlement.

G06Q041

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group

PFMI: n/a

Settlement finality (PFMI Principle 8)

G08Q015

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a

G08Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 8. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P8

AGC: n/a

CDCP is providing its settlement services via T2S. That ensures that DVP/DWP transactions settlement is concurrent final transfer of securities between the securities accounts and transfer of cash funds between the cash accounts (dedicated cash accounts) during the day in real time.

G08Q002

At what point is the settlement of a payment, transfer instruction or other obligation final, meaning irrevocable and unconditional? Is the point of settlement finality defined and documented? How and to whom is this information disclosed?

PFMI: Q.8.1.1

The settlement is final and irrevocable when relevant transaction is made in the settlement system (transfer of securities between the accounts of the transferor and transferee and in case of DVP also transfer of cash funds between cash accounts of the participants, or their settlement banks). This issue is clearly described in the Rules of Operation that are available to the public.

G08Q00

How does the CSD's legal framework and rules, including the applicable insolvency law(s), acknowledge the discharge of a payment, transfer instruction or other obligation between the CSD and its participants, or between participants?

PFMI: Q.8.1.2 AGC: n/a

CDCP is providing its settlement services via T2S and the settlement of the instruction is finished and irrevocable upon its settlement in T2S. The finishing of the settlement is provided through a fully automatic process in the CDCP system, and follows immediately after receipt of the confirmation of the settlement of the instruction from T2S. T2S is sending messages on different phases of the settlement process to CDCP/CDCP participant.

G08Q004

How does the CSD demonstrate that there is a high degree of legal certainty that finality will be achieved in all relevant jurisdictions (for example, by obtaining a well reasoned legal opinion)?

PFMI: Q.8.1.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP is providing its settlement services via T2S whereby it is ensured that settlement finality is compliant with the T2S documentation, also in case of cross-CSD settlement. The settlement is final and irrevocable when relevant transaction is made in the settlement system (transfer of securities between the accounts of the transfer or and transferee, and in case of DVP also transfer of cash funds between cash accounts of the participants, or their settlement banks). This issue is clearly described in the Rules of Operation that are available to the public. Each link to another CDS is assessed by the European Central Bank. CDCP has no link to foreign CSD nowadays.

G08Q005

How does the CSD ensure settlement finality in the case of linkages with other CSD?? a) For an SSS, how is consistency of finality achieved between the SSS and, if relevant, the LVPS where the cash leg is settled? b) For a CCP for cash products, what is the relation between the finality of obligations in the CCP and the finality of the settlement of the CCP claims and obligations in other systems, depending on the rules of the relevant CSD/SSS and payment system?

PFMI: Q.8.1.4 AGC: n/a

CDCP is providing its settlement services via Target2-Securities whereby it is ensured that settlement finality also in case of cross-CSD settlement in compliance with T2S documentation

GUSCUUS

Is the CSD designed to complete final settlement on the value date (or same day settlement)? How does the CSD ensure that final settlement occurs no later than the end of the intended value date?

PFMI: Q.8.2.1

Yes, CDCP settles the instructions in batches (night settlement) and in real time in compliance with T2S principles. That is ensured by the system which is providing the settlement process on fully automatic basis.

G08Q007

Has the CSD ever experienced deferral of final settlement to the next business day that was not contemplated by its rules, procedures or contracts? If so, under what circumstances? If deferral was a result of the CSD's actions, what steps have been taken to prevent a similar situation in the future?

PFMI: Q.8.2.2 AGC: n/a

No. CDCP did not experience such situation

G08Q008

Does the CSD provide intraday or real-time final settlement? If so, how? How are participants informed of the final settlement?

PFMI: Q.8.2.3

CDCP is provides only final settlement in real time. That is ensured by the system which is providing the settlement process on fully automatic basis. The participants are informed automatically via "Settlement confirmation" notification.

G08Q009

If settlement occurs through multiple-batch processing, what is the frequency of the batches and within what time frame do they operate? What happens if a participant does not have enough funds or securities at the settlement time? Are transactions entered in the next batch? If so, what is the status of those transactions and when would they become final?

PFMI: Q.8.2.4 AGC: n/a

Batch processing is made in compliance with the T2S schedule for night settlement. In case of lack of funds or securities the instructions are postponed to next batch or to real time settlement. As long as the transaction is not settled, its status is "unsettled", or waiting for settlement.

G08Q010

If settlement does not occur intraday or in real time, how has the LVPS or SSS considered the introduction of either of these modalities?

PFMI: Q.8.2.5 AGC: n/a

G08Q011

How does the CSD define the point at which unsettled payments, transfer instructions or other obligations may not be revoked by a participant? How does the CSD prohibit the unilateral revocation of accepted and unsettled payments, transfer instructions or obligations after this time?

PFMI: Q.8.3.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP defines the moment of irrevocability, which is given by the moment when the instructions are matched. From that moment is possible only to cancel the settlement instruction bilaterally. The system control shall assure that unilateral cancellation of the instruction is not possible.

G08Q012

Under what circumstances can an instruction or obligation accepted by the system for settlement still be revoked (for example, queued obligations)? How can an unsettled payment or transfer instruction be revoked? Who can revoke unsettled payment or transfer instructions?

PFMI: Q.8.3.2 AGC: n/a

The instruction can be cancelled as long it is not settled, or is not being settled. Cancellation of the instruction is possible through the system by respective instruction in sense of ISO 20022. Instruction can be cancelled by

a) person who placed the instruction (trading venue, participant) under conditions set for the bilateral cancelation,

b) CDCP after lapse of the defined recycling period for matched instructions (60 business days).

G08Q013

Under what conditions does the CSD allow exceptions and extensions to the revocation deadline?

PFMI: Q.8.3.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP does not allow exceptions and extensions to the cancellation deadlines.

Where does the CSD define this information? How and to whom is this information disclosed?

PFMI: Q.8.3.4 AGC: n/a

This information is defined in the publicly available Settlement System Rules.

Money settlements (PFMI Principle 9)

G09Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 9. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P9

AGC: n/a

CDCP conducts cash settlement only in central bank money via the dedicated cash accounts opened in T2S for purpose of settlement of cash instruction resulting from the instructions settled in T2S. CDCP conducts cash settlement in T2S settlement currencies (nowadays only EUR, prepared for potential settlement in DKK)

G09Q002 How does the CSD conduct money settlements? If the CSD conducts settlement in multiple currencies, how does the CSD conduct money settlement in each currency?
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP conducts cash settlement only in central bank money and only in T2S settlement currencies.
G09Q003 Who accepts cash deposits (or makes payment credit accommodations) for CSD transactions?
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: 31
□ CSD
Central Bank
Banks appointed by CSD
Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)
Not applicable
OTHER:
G09Q004 Please indicate the name of the banks appointed by the CSD
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: 31a
G09Q005 Who processes cash clearing (or draws on credit lines, if applicable) for CSD transactions?
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: 32
□ CSD
Central Bank
Banks appointed by the CSD
Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)
Not applicable
OTHER:
G09Q006 Please name banks appointed by the CSD
PFMI: O.9.1.1 AGC: 32a
G09Q007 Who controls the movement of cash for cash deposits (or draws on credit lines, if applicable)?
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: 33, 33b
□ CSD
Central Bank
Banks appointed by CSD
Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)
Not applicable
OTHER:

G09Q008 Please name banks appointed by the CSD
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: 33a
n/a
G09Q009 Who controls the movement of cash for cash clearing (or for draws on credit lines, if applicable)?
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: 34
□ csd
Central Bank
Banks appointed by CSD Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)
Not applicable
OTHER:
G09Q010 Please name banks appointed by CSD
PFMI: Q.9.1.1 AGC: 34a
n/a
G090011 If the CSD does not settle in central bank money, why is that? PFMI: Q.9.1.2
AGC: n/a
G09Q012 If central bank money is not used, how does the CSD assess the credit and liquidity risks of the settlement asset used for money settlement?
PFMI: Q.9.2.1 AGC: n/a
n/a
G09Q013 If the CSD settles in commercial bank money, how does the CSD select its settlement banks? What are the specific selection criteria the CSD uses?
PFMI: Q.9.2.2 AGC: n/a
n/a
G09Q014 How does the CSD monitor the settlement banks adherence to criteria it uses for selection? For example, how does the CSD evaluate the banks regulation, supervision, creditworthiness, capitalisation, access to liquidity and operational reliability?
PFMI: 0.9.3.1 AGC: n/a
n/a

G09Q015

How does the CSD monitor, manage and limit its credit and liquidity risks arising from the commercial settlement banks? How does the CSD monitor and manage the concentration of credit and liquidity exposures to these banks?

PFMI: Q.9.3.2 AGC: n/a

G09Q016

How does the CSD assess its potential losses and liquidity pressures as well as those of its participants if there is a failure of its largest settlement bank?

PFMI: Q.9.3.3 AGC: n/a

n/a

If an CSD conducts money settlements on its own books, how does it minimise and strictly control its credit and liquidity risks?

PFMI: Q.9.4.1 AGC: n/a

G09Q018

Do the CSD's legal agreements with its settlement banks state when transfers occur, that transfers are final when effected, and that funds received are transferable?

PFMI: Q.9.5.1

In connection with settlement, in the Rules of the Settlement System CDCP has defined the obligation for the bank to credit cash funds of the participant in the settlement system without delay after settling the instruction, but by the end of the operation day at the latest when the instruction was settled.

Are funds received transferable by the end of the day at the latest? If not, why? Are they transferable intraday? If not, why?

PFMI: Q.9.5.2

The funds are transferable during the day, but must be transferred at the end of the day at the latest.

G09Q020

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

Physical deliveries (PFMI Principle 10)

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 10. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P10

CDCP does not provide settlement of transactions using physical deliveries.

G10Q002 Which asset classes does the CSD accept for physical delivery?
PFMI: 0.10.1.1 AGC: n/a
n/a
G100003 How does the CSD define its obligations and responsibilities with respect to the delivery of physical instruments or commodities? How are these responsibilities defined and documented? To whom are these documents disclosed?
PFMI: Q.10.1.2 AGC: n/a
n/a
G10Q004 How does the CSD engage with its participants to ensure they have an understanding of their obligations and the procedures for effecting physical delivery?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: n/a
n/a
G10Q005 How are eligible securities lodged in the CSD system?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 57, 57a
A registered certificate in the name of the CSD is delivered to the CSD. A participant delivers the security with a valid transfer deed or stock power or other transfer document to the CSD which then effects registration.
A registrar re-registers the security in the name of the CSD.
✓ Not applicable
OTHER:
G10Q006 When are securities lodged into the CSD reflected in a participant's CSD account?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 58, 58a
Securities are reflected in the participant's CSD account immediately upon delivery to the CSD.
Securities are re-registered prior to being reflected in the participant CSD account.
✓ Not applicable
OTHER:
G10Q007 How long does it usually take to lodge securities with the CSD?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 59, 59b
O 1 to 2 days
O 3 days to 1 week
2 to 4 weeks
○ More than 4 weeks
Not applicable

G10Q008 Please specify
PFMI: Q.10.1.3
PFM: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 59a
G10Q009 During the process of lodging securities into the CSD, can the securities be traded?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 60
○ Yes
○ No
Not applicable
G10Q010 During the process of lodging securities into the CSD, can the securities be settled?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 60a
○ Yes
○ No
Not applicable
G10Q011 During the process of lodging securities into the CSD, can the securities have ownership transferred?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 60b
○ Yes
O No
Not applicable
G10Q012 If they cannot be traded, or if you answered other, please explain
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 60c
n/a
G10Q013 If they cannot be settled, or if you answered other, please explain
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 60d
G10Q014 If ownership cannot be transferred, or if you answered other, please explain
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 60e
n/a

G10Q015 Are securities immediately available for delivery upon transfer to the CSD?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 61, 61d
○ Yes
○ No
Not applicable
G10Q016 If no: Securities are unavailable for PFMI: Q.10.1.3
AGC: 61a
1 to 2 days
3 days to 1 week
O 2 to 4 weeks
O More than 4 weeks
O Not applicable
G10Q017 If more than 4 weeks, please specify PFM: Q.10.1.3
AGC: 61b
G10Q018 If not applicable, please explain
PFM: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 61c
n/a
G10Q019 What transfer process steps are involved when eligible securities are withdrawn from the CSD for safekeeping?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 63, 63a
Securities are re-registered into the name of the beneficial owner or a nominee.
Securities are re-certificated and re-registered into the name of the beneficia
Securities are re-certificated and delivered as bearer instruments.
Securities are transferred as is any physical delivery in the market.
Not applicable

G10Q020 How long does it usually take to remove securities from the CSD?
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 64, 64b
O 1 to 2 days
3 days to 1 week
O 2 to 4 weeks
More than 4 weeks
Not applicable
G10Q021 If more than 4 weeks, please specify
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 64a
G10Q022 While the securities are being removed from the CSD, can they be traded? (Choose one)
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 65a
○ No
Not applicable
O Yes
G10Q023 If they cannot be traded please explain
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 65b
G10Q024 While the securities are being removed from the CSD, can they be settled? (Choose one)
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 65c
○ No
Not applicable
O Yes
G10Q025 If they cannot be settled, please explain
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 65d

G10Q026 While the securities are being removed from the CSD, can they have ownership transferred? (Choose one)
PFMI: Q.10.1.3 AGC: 65e
○ No
Not applicable
O Yes
G10Q027 If ownership cannot be transferred, please explain
PFMI: 0.10.1.3 AGC: 65f
G100028 How does the CSD identify the risks and costs associated with storage and delivery of physical instruments or commodities? What risks and costs has the CSD identified?
PFMI: 0.10.2.1 AGC: n/a
n/a
G100029 What are the vault security procedures for the safekeeping of physical paper?
PFMI: 0.10.2.1 AGC: 75
Not applicable, no vault is maintained
Electronic keys or combinations
Dual access control Visitor logs
Vault counts
Intrusion alarms
Fire alarms
Guards
OTHER:
G10Q030 Please indicate frequency of vault counts:
PFMI: Q.10.2.1 AGC: 75a.
G10Q031 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.10.2.1 AGC: 75b
n/a

G10Q032

What processes, procedures and controls does the CSD have to monitor and manage any identified risks and costs associated with storage and delivery of physical instruments or commodities?

PFMI: Q.10.2.2 AGC: n/a

G10Q033

If an CSD can match participants for delivery and receipt, under what circumstances can it do so, and what are the associated rules and procedures? Are the legal obligations for delivery clearly expressed in the rules and associated agreements?

PEMI: 0.10.2.3

n/a

G100034

How does the CSD monitor its participants' delivery preferences and, to the extent practicable, ensure that its participants have the necessary systems and resources to be able to fulfil their physical delivery obligations?

PFMI: Q.10.2.4 AGC: n/a

n/a

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group

PFMI: n/a

Central Securities Depositories (PFMI Principle 11)

G11Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 11. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P11

AGC: n/a

CDCP serves as a central depository and operates the settlement system for debt securities (government, corporate), equities, units of unit trust, cooperative units, investment certificates and state T-bills. All securities issued in book-entry form and registered in CDCP registry are held and settled in CDCP. The paper form securities are not registered in CDCP, but CDCP is administering lists of shareholders.

Protection of assets of participants is governed by the national legislation (Act No. 566/2001 on Securities and Investment services, the insolvency law) and by EU regulation 909/2014 CSDR. Asset protection is ensured via the structure of accounts CDCP offers to its participants and clients, individual client segregation and omnibus client segregation are recognized. The assets of participants, owners and CDCP are segregated from each other. The segregation of participant's own securities from securities of their clients is mandatory, thus the participants are permitted to open unlimited number of securities accounts in structure most suitable for them.

CDCP has in place required daily reconciliation procedures and the issue integrity controls are integrated it the Settlement System. Debit balance and account overdraft are

not allowed and the principles of double-entry accounting in connection with transaction settlement are implemented.

CDCP has stable and functional risk management system. CDCP has effective measures for protection of processed data, information systems and all related information

assets to assure their confidentiality, integrity and availability. Information Security Management System is operated in compliance with the internationally recognized standard for Information Systems Security - ISO/IEC 27001.

Other services provided by CDCP are: assigning ISIN, LEI and other codes; redemption of principal and yield/dividend at the request of issuer; administration of shareholders registry, Corporate Actions processing support (incl. tax, GM, information services), Pledge registry, Registry of transfers as collateral.

G110002 CSD FUNCTIONALITY AND SERVICES, USE OF AGENTS. Certain functionalities and services reduce risk to an investor if provided in an efficient manner. The purpose of this section is to identify those functionalities that may potentially be offered by depositories and clearing systems around the world, and ascertain whether they are offered by your institution. For which of the following security types do you serve as a CSD or clearing system?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 26
Government securities
✓ Equities
✓ Corporate bonds
Corporate money market
Not applicable
OTHER: units of the unit trusts, cooperative units, investment certificates, state T-bills
G11Q003 Please name the other security types:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 26a.
units of the unit trusts, cooperative units, debt instruments (structured instruments - investment certificates), state T-bills, SICAV, other types of securities designated as such by a separate law
G11Q004 Is the use of the CSD in your market compulsory by law or compulsory by market practice for the settlement or safekeeping of all instrument types in your market (e.g. equities, government securities, corporate bonds, money market instruments, warrants, derivatives etc).
PFMI: n/a AGC: 27, 27c
Yes by law for settlement of all instrument types
Yes by law for safekeeping of all instrument types
Yes by market practice for settlement of all instrument types
Yes by market practice for safekeeping of all instrument types
Yes by law for settlement, but not for all instrument types
Yes by law for safekeeping, but not for all instrument type
Yes by market practice for settlement, but not for all instrument types
Yes by market practice for safekeeping, but not for all instrument types
Neither
OTHER: The use of CDCP as depository for the settlement and the safekeeping of all instrument types is neither compulsory by law nor by market practice. In accordance with the law, all book- entry securities are settled in CDCP. Selected types of financial instruments such as warrants, derivates are not maintained and settled in CDCP.
G11Q005 Please list the instrument types for which it is not compulsory by law to: (i)settle in your CSD
PFMI: n/a AGC: 27a. (i)
units of (book-entry) open-ended unit trust, other types of financial instruments different from book-entry securities (derivatives, etc)
G11Q006 (ii) safekeep in your CSD:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 27a. (ii)
units of (book-entry) open-ended unit trust, SICAV, other types of financial instruments different from book-entry securities (derivatives, etc)

G11Q007 Please list the instrument types for which it is not compulsory by market practice to: (i)settle in your CSD
PFM: n/a AGC: 27b. (i)
units of (book-entry) open-ended unit trust, other types of financial instruments different from book-entry securities (derivatives, etc)
G11Q008 (ii) safekeep in your CSD:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 27b. (ii)
units of (book-entry) open-ended unit trust, other types of financial instruments different from book-entry securities (derivatives, etc)
G11Q009 Settlement and Safekeeping Percentages 28a Please list by instrument type the percentage of the total market in your jurisdiction (either volume or value) settled within your institution, exclusive of your links with third parties.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 28 28a
100% of all securities types of book-entry securities registered in the CSD (except the units and SICAV); data on total market including book-entry securities registered and settled by entities other than CSD is not available to CSD;
G11Q010 Please list by instrument type the percentage of the total market in your jurisdiction (either volume or value) held in safekeeping within your institution.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 28b.
100% of all securities types of book-entry securities registered in the CSD (except the units and SICAV); data on total market including book-entry securities registered and safekept by entities other than CSD is not available to CSD;
G11Q011 How are the rights of securities issuers and holders safeguarded by the rules, procedures and controls of the CSD?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: n/a
The CDCP rules and procedures (as well as the legal regulation) contain several relevant measures, in particular - the way of maintaining the accounts, the segregation of the assets held in the CDCP, the rules for securing integrity of the issue, the reconciliation rules, risk management procedures. Furthermore, the general liability under the legal regulation applies.
G11Q012 In the event a participant's single or main account is blocked for any reason (e.g., insolvency, penalties, violations, liens), would securities held in any account or accounts on behalf of the participant's clients be accessible: By the participant's clients?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 44a
• Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G11Q013 If yes, please describe briefly how clients of participants would access their securities and whether there would be any delay in their ability to do so:

PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 44b

The Clients would access their securities via transferring the securities to an account opened with other participant, or they can dispose of their securities on existing account. In both cases cooperation of relevant participant which opened the account is expected.

G11Q014 By the intervening authorities controlling insolvency or other proceedings?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 44d.
○ Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other: Only participant's own beneficial owner account can be accessed, but not an omnibus account.
G11Q015 If yes, please describe briefly under what conditions access would be granted to the intervening authorities:
PFMI: 0.11.1.1 AGC: 44e.
G11Q016 By the participant's creditors?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 44g, 44i
○ Yes
No Not applicable
G11Q017 If yes, please describe briefly under what conditions access would be granted to the participant's creditors:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 44h
G11Q018 By the CSD's creditors?
PFMI: O.11.1.1 AGC: 44j.
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G11Q019 If yes, please describe briefly under what conditions access would be granted to the CSD's creditors:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 44k.

G11Q020 What is your document and record retention policy for documents and records described above in this section?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 47, 47a
○ 6 months or less
O 1 year
O 3 years
O 5 years
O 7 years
Other: The record keeping is provided through the information system and document retention terms are regulated by the internal guidelines complying with legal requirements.
G11Q021 Does the law protect participant assets from claims and liabilities of the CSD?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 54
O Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other: The assets of the participants are protected under the applicable legislation. The CSD is entitled to handle the assets only in cases where the legal regulation or the consent of the participant so provides.
G110022 Can the CSD assess a lien on participant accounts? (A lien would entitle the CSD to take and hold or sell the securities of the participant in payment of a debt.)
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55
O Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G11Q023 If yes, for what reasons are liens or similar claims imposed?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55a
Fees and expenses
Collateralization of overdrafts To secure payment for purchased securities
OTHER:
G11Q024 Please describe:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55b
Legal regulation allows to register suspension of disposal right in certain circumstances, but only in relation to accounts of the final securities owners, not in relation to the accounts of the participant, where the data of the securities of participants clients are registered and only in connection with fees and expenses.

G11Q025 Please indicate the limits of this lien as indicated below:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55c
The lien is limited to securities in the participant's proprietary account
The lien is limited to securities in the course of purchase and sale transactio The lien may extend to settled client positions
G11Q026 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55d
G11Q027 If a lien is placed on a participant's account which has been designated for its clients, will the CSD select certain securities to be subject to the lien?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55e
○ Yes
O No
G11Q028 If yes, please indicate whether:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55f
The lien is placed on the most liquid securities in the account
The lien is placed on the securities with the greatest value in the account
G11Q029 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55g
G11Q030 If no, please indicate whether the entire account will be subject to the lien.
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55h
○ Yes
○ No

G11Q031 For accounts designated as client accounts, do procedures exist to restrict the placement of liens only to obligations arising from safe custody and administration of those accounts?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55j
○ Yes
○ No
G11Q032 If yes, are the restrictions accomplished by:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 55k
Contract between the CSD and the participant
G11Q033 Please explain:
PFM: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 551
G11Q034 Transfer of Legal Ownership. Does the CSD have legal authority to transfer title to securities?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 56, 56e
○ Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other: No. The CSD may only dispose of its own securities.
G11Q035 When does title or entitlement to CSD securities pass between participants?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 56a
At the end of the business day on which the transfer occurs
When corresponding money or other consideration is transferred
When the transaction is processed on an intra-day basis
G11Q036 Please describe:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 56b
Title to securities pass immediately after securities are transferred on a DVP or FOP basis.

G11Q037 Where does title or entitlement to CSD securities pass between participants?
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 56c
On the CSD books
On the registrars books
G11Q038 Please describe:
PFMI: Q.11.1.1 AGC: 56d
G11Q039 How do the CSD's rules, procedures and controls ensure that the securities it holds on behalf of participants are appropriately accounted for on its books and protected from risks associated with the other services the CSD may provide?
PFMI: Q.11.1.2 AGC: n/a
Asset protection is secured by the way and structure of account management within the CDCP records. Individual client segregation and omnibus client segregation apply. The assets of each participant and owner are segregated from the CDCP assets and of other participants and CP owners: The insolvency law also safeguards the assets of the CDCP clients. Detailed information CDCP publishes on its website.
G11Q040
In what form does the CSD maintain records identifying the assets of each participant?
PFMI: Q.11.1.2 AGC: 45
✓ Computer file
Microfiche
☐ Hard copy ✓ Computer tape
OTHER:
G11Q041 In which format is the source data maintained?
PFM: Q.11.1.2 AGC: 45b
XML
G11Q042 How does the CSD ensure that it has robust accounting practices? Do audits review whether there are sufficient securities to satisfy customer rights? How frequently are end-to-end audits conducted to examine the procedures and internal controls used in the safekeeping of securities?
PFMI: Q.11.1.3 AGC: n/a
All securities registered and held in CDCP are in dematerialised form and it is stipulated by law that all book-entry securities are settled in the securities central depository. CDCP has effective measures for protection of processed data, information systems and all related information assets that are critical for CDCP activities. CDCP is ensuring segregation of accounts and assets by use of omnibus and individual client segregation. With regard to securities issue integrity CDCP applies several controls (continual and periodic), principles of double-entry accounting in connection with transaction settlement and debit balance and account overdraft are not allowed. CDCP has in place daily reconciliation procedures and the issue integrity controls are integrated it the Settlement System. CDCP has stable and functional risk management system the Internal Audit provides assurance also on reliability and integrity of financial and operational information, efficiency, effectiveness. Operational audit is performed at least on annual basis.

G11Q043

What are the CSD's internal procedures to authorise the creation and deletion of securities? What are the CSD's internal controls to prevent the unauthorised creation and deletion of securities?

PFMI: Q.11.1.4 AGC: n/a

Creation and deletion of securities is limited to employees of relevant department providing services related to the issuers and securities issues. To prevent unauthorised creation or deletion of securities CDCP conducts multilevel control in the system between the static data of given securities issue and processing of any request for change in data on the securities issue, issuance of securities, transaction settlement.

G11Q044

Does the CSD conduct periodic and at least daily reconciliation of the totals of securities issues in the CSD for each issuer (or its issuing agent)? How does the CSD ensure that the total number of securities recorded in the CSD for a particular issue is equal to the amount of securities of that issue held on the CSD's books?

PFMI: Q.11.1.5 AGC: n/a

Yes, CDCP conducts reconciliation regularly, on the end of each operation day. CDCP ensures the issue integrity through continuous control integrated it the Settlement System. This control ensures that unauthorised creation or deletion of securities is possible, due to multilevel control between the static data of given securities issue and processing of any request for change in data on the securities issue, issuance of securities, transaction settlement.

G11Q045

If the CSD is not the official registrar of the issues held on its books, how does the CSD reconcile its records with official registrar?

PFMI: Q.11.1.6 AGC: n/a

n/a

G11Q046

If the securities held with the CSD are recorded by book-entry at the registrar, what are the control features at the registrar for transfer of registrar positions to and from the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, reconciliation, confirmation of position at registrar)? Please describe:

PFMI: Q.11.1.6

n/a

G11Q047

How does the CSD prevent overdrafts and debit balances in securities accounts?

PFMI: Q.11.2.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP prevents overdrafts through automatic system restriction of transferred securities, i.e. it is not possible to settle the transaction unless the securities to be transferred are on the account of transferror.

G11Q048

Are securities issued or maintained in a dematerialised form? What percentage of securities is dematerialised, and what percentage of the total volume of transactions applies to these securities?

PFMI: Q.11.3.1 AGC: n/a

Yes, CDCP provides services of initial registration of securities in the book-entry securities system ("registration services") only for dematerialised securities. 100% of securities is dematerialises and 100% of the transactions applies to these securities.

G11Q049 How are CSD eligible securities held by the CSD?
PFMI: Q.11.3.1 AGC: 50, 50a
✓ In dematerialized form
In certificated form
OTHER:
G11Q050 If securities are issued as a physical certificate, is it possible to immobilise them and allow their holding and transfer in a book-entry system? What percentage of securities is immobilised, and what percentage of the total volume of transactions applies to immobilised securities?
PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: n/a
The CDCP does not provide securities immobilisation services, because such a method of registration of securities is not used in the long term under CDCP conditions. The national law of the Slovak Republic allows for a change of the form of securities.
G110051 If CSD eligible securities are certificated, can CSD eligible securities be held outside of the CSD?
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 51
All eligible securities must be held in the CSD
Securities may move freely into and out of the CSD
Once entered into the CSD, eligible securities must remain in the CSD
Certain designated securities may be held outside the CSD
O Not applicable
Other: Generally, if the issue is held in paper form, it is not entered in the registry of the CSD and therefore it is not eligible for CSD operations. For registered shares in paper form, the CSD only administers the lists of shareholders.
G110052 If certain designated securities are held outside the CSD, please indicate under which conditions these securities would be held outside the CSD:
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 51a
G110053 If CSD eligible securities are required to be centrally immobilized at the CSD, where and with whom are the certificates safekept? (then please answer 51c)
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 51b
G11Q054 Are these certificates:
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 51c
Bearer
Registered
OTHER:

G11Q055 If registered, how are the CSD eligible securities registered?
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 51d
In the name of the CSD
In the name of the depositing participant or its nominee
In the name of a separate nominee of the CSD
OTHER:
G11Q056 If in the name of a separate nominee, please identify by name the nominee used:
PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 51f
G11Q057 If CSD eligible securities may be held either in or out of the CSD, are these certificates:
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 51h
O Bearer
Registered
G11Q058 What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe:
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: 0.11.3.2
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 51i G11Q059
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 51i G11Q059 If securities are dematerialized: May dematerialized security positions be re-certificated and held outside the CSD? PFMI: 0.11.3.2
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 51i G11Q059 If securities are dematerialized: May dematerialized security positions be re-certificated and held outside the CSD? PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 52
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 51i G11Q059 If securities are dematerialized: May dematerialized security positions be re-certificated and held outside the CSD? PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 52 Yes
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 511 G11Q059 If securities are dematerialized: May dematerialized security positions be re-certificated and held outside the CSD? PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 52 Yes No
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 511 G11Q059 If securities are dematerialized: May dematerialized security positions be re-certificated and held outside the CSD? PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 52 Yes No Not applicable
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 511 G11Q059 If securities are dematerialized: May dematerialized security positions be re-certificated and held outside the CSD? PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 52 Yes No Not applicable G11Q060 Are the securities held:
What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re-registration)? Please describe: PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 521 PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 522 Yes No Not applicable G110060 Are the securities held: PFMI: 0.11.3.2 AGC: 528, 528

G11Q061 Please identify which types of entities may act as registrars:
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 52b
☐ Issuers ☐ Separate companies that perform registrar functions ☐ CSD ☐ OTHER:
G11Q062 If the securities held by the CSD are recorded by book entry at the registrar, are the securities registered only to the CSD, with the CSD providing the function of recording ownership on a centralized basis for the market?
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 52d
○ Yes ○ No
G11Q063 If yes, how are securities held at the registrar for the account of the CSD?
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 52e
O In the name of the CSD
In the name of a separate nominee of the CSD
G11Q064 Please describe:
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 52f
n/a
G11Q065 If the securities held with the CSD are recorded by book-entry at the registrar but are not registered exclusively to the CSD, may they be registered to:
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 52g
The beneficial owner
O A nominee
G11Q066 Please describe:
PFMI: Q.11.3.2 AGC: 52h
n/a

G11Q067 What incentives, if any, does the CSD provide to immobilise or dematerialise securities?
PFMI: Q.11.3.3 AGC: n/a
CDCP allows only dematerialised form of securities.
G11Q068 How do the CSD's rules and procedures protect assets against custody risk, including the risk of loss because of the CSD's negligence, misuse of assets, fraud, poor administration, inadequate recordkeeping or failure to protect participants' interests in their securities?
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP has stable and functional risk management system, consisting of organisation structure of CDCP with clearly defined responsibility lines, and effective procedures for identification, measuring, monitoring, reporting and managing of risks. Main principles and procedure CDCP applies to risk management and basic organisational framework for risk management are defined in the Risk Management Policy. In connection with confidentiality, integrity and availability of data processed electronically or in other form, CDCP has effective measures for protection of processed data, information systems and all related information assets that are critical for CDCP activities. Information Security Management System is implemented, operated and developed in compliance with internationally recognised standard for Information Systems Security - ISO/IEC 27001. CDCP is ensuring segregation of accounts and assets by use of omnibus and individual client segregation. With regard to securities issue integrity CDCP applies several controls (continual and periodic), has implemented principles of double-entry accounting in connection with transaction settlement and it does not allow debit balance and account overdraft.
G11Q069 Does the CSD accept liability (independent of any insurance coverage) for the following: Reconciliation errors with the registrar and/or the issuer that result in direct damages or losses to participants?
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66, 66a, 66d
О №
Not applicable
○ Yes
G11Q070 If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66b 66c
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses OTHER:
G110071 Theft of securities (either physical certificate or electronically from accounts at the CSD) from the CSD that results in direct damages or losses to participants?
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66e, 66g, 66h
○ No
○ Yes
O Not applicable
Other: Person who placed an instruction is liable for damages caused by processing of such instruction.

G11Q072 If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66f
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
OTHER:
G11Q073 Failure of the CSD's systems that result in direct damages or losses to participants because they cannot use either securities or funds?
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66i, 66i.
O No
Yes
O Not applicable
G11Q074 If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66j, 66k
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
▼ The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
OTHER:
G11Q075 Any direct damages or losses to participants caused by the CSD due to its errors, omissions or fraud?
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66m, 66p.
✓ Yes
□ No
Not applicable
OTHER:
G11Q076 If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
PFMI: Q.11.4.1 AGC: 66n.
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
OTHER:

G11Q077 How has the CSD determined that those rules and procedures are consistent with the legal framework?
PFMI: Q.11.4.2 AGC: n/a
CDCP is responsible for compliance of its rules and procedures with the legal framework. Compliance of the rules and procedures of CDCP with legislation is monitored by the Compliance Department (monitoring of legislation and specific internal controls).
G11Q078 Is the CSD immune from legal action in its own jurisdiction?
PFMI: Q.11.4.2 AGC: 68
○ Yes
● No
G11Q079 What other methods, if any, does the CSD employ to protect its participants against misappropriation, destruction and theft of securities (for example, insurance or other compensation schemes)?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: n/a
n/a
G11Q080 Does the CSD have Fidelity insurance (that is, insurance to cover loss of securities or money resulting, for example, from acts such as forgery, theft, fraud and/or employee dishonesty)?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 92
○ Yes
● No
○ Not applicable
G11Q081 What is the amount of the coverage?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 92a.
G11Q082 What is the amount of the deductible?
PFM: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 92b.
G11Q083 Does the CSD have insurance for Operational Errors?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 93
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable

	G11Q084 What is the amount of the coverage?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 93a.
	G11Q085 What is the amount of the deductible?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 93b.
	G11Q086 Does the CSD have Errors and Omissions insurance?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 94
	○ Yes
	No Not applicable
	G11Q087 What is the amount of the coverage?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 94a.
	G11Q088 What is the amount of the deductible?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 94b.
	G11Q089 Does the CSD have insurance for the Premises?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 95
	Yes
	○ No
	O Not applicable
	G11Q090 What is the amount of the coverage?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 95a.
	Depository considers this information to be confidential.
	G11Q091 What is the amount of the deductible?
	PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 95b.
U	Depository considers this information to be confidential.

G11Q092 Does the CSD have any other insurance?
PFMI: 0.11.4.3 AGC: 96, 96d
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G11Q093 If so, what is it for?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 96a.
Cars and other losses
G11Q094 What is the amount of the coverage?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 96b.
Depository considers this information to be confidential.
G11Q095 What is the amount of the deductible?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 96c.
Depository considers this information to be confidential.
G110096 Who is the insurance carrier? If more than one insurance carrier, please list each carrier here and provide your responses to questions 97a and 97b in corresponding order.
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 97
1) AIG Europe Limited, branch of insurance company from the other Member State; 2) Allianz - Slovenska poistovna, a.s.
G11Q097 Who is the insurance carrier's parent company, if applicable? (If inapplicable, simply type n/a.)
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 97a.
1. American International Group, Inc. (AIG) 2. Allianz versicherung, Germany
G11Q098 What is the term of the policy?
PFMI: 0.11.4.3 AGC: 97b. Lipidipito time period (with automatic annual recover) 2. indefinite time period (with automatic annual recover).

G11Q099 Who does the insurance cover?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 97c, 97d
✓ CSD
Direct CSD participants
Final investors
Not applicable
OTHER:
G11Q100 If you feel that you would like to provide additional details on any of the given answers, feel free to provide any additional comments here (maximum of 5,000 characters) or prepare an additional document identifying the question(s) you are commenting on and upload the document under 98a:
PFM: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 98
G11Q101 filecount - Upload document here:
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 98a.
G11Q102 Do the CSD's written contracts, rules, or established practices and procedures provide protection against risk of loss of participant assets by the CSD in the form of indemnification?
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67a, 67b.
Yes
✓ No
☐ Not applicable
OTHER:
G11Q103 Please explain (then please answer 67c):
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67b.
G11Q104 Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67c.
n/a

G11Q105 Insurance
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67d.
☐ Yes
✓ No
Not applicable
OTHER:
G11Q106 Please explain (then please answer 67f):
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67e.
G11Q107 Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67l.
G11Q108 Acknowledgement of liability for losses caused by CSD's own actions.
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67g.
O Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G11Q109 Please explain (then please answer 67i):
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67h.
G11Q110 Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found.
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67i.
G11Q111 Other
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67J.
O Yes
No

G11Q112 Please explain (then please answer 67I:
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67k.
G11Q113 Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found.
PFMI: Q.11.4.3 AGC: 67I.
G110114 What segregation arrangements are in place at the CSD? How does the CSD ensure segregation between its own assets and the securities of its participants? How does the CSD ensure segregation among the securities of participants?
PFMI: Q.11.5.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP ensures segregation of accounts and assets through omnibus and individual client segregation. Securities are held on accounts of different types depending on the segregation chosen. All accounts are segregated from each other and securities are always held on a specific account. CDCP is compliant with the requirements of CSDR Regulation.
G11Q115 Are participants permitted to maintain more than one account at the CSD?
PFM: Q.11.5.1 AGC: 41
● Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G11Q116 If yes, please indicate number:
PFMI: Q.11.5.1 AGC: 41a, 41c
An unlimited number of accounts
☐ More than one account ☐ OTHER:
G11Q117 If more than one account what is the maximum?
PFMI: Q.11.5.1 AGC: 41b
G11Q118 Where supported by the legal framework, how does the CSD support the operational segregation of securities belonging to participants' customers from the participants' book? How does the CSD facilitate the transfer from these customers' accounts to another participant?
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: n/a
The method of accounts administration in CDCP requires that participants clients' assets are segregated from the participants' assets. The CDCP system as well as the legal framework allow to transfer securities between individual accounts.

G11Q119 Are participants required/permitted to segregate assets held for their own benefit from those they hold for their clients?
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: 42
✓ Yes
Not applicable
OTHER:
G11Q120 If yes, is segregation required or simply permitted?
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: 42a
Required
Permitted
G11Q121 How does segregation occur?
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: 42b, 42c
By separately designated participant accounts.
By sub-accounts within a single participant account.
By separately designated beneficial owner accounts.
OTHER:
G110122 Does the CSD permit its participants to open accounts in the participant's own nominee name(s)?
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: 43, 43b
Yes
O No
O Not applicable
G11Q123 If yes, do laws exist, which define as well as protect the rights of beneficial owners with respect to securities registered in nominee name?
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: 43a
• Yes
O No
G11Q125 Does the CSD provide services other than central safekeeping and administration of securities and settlement? If so, what services?
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: n/a

G11Q126 Please indicate services you provide.
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 35
Own list or: AGC: Information in advance on corporate (annual or special) meetings in order that owners can vote.
Tax assistance where foreign holders may be entitled to tax relief at source or through a claim.
In order to avoid fails, an automatic securities lending facility - if requested - is provided for.
Collateral handling in support of activities including securities lending, overdraft coverage, cash management, repurchase agreements, etc.
Same day turnaround settlements.
Information on distribution of new issues (IPO, Privatization).
Not applicable
OTHER:
G11Q127 Automatic securities lending facility is provided for:
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 35a
Brokers
Banks
Other financial institutions
OTHER:
G11Q128 If collateral handling, please provide details
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 35c
G11Q129 Other, please explain:
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 35d
assigning ISIN and other codes; information on new or cancelled securities issues or on changes to securities issues in its books; redemption of principal and yield/dividend at the request of issuer; assigning LEI codes; Shareholders registry (book-entry and registered paper form securities), CA processing support (incl. tax, GM, information services), Pledge registry, Registry of transfers as collateral; opening and administration of links with other CSDs
G11Q130 What procedures are in place for the processing of corporate action entitlements?
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 36
Credited to the securities account on the day indicated below regardless of whether actually collected by the CSD on the scheduled date.
Credited to the securities account upon actual receipt by the CSD.
Corporate action entitlements are handled by an entity separate from the CSD.
Not applicable
OTHER: Entitlements resulting from the CA shall be processed in CDCP in compliance with T2S standards.

G11Q131 Credited to the securities account:
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 36a
On pay date.
On pay date +1.
On pay date +2.
OTHER:
G11Q132 Name of entity:
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 36c
G11Q133 What procedures are in place for the processing of interest and dividends?
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 37, 37d.
Credited to the cash account on the day indicated below regardless of whether actually collected by the CSD on the scheduled date.
Credited to the cash account upon actual receipt by the CSD.
Income and dividend collection is handled by an entity separate from the CSD.
Not applicable
OTHER: Due to market practice the payments of yields are processed by the participants or banks out of CDCP system.
G11Q134 Credited to the cash account:
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 37a
On pay date.
On pay date +1.
On pay date +2.
OTHER:
G11Q135 Name of entity:
PFMI: Q.11.6.1 AGC: 37c
G110136 If the CSD provides services other than central safekeeping and administration of securities and settlement, how does it identify the risks associated with those activities, including potential credit and liquidity risks? How does it measure, monitor and manage these risks, including legally separating services other than safekeeping and administration of securities where necessary?
PFMI: Q.11.6.2 AGC: n/a
n/a - Potential credit and liquidity risks are not associated with other services provided by CDCP.

G11Q137 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a
Exchange-of-value settlement systems (PFMI Principle 12)
G120001 Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 12. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P12 AGC: n/a
CDCP provides settlement services via Target2-Securities. This ensures that DVP/DWP transactions shall be settled as concurrent transfer of securities between the securities accounts and of cash funds between the cash accounts (dedicated cash accounts).
G12Q002 How do the CSD's legal, contractual, technical and risk management frameworks ensure that the final settlement of relevant financial instruments eliminates principal risk? What procedures ensure that the final settlement of one obligation occurs if and only if the final settlement of a linked obligation also occurs?
PFMI: Q.12.1.1 AGC: n/a
Procedures ensuring that final settlement of one obligation occurs at the same time as final settlement of linked obligation are guaranteed technically (technical documentation of T2S) and legally (CDCP Rules of Settlement System).
G12Q003 Does the CSD guaranty settlement?
PFMI: Q.12.1.1 AGC: 66u.
● No
○ Yes ○ Not applicable
G12Q004 Please explain how this is accomplished. What are the procedures and safeguards that permit the CSD to guaranty settlement?
PFMI: Q.12.1.1 AGC: 66v.
G12Q005 How are the linked obligations settled - on a gross basis (trade by trade) or on a net basis?
PFMI: Q.12.1.2 AGC: n/a
on gross basis

G12Q006 The Committee on Payment and Settlement Systems of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) has identified three common structural approaches or models for linking delivery and payment in a securities settlement system. Please indicate which model your procedures most closely resemble.
PFMI: Q.12.1.2 AGC: 48
✓ Model1
Model2
Model3
Not applicable
OTHER:
G12Q007 Please briefly describe your settlement process, including how do your settlement procedures vary from the model chosen above?
PFMI: Q.12.1.3 AGC: 48a
DVP transaction is settled by debiting the seller's securities account (in T2S), crediting the buyer's securities account (in T2S), debiting the buyer's funds account (DCA in T2S), and crediting the seller's funds account (DCA in T2S). All transfers are final at the instant the debits and credits are posted to the securities and funds accounts. Our settlement procedures do not differ from the description of Model 1.
G12Q008 Is the finality of settlement of linked obligations simultaneous?
PFMI: Q.12.1.3 AGC: n/a
Yes
O No
G12Q009 If not, what is the timing of finality for both obligations? Is the length of time between the blocking and final settlement of both obligations minimised?
PFMI: Q.12.1.3 AGC: n/a
n/a
G12Q010 Are the cash and security movements simultaneous?
PFMI: Q.12.1.3 AGC: 49
● Yes
○ No
O Not applicable

G12Q011 If cash and security movements are not simultaneous, please indicate the duration of the timing gap
PFMI: Q.12.1.3 AGC: 49a
O 1 hour
O 2 hours
O 3 hours
O 4 hours
O 5 hours
Overnight
O 2 days
Other: n/a
G12Q012 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

Participant default rules and procedures (PFMI Principle 13)

G13Q00

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 13. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P13

CDCP rules contain all precautions that CDCP will perform in the event of a participant's failure. The precautions include solving of the participant 's default, other participants and relevant authorities and the measures to solve the operating failures.

The participant's default is defined as the situation when insolvency proceedings against participant have started as defined in Article 2 (j) of Directive 98/26/EC. It means a collective measure provided by relevant law of the participant's country or third country with the purpose of liquidation or reorganization of participant where such a measure involves the temporary suspension or the imposition of a limitation on transfer or payments.

Operating failure is occurrence of incident that prevents a participant from fulfilling the obligations of a participant, unavailability of technical infrastructure of participant's communication service provider, or any other operational problem on the side of the participant.

CDCP measures include the immediate measures (restrictions on participants accounts, management of instructions and transactions affected by default) which might include suspending or limiting access of a failed participant to certain or all services, removing access, withdrawing access, whereas CDCP decision will depend on the assessment of all circumstances of the particular case.

CDCP performs testing of all possibly and available scenarios of a participant's default once a year, respectively in the event of a change in CDCP procedures. The participants are required to participate in the test. The test results are presented to the Risk Manager, the Board of Directors, the User Committee and the national authority.

The roles and responsibilities of each level of CDCP management are documented in internal directive on participant default. The key aspects of CDCP's participants default rules are publicly available on CDCP website as the part of Rules of Operation.

G13Q002

Do the CSD's rules and procedures clearly define an event of default (both a financial and an operational default of a participant) and the method for identifying a default? How are these events defined?

PFMI: Q.13.1.1

Yes. Financial default is defined as: the situation when a bankruptcy procedure against participant has been started as defined in Article 2 (j) of Directive 98/26/EC what means a collective measure provided by relevant law of the participants country or third country with the purpose of liquidation or reorganization of participant where such a measure involves the temporary suspension or limitation on transfer or payments. Operational failure is an existing occurrence that prevents a participant from fulfilling the obligations of a participant or its communications service with technical infrastructure or any other operational problems on the side of the participant.

G130003

How do the CSD's rules and procedures address the following key aspects of a participant default: a) the actions that the CSD can take when a default is declared, b) the extent to which the actions are automatic or discretionary, c) changes to normal settlement practices, d) the management of transactions at different stages of processing, e) the expected treatment of proprietary and customer transactions and accounts, f) the probable sequencing of actions, g) the roles, obligations and responsibilities of the various parties, including non-defaulting participants, and h) the existence of other mechanisms that may be activated to contain the impact of a default?

PFMI: Q.13.1.2 AGC: n/a

The CDCP rules include all precautions that CDCP will perform in the event of a participant failure, including informing other participants and relevant authorities on a default participant. CDCP measures include immediate measures (restrictions on participants accounts, management of instructions and transactions affected by default) which may include suspending or limiting access of failed participant to certain or all services, removing access or withdrawing access that CDCP will decide on upon assessment of all circumstances of the particular case. CDCP rules took into account the guidelines from EU supervisors. At the same time, CDCP applies the T2S rules in relation to the participant's failure.
G13Q004 During the past three years, has there been a situation where a participant defaulted which resulted in a significant loss?
PFMI: Q.13.1.2 AGC: 77
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G13Q005 How was the situation resolved? Or if you answered "Other," then please explain:
PFMI: Q.13.1.2 AGC: 77a
G13Q006 Does the stock exchange have default protections that extend to the CSD, such as the following?
PFMI: Q.13.1.2 AGC: 80
AGC: 80
AGC: 80 Margin requirements for stock exchange members
AGC: 80 Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members
AGC: 80 Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership
Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership No
Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership No Not applicable
Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership No Not applicable OTHER:
Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership No Not applicable OTHER: G13Q007 Please explain:
Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership No Not applicable OTHER: G13Q007 Please explain:
Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership No Not applicable OTHER: G13,0007 Please explain: FFMI: Q.13.1.2 AGC: 80a G13,0008 How do the CSD's rules and procedures allow the CSD to promptly use any financial resources that it maintains for covering losses and containing liquidity pressures arising from default, including liquidity facilities?
AGC: 80 Margin requirements for stock exchange members Guaranty fund for stock exchange members Financial requirements for stock exchange membership No Not applicable OTHER: G13Q007 Please explain: PFMI: Q.13.1.2 AGC: 80a G13Q008 How do the CSD's rules and procedures allow the CSD to promptly use any financial resources that it maintains for covering losses and containing liquidity

G13Q009 How do the CSD's rules and procedures address the order in which the financial resources can be used?
PFMI: Q.13.1.4 AGC: n/a
N/A
G13Q010 Participant Default Protections Resulting from a Participant Failure. If a participant defaults, how is the loss covered? (Choose all that apply?)
PFMI: Q.13.1.4 AGC: 76, 76d
CSD insurance covers the loss
The CSD guaranty fund covers the loss
Loss is shared among participants
✓ Not applicable
OTHER:
G13Q011 Please explain the process:
PFMI: Q.13.1.4 AGC: 76a
G13Q012 Please explain the process of how the loss is shared:
PFMI: Q.13.1.4 AGC: 76b
C Equally, among participants
O Pro-rata based on participant's volume
C Limited to participants with transactions with failing counterparty
G13Q013 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.13.1.4 AGC: 78d
Participant is liable for fulfilment of its obligations. Neither CSD nor its participants are liable for obligations of defaulting participant.
G13Q014 How do the CSD's rules and procedures address the replenishment of resources following a default?
PFMI: Q.13.1.5 AGC: n/a
n/a
G13Q015 Does the CSD's management have internal plans that clearly delineate the roles and responsibilities for addressing a default? What are these plans?
PFMI: Q.13.2.1 AGC: n/a
Yes. The internal directive on participants default clearly describes the roles and responsibilities of each level of CDCP management.

G13Q016

What type of communication procedures does the CSD have in order to reach in a timely manner all relevant stakeholders, including regulators, supervisors and overseers?

PFMI: Q.13.2.2 AGC: n/a

e-mail, regular post

G13Q017

How frequently are the internal plans to address a default reviewed? What is the governance arrangement around these plans?

PFMI: Q.13.2.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP tests the internal plans at least once a year with the participants, respectively more often in case of a change in the internal plan. In the event of inconsistencies during testing, CDCP will update its internal plan to remove them.

G13Q018

How are the key aspects of the CSD's participant default rules and procedures made publicly available? How do they address: a) the circumstances in which action may be taken, b) who may take those actions, c) the scope of the actions which may be taken, including the treatment of both proprietary and customer positions, funds and assets, d) the mechanisms to address an CSD's obligations to non-defaulting participants, and e) where direct relationships exist with participants' customers, the mechanisms to help address the defaulting participant's obligations to its customers?

PFMI: Q.13.3.1 AGC: n/a

All aspects regarding the participants are publicly available in CDCP Rules of Operation

G13Q019

How does the CSD engage with its participants and other relevant stakeholders in the testing and review of its participant default procedures? How frequently does it conduct such tests and reviews? How are these tests results used? To what extent are the results shared with the board, risk committee and relevant authorities?

PFMI: Q.13.4.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP test the participant's failure procedures once a year, respectively in the event of a change in CDCP procedure. Participants are required to participate the testing. The test results are presented to the risk manager, the board of directors, the user committee and the national authority.

G13Q020

What range of potential participant default scenarios and procedures do these tests cover? To what extent does the CSD test the implementation of the resolution regime for its participants?

PFMI: Q.13.4.2

CDCP performs testing of all possible and available scenarios of a participant's default.

G13Q021

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

General business risk (PFMI Principle 15)

G14000

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 15. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P15 AGC: n/a

A financial audit is performed annually by an independent Audit company. CDCP has internal processes to assure sufficient own resources to cover possible loss incurred due to risk materialisation. Own resources (incl. retained earnings and reserves) are held in compliance with relevant regulations proportionally to the risks the Company is exposed to. CSD is holding liquid net assets covering 12 months operating expenses in average and in compliance with the regulation, CDCP holds only short time fixed deposits. CDCP has a plan for increase of additional equity if necessary (when assets are below 80% of the capital requirements).

	exposed to. CSD is holding liquid net assets covering 12 months operating expenses in average and in compliance with the regulation, CDCP holds only short time fixed deposits. CDCP has a plan for increase of additional equity if necessary (when assets are below 80% of the capital requirements).
	G14Q002 Is a financial audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party?
	PFMI: 0.17.2.3 AGC: 15
	• Yes
	O No
	G14Q003 If yes, please state the name(s) of the entity(ies) who perform the financial audit.
	PFMI: n/a AGC: 15a.
L	ACCEPT AUDIT & CONSULTING s.r.o., Baštová 38, Prešov, Slovakia
	G14Q004 Please list the date of your last financial audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party:
	PFMI: n/a AGC: 15b.
	23/03/2023
	G14Q005 Please list the period that the audit covered:
	PFMI: n/a AGC: 15c.
	Start date: 01/01/2022 End date: 31/12/2022
	G14Q006 How frequently does the financial audit occur?
	PFMI: n/a AGC: 15d.
	Two or more times a year
	Annually
	C Less than annually
	G14Q007 If less than annually, please explain:
	PFMI: n/a AGC: 15e.

G14Q008 Please select the statement that most accurately characterizes the results of the last financial audit:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 15g.
No material exceptions found.
○ Minor exceptions found.
O Material exceptions found.
G14Q009 If minor or material exceptions were found, what actions were taken? Please describe:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 15h.
G14Q010 Has there been any material loss by the CSD during the past three years?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 86
○ Yes
○ No
Not applicable
G14Q011 If there has been a loss, please describe the cause, the final impact and the action taken to prevent a recurrence:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 86a.
G14Q012 Has the CSD been subject to any litigation involving a participant during the past three years?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 87
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G14Q013 Please explain the circumstances and resolution:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 87a.

G14Q014 Has the CSD realized revenues sufficient to cover expenses during the past three years?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 88, 88a
Yes for all three years
Yes for two of the last three years
Yes for one of the last three years
O None of the last three years
O Not applicable
G14Q015 Has any participant suffered any losses in the past three years due to the CSD's performance?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30, 30m
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G14Q016 If yes, please select all of the following in which loss has occurred. You will be prompted to enter the number of instances and total loss in USD thereafter.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30a, 30j
Corporate Action
Settlement Process - Securities
Settlement Process - Cash
System Outage OTHER:
G14Q017 Corporate Action. Please specify number of instances:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30b.
G14Q018 Corporate Action. Please specify total loss in USD:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30c.
n/a
G14Q019 Settlement Process - Securities. Please specify number of instances:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30d.

G14Q020 Settlement Process - Securities. Please specify total loss in USD:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30e.
n/a
G14Q021 Settlement Process - Cash. Please specify number of instances:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30f.
G14Q022 Settlement Process - Cash. Please specify total loss in USD:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30g.
n/a
G14Q023 System Outage. Please specify number of instances:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30h.
G14Q024 System Outage. Please specify total loss in USD:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30i.
n/a
G14Q025 For Other, please specify number of instances:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30k.
none
G14Q026 For Other, please specify total loss in USD:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 30I.
n/a
G14Q027 How does the CSD identify its general business risks? What general business risks has the CSD identified?
PFMI: Q.15.1.1 AGC: n/a

General business risk is explained in the Risk Management Policy and covered as described in the Capital Requirements Policy in accordance with Article 6(2) of COMMISSION DLEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2017/390 of 11 November 2016 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on certain prudential requirements for central securities depositories and designated credit institutions offering banking-type ancillary services.

G14Q028 How does the CSD monitor and manage its general business risks on an ongoing basis? Does the CSD's business risk assessment consider the potential effects on its cash flow and (in the case of a privately operated CSD? capital?
PFMI: Q.15.1.2 AGC: n/a
General business risks are subject to periodical review.
G14Q029 Does the CSD hold liquid net assets funded by equity so that it can continue operations and services as a going concern if it incurs general business losses?
PFMI: Q.15.2.1 AGC: n/a yes
G14Q030 Does the CSD maintain a reserve for operating losses?
PFMI: Q.15.2.1 AGC: 89, 89b
Yes
○ No
○ Not applicable
G14Q031 How does the CSD calculate the amount of liquid net assets funded by equity to cover its general business risks?
PFMI: Q.15.2.2 AGC: n/a
Calculations are made in accordance with the Capital Requirement Policy.
G14Q032 How does the CSD determine the length of time and associated operating costs of achieving a recovery or orderly wind-down of critical operations and services?
PFMI: Q.15.2.2 AGC: n/a
Calculations are made in accordance with the Capital Requirement Policy
G14Q033 Please describe and indicate reserve (for operating losses) amount:
PFMI: Q.15.2.2 AGC: 89a.
As of 30 September 2023 the amount of depository's Reserve fund was 2,710,798.00 EUR.
G14Q034 Has the CSD developed a plan to achieve a recovery or orderly wind-down, as appropriate?
PFMI: Q.15.3.1a AGC: n/a
• Yes
○ No

G14Q035

If yes, what does this plan take into consideration (for example, the operational, technological and legal requirements for participants to establish and move to an alternative arrangement)?

PFMI: Q.15.3.1b

7100.780

Establishing of the alternative operation site, plan containing wind-down procedures.

G14Q036

What amount of liquid net assets funded by equity is the CSD holding for purposes of implementing this plan? How does the CSD determine whether this amount is sufficient for such implementation? Is this amount at a minimum equal to six months of the CSD's current operating expenses?

PFMI: Q.15.3.2

AGC: n/a

CSD is holding liquid net assets in average of 12 months operating expenses.

G14Q037

How are the resources designated to cover business risks and losses separated from resources designated to cover participant defaults or other risks covered under the financial resources principles?

PFMI: Q.15.3.3 AGC: n/a

All the risks are defined and valuated; their summary is defined by the capital requirements

G14Q038

Does the CSD include equity held under international risk-based capital standards to cover general business risks?

PFMI: Q.15.3.4

AGC: n/a

G14Q039

What is the composition of the CSD's liquid net assets funded by equity? How will the CSD convert these assets as needed into cash at little or no loss of value in adverse market conditions?

PFMI: Q.15.4.1

7100.780

The only CDCP investments are short time fixed deposits.

G14Q040

How does the CSD regularly assess the quality and liquidity of its liquid net assets funded by equity to meet its current and projected operating expenses under a range of scenarios, including in adverse market conditions?

PFMI: Q.15.4.2 AGC: n/a

In compliance with the investments policy the investment package and its quality are reviewed at least annually

G14Q04

Has the CSD developed a plan to raise additional equity? What are the main features of the CSD's plan to raise additional equity should its equity fall close to or fall below the amount needed?

PFMI: Q.15.5.1

Yes, for such case CDCP has a plan to raise additional equity.

G14Q042 How frequently is the plan to raise additional equity reviewed and updated?
PFMI: Q.15.5.2 AGC: n/a
At least annually or when the capital drops to 80% of requirements or below.
G14Q043 What is the role of the CSD's board (or equivalent) in reviewing and approving the CSD's plan to raise additional equity if needed?
PFMI: Q.15.5.3 AGC: n/a
Board of Directors approves the proposal to raise additional equity.
G14Q044 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a
Custody risk (PFMI Principle 16)
G15Q001 Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 16. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P16 AGC: n/a
CDCP Investment Strategy and the Risk Management Policy (and related procedures) are reviewed regularly by the relevant employees. Except that, the Investment Strategy is disclosed to the National Bank of Slovakia (the central bank). CDCP makes deposits only in banks, and these are regulated entities, supervised, obliged to implement relevant policies and procedures. Only domestic banks are used, no assets (CDCP or participant) held with foreign custodians. To avoid concentration of credit risk exposures CDCP investments are limited to short terms deposits, are distributed in minimum 3 banks and value is maximum of 40% of total available amount.
G15Q002 If the CSD uses custodians, how does the CSD select its custodians? What are the specific selection criteria the CSD uses, including supervision and regulation of these entities? How does the CSD monitor the custodians' adherence to these criteria?
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP deposits its asset only in banks, i.e. regulated financial institutions. The rule is that CDCP makes only short-term deposits and it is never only in one bank.
G15Q003 Are there any activities performed by a third party on behalf of the CSD for the CSD participants (e.g., vaulting of physical securities, registration, entitlement processing, etc.)?
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: 29, 29i
Yes
No Not applicable
OTHER:
G15Q004 If third parties are employed, please indicate which services they supply:
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: 29a.

G15Q005 If third parties are employed, does the CSD assume liability for losses incurred by participants as a result of the actions/inactions of the third parties?
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: 29b.
• Yes
○ No
G15Q006 If you acknowledge responsibility, please indicate whether your responsibility is assumed
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: 29c, 29e.
regardless of whether such loss was caused by any action or inaction of the agent
if such loss was caused by the agent's action or inaction and such action or inaction was deemed to be negligence on the part of the agent
if such loss was caused by the agent's action or inaction and such action or inaction was deemed to be gross negligence on the part of the agent
if the loss was caused by the willful default or other willful conduct on the part of the agent
OTHER:
G15Q007 If you acknowledge responsibility for agents, your responsibility is assumed for losses
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: 29d, 29h.
without limit
which are not consequential losses
subject to a monetary limit not based on insurance limits
subject to a monetary limit based on insurance limits
✓ OTHER: not applicable
G15Q008 Please specify limit:
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: 29f.
G15Q009 Please specify limit:
PFMI: Q.16.1.1 AGC: 29g.
G15Q010 How does the CSD verify that these entities have robust accounting practices, safekeeping procedures, and internal controls that fully protect its and its participants' assets?
PFMI: Q.16.1.2 AGC: n/a
CDCP deposits its own financial asset only in banks, which are regulated entities, supervised, obliged to implement relevant policies and procedures.

G15Q011

How has the CSD established that it has a sound legal basis to support enforcement of its interest or ownership rights in assets held in custody?

PFMI: Q.16.2.1

CDCP deposits its own financial asset only in banks, which are regulated entities, supervised, obliged to implement relevant policies and procedures.

G15Q012

How does the CSD ensure that it has prompt access to its assets, including securities that are held with a custodian in another time zone or legal jurisdiction, in the event of participant default?

PFMI: Q.16.2.2

AGC: n/a

Only domestic banks are used, own financial assets of CDCP are not held with the foreign custodians.

G15Q013

How does the CSD evaluate and understand its exposures to its custodian banks? In managing those exposures, how does it take into account the full scope of its relationship with each custodian bank? For instance, does the CSD use multiple custodians for the safekeeping of its assets to diversify exposure to any single custodian? How does the CSD monitor concentration of risk exposures to its custodian banks?

PFMI: Q.16.3.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP Risk Management procedures include also monitoring and assessing of the financial risks. Risk exposure to the bank is covered as well. CDCP implemented internal guidelines regulating capital adequacy, investment principles and concentration limits.

G15Q014

Please describe briefly the arrangements / procedures / facilities you maintain to ensure that eligible securities held at the CSD are handled at least as efficiently as compared to securities held outside the CSD, particularly in relation to income, corporate actions and proxy services.

PFMI: Q.16.3.1 AGC: 62

n/a

G15Q015

How does the CSD ensure that its investment strategy is consistent with its overall risk management strategy?

PFMI: Q.16.4.1a AGC: n/a

All written procedures, investment and risk management policies are reviewed regularly by the relevant employees.

G15Q016

How and to whom does the CSD disclose its investment strategy?

PFMI: Q.16.4.1b

AGC: n/a

The Investment Strategy is disclosed to the National Bank of Slovakia (the central bank).

G15Q017

How does the CSD ensure on an ongoing basis that its investments are secured by, or are claims on, high-quality obligors?

PFMI: Q.16.4.2

CDCP makes its investments in compliance with the investments policy.

How does the CSD consider its overall exposure to an obligor in choosing investments? What investments are subject to limits to avoid concentration of credit risk exposures?

PFMI: Q.16.4.3

The investments are limited to short terms investments only, are distributed in minimum 3 banks and value is maximum of 40% of total available amount

G15Q019

Does the CSD invest participant assets in the participants' own securities or those of its affiliates?

PFMI: Q.16.4.4 AGC: n/a

No

G15Q020

How does the CSD ensure that its investments allow for quick liquidation with little, if any, adverse price effect?

PFMI: Q.16.4.5 AGC: n/a

The only investments made are short time fixed deposits and contract conditions

G15Q021

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

Operational risk (PFMI Principle 17)

G16Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 17. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P17

Operational Risk Management is part of CDCP's risk management system. CDCP identified sources of operational risk in area of IT systems, human resources, from site of the external service providers, in external frauds, natural disasters and external attacks. Operational risk management framework is approved by the Board of Directors and is regularly reviewed. Requirements of the CSDR Regulation and other applicable EU regulations have been implemented into CDCP policies, rules and practice. Activities connected to the operational risks management are coordinated by the Risk Manager, who reports to the BoD and the Supervisory Board twice a year.

CDCP implemented practices for IT service management according to ITIL and information security standard ISO 27001. Before CDCP implements any major change of the IT systems, or starts to provide new service or product, detailed analysis is made. The operation environment has sufficient capacity to process all received transactions and volume stress-test are made at least annually. Each business process has assigned the recovery time what is reflected in relevant IT systems recovery plans, possible utilisation of secondary processing site is included. Business Continuity and Recovery plans are tested annually.

CDCP monitors operation of the key participants to mitigate related risks and with regard to connectivity of the participants to the CDCP Settlement System, their compliance

with relevant requirements is necessary. With regards to operational risk CDCP is exposed to by the service and utility providers, CDCP is performing detailed risk analysis. If identified risk is not acceptable the contract is terminated or not concluded.

Adequacy, effectiveness and reliability of management, operational and information systems and processes are reviewed by the Internal Audit Department. The controls conducted by the Internal Audit are executed according to the plans of internal controls approved by the BoD and the Supervisory Board. The external audits may be performed by the regulator - the National Bank of Slovakia (on its discretion) or by the external independent auditor - ad-hoc, based on CDCP order.

G16Q002

What are the CSD's policies and processes for identifying the plausible sources of operational risks? How do the CSD's processes identify plausible sources of operational risks, whether these risks arise from internal sources (for example, the arrangements of the system itself, including human resources), from the CSD's participants or from external sources?

PFMI: Q.17.1.1

Operational risk management is an integral part of CDCP's risk management system. For details see answers in the part Comprehensive risk management.

G16Q003

What sources of operational risks has the CSD identified? What single points of failure in its operations has the CSD identified?

PFMI: Q.17.1.2

The plausible sources of operational risks identified by CDCP are IT systems, human resources, external service providers, natural disasters and external attacks.

G16Q004

How does the CSD monitor and manage the identified operational risks? Where are these systems, policies, procedures and controls documented?

PFMI: Q.17.1.3 AGC: n/a

Refer to PFMI Q.17.1.1

G16Q005

What policies, processes and controls does the CSD employ that are designed to ensure that operational procedures are implemented appropriately? To what extent do the CSD's systems, policies, processes and controls take into consideration relevant international, national and industry-level operational risk management standards?

PFMI: Q.17.1.4

All Operational Risk management requirements derived from CSDR Regulation and other applicable EU regulations have been implemented into CDCP policies, rules as well as practice. CDCP implemented internal control mechanisms to ensure compliance with mentioned policies and procedures and to ensure their compliance with relevant regulation.

G16Q006

What are the CSD's human resources policies to hire, train and retain qualified personnel, and how do such policies mitigate the effects of high rates of personnel turnover or key-person risk? How do the CSD's human resources and risk management policies address fraud prevention?

PFMI: Q.17.1.5 AGC: n/a

CDCP has stable and functional system for remuneration /remuneration policy, remuneration committee/, providing for transparent, non-discriminatory and consistent method to set salaries for individual positions/functions. The remuneration policy is compliant with the business strategy, goals, values and long-term interest of the company.

Measure preventing the conflict of interest are included (CDCP has separate regulation managing conflict of interests). CDCP adopted internal regulations for e.g. Training and education of employees, Organisation rules, Working regulations. CDCP has separate Human resources department.

G16Q007

How do the CSD's change management and project management policies and processes mitigate the risks that changes and major projects inadvertently affect the smooth functioning of the system?

PFMI: Q.17.1.6 AGC: n/a

Operational risk management is present in CDCP's change management and project management procedures. Without a detailed risk analysis neither a major change nor new product may be put into life.

G16Q008

How has the board of directors defined the key roles and responsibilities for operational risk management?

PFMI: Q.17.2.1 AGC: n/a

Risk manager is a key person who coordinates all activities in the area of operational risk management and reports to the board of directors as well as the supervisory board. Senior management as well as middle management are regularly involved.

G16Q009

Does the CSD's board explicitly review and endorse the CSD's operational risk management framework? How frequently does the board review and endorse the CSD's operational risk management framework?

PFMI: Q.17.2.2

AGC: n/a

Operational risk management framework as a part of comprehensive risk management is endorsed by the board. It reviews the framework semi-annually when the regular risk report is submitted by the Risk Manager.

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	G16Q010 How does the CSD review, audit and test its systems, policies, procedures and controls, including its operational risk management arrangements with participants? How frequently does the CSD conduct these reviews, audits and tests with participants?
	PFMI: Q.17.2.3 AGC: n/a
	Policies and procedures (notably BC plans and recovery plans) are tested annually, including stress tests with participants. The operational risk management system is audited every year by internal and external auditors.
	G16Q011 Internal Audit. Is an internal audit undertaken in your CSD?
	PFMI: Q.17.2.3 AGC: 14
	• Yes
	O No
	G16Q012 If yes, what areas does the audit cover (financials, operations, etc.) and which department in your CSD handles it?
	PFMI: Q.17.2.3 AGC: 14a.
	The Internal Audit Department provides assurance on the risk management activities related to ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of management, operational and information processes and systems in terms of achieving the objectives and tasks of the CSD, reliability and integrity of financial and operational information, efficiency, effectiveness and cost - asset protection and compliance with generally binding legislation, internal regulations, contracts, and recommendations for its improvement.
	G16Q013 Please list the date of your last internal audit and the period that the audit covered:
	PFMI: Q.17.2.3 AGC: 14b.
	Start date: 01/04/2021 End date: 29/03/2023 Audit date: 15/05/2023
	G16Q014 How frequently does the internal audit occur?
	PFMI: Q.17.2.3 AGC: 14c.
	Two or more times a year
	O Annually
	C Less than annually
	G16Q015 If less than annually, please explain:
	PFMI: Q.17.2.3 AGC: 14d.

G16Q016 Are the results of the internal audit publicly available?
PFMI: 0.17.2.3 AGC: 14e.
○ Yes
● No
G16Q017 Please select the statement that most accurately characterizes the results of the last internal audit:
PFMI: Q.17.2.3 AGC: 14f.
No material exceptions found.
○ Minor exceptions found.
Material exceptions found.
G16Q018 If minor or material exceptions were found, what actions were taken? Please describe:
PFMI: 0.17.2.3 AGC: 14g.
G16Q019 To what extent, where relevant, is the CSD's operational risk management framework subject to external audit?
PFMI: Q.17.2.4 AGC: n/a
Risk management framework is audited based on the audit plan by the internal audit department in cooperation with external auditor.
G16Q020 Is an operational audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party?
PFMI: Q.17.2.4 AGC: 16
Yes
○ No
G16Q021 If yes, please state the name(s) of the entity(ies) who perform the operational audit.
PFMI: Q.17.2.4 AGC: 16a.
Internal auditor in cooperation with external party - independent auditor appointed by the CSD
G16Q022 Please list the date of your last operational audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party:
PFMI: 0.17.2.4 AGC: 16b.

G16Q023 Please list the period that the audit covered:
PFMI: Q.17.2.4 AGC: 16c.
Start date: 01/04/2021 End date: 29/03/2023
G16Q024 How frequently does the operational audit occur?
PFMI: Q.17.2.4 AGC: 16d.
Two or more times a year
Annually
C Less than annually
G16Q025 If less than annually, please explain:
PFMI: 0.17.2.4 AGC: 16e.
G16Q026 Please select the statement that most accurately characterizes the results of the last operational audit: PFMI: Q.17.2.4
AGC: 16g.
No material exceptions found.
Minor exceptions found.
○ Material exceptions found.
G16Q027 If minor or material exceptions were found, what actions were taken? Please describe:
PFMI: Q.17.2.4 AGC: 16h.
G16Q028 What are the CSD's operational reliability objectives, both qualitative and quantitative? Where and how are they documented?
PFMI: Q.17.3.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP has several qualitative and quantitative indicators of operational reliability. These are documented in the relevant internal regulations of CDCP and in the Rules of Operation and are regularly reported to the management of CDCP, to the user committee and to the supervisory authority.
G16Q029 How do these objectives ensure a high degree of operational reliability?
PFMI: Q.17.3.2 AGC: n/a
The targets are set so that the CDCP system can process the usual volume of transactions on the market and make the system available to participants in the specified percentage range (99,5%) of the total declared availability of the system in a given period.

G16Q030

What are the policies in place that are designed to achieve the CSD's operational reliability objectives to ensure that the CSD takes appropriate action as needed?

PFMI: Q.17.3.3 AGC: n/a

The operational reliability objectives are ensured by CDCP in accordance with the Information Security Management System Policy and other relevant internal regulations governing among other things the continuity of operation of CDCP information systems, implementation of planned changes to the production environment after the notification of the participants and at the respective phase of the operating day (maintenance window), security in the development of information systems and change management.

G16Q031

How does the CSD review, audit and test the scalability and adequacy of its capacity to handle, at a minimum, projected stress volumes? How frequently does the CSD conduct these reviews, audits and tests?

PFMI: Q.17.4.1

The operation environment is developed and maintained with adequate spare capacity in relation to usual volume of transactions on the market. The operation environment has sufficient capacity to process all transactions before the end of the operation day phase. CDCP tests stress volumes processing at least 1 x per year.

G16Q032

How are situations where operational capacity is neared or exceeded addressed?

PFMI: Q.17.4.2 AGC: n/a

The participants are obliged to report increase in volume of transactions to CDCP. That allows CDCP to monitor processing and to increase IT sources for virtual operation environment in advance.

G16Q033

What are the CSD's policies and processes, including change management and project management policies and processes, for addressing the plausible sources of physical vulnerabilities and threats on an ongoing basis?

PFMI: Q.17.5.1 AGC: n/a

CDCP has all necessary documents covering procedures and policies (internal documents) addressing all relevant risks

G16Q034

How is access to the physical building controlled?

PFMI: Q.17.5.1 AGC: 74

- By guards
- By electronic keys
- personal ID card
- By alarm system
- OTHER:

G16Q035

Please explain:

PFMI: Q.17.5.1 AGC: 74a.

G16Q036 Do the CSD's policies, processes, controls and testing appropriately take into consideration relevant international, national and industry-level standards for physical security?
PFMI: Q.17.5.2 AGC: n/a
Yes, CDCP takes in account relevant international and national standards.
G16Q037 What are the CSD's policies and processes, including change management and project management policies and processes, for addressing the plausible sources of information security vulnerabilities and threats on an ongoing basis?
PFMI: Q.17.5.3 AGC: n/a
CDCP has implemented practices for IT service management according to ITIL and information security standards according to ISO 27001 which covers also incident and change management and testing procedures. According to information security standards CDCP maintains plans for risk mitigation actions and monitoring activities which are regularly reviewed and updated (4 times per year).
G16Q038 Regarding data security: Are passwords used by participants to access their accounts?
PFMI: Q.17.5.3 AGC: 71 71a.
Yes
○ No ○ Not applicable
— постарывальной постаную пост — постаную по
G16Q039 Does each user have a unique user ID?
PFMI: Q.17.5.3 AGC: 71c.
• Yes
○ No Not applicable
от пот аррисане
G16Q040 Are passwords regularly changed?
PFMI: Q.17.5.3 AGC: 71e.
• Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G16Q041 How often?
PFMI: Q.17.5.3 AGC: 71f.
annually

G16Q042 Is there a user lock-out after a pre-set number of unsuccessful User ID attempts?
PFMI: Q.17.5.3 AGC: 71h.
○ Yes
○ No
Not applicable
G16Q043 How many?
PFMI: Q.17.5.3 AGC: 71i.
G16Q044 Do the CSD's policies, processes, controls and testing appropriately take into consideration relevant international, national and industry-level standards for information security?
PFMI: Q.17.5.4 AGC: n/a
Yes, the information security Standard ISO 27001.
G16Q045 How and to what extent does the CSD's business continuity plan reflect objectives, policies and procedures that allow for the rapid recovery and timely resumption of critical operations following a wide-scale or major disruption?
PFMI: Q.17.6.1 AGC: n/a
CDCP categorizes all its processes. For every business process maximum allowed "return to operation time" is assigned and this is reflected in relevant IT systems recovery plans and processes in order to resume of critical operations following any disruption.
G16Q046 How and to what extent is the CSD's business continuity plan designed to enable critical IT systems to resume operations within two hours following disruptive events, and to enable the CSD to facilitate or complete settlement by the end of the day even in extreme circumstances?
PFMI: 0.17.6.2 AGC: n/a
All critical CDCP's business processes are identified and relevant IT systems recovery plans and processes are designed with the aim to resume operations within two hours after disruptive events and complete settlement by the end of the day.
G16Q047 How quickly can the main system be reactivated in the event of an outage?
PFMI: Q.17.6.2 AGC: 82
O 1 - 4 hours
O 4 - 8 hours
O 8 - 24 hours
C Longer than 24 hours
O Not applicable
Other: within 2 hours

Eurosystem

G16Q048 How is the contingency plan designed to ensure that the status of all transactions can be identified in a timely manner, at the time of the disruption, and if there is a possibility of data loss, what are the procedures to deal with such loss (for example, reconciliation with participants or third parties)?
PFMI: 0.17.6.3 AGC: n/a
Transaction log is back-uped during the day every 2 minutes to the secondary site. Possible loss of data within max 2 minutes would be resolved by reconciliation with participants.
G16Q049 How do the CSD's crisis management procedures address the need for effective communications internally and with key external stakeholders and authorities?
PFMI: Q.17.6.4 AGC: n/a
Internal as well as external crisis communication is described in detail in the Business Continuity Plans.
G16Q050 Will the CSD publicly announce any system interruption?
PFMI: Q.17.6.4 AGC: 84
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G16Q051 To whom will the CSD disclose any system interruptions?
PFMI: 0.17.6.4 AGC: 84a.
✓ To the CSD regulators
✓ To all direct participants
To direct and indirect participants
✓ To the public via the internet
☐ In the press ✓ OTHER: Eurosystem
G160052 If so, please list webpage address:
PFMI: Q.17.6.4 AGC: 84b.
www.cdcp.sk
G16Q053 If so, please list all publications:
PFMI: Q.17.6.4 AGC: 84c.
G16Q054
Please explain:
PFMI: Q.17.6.4 AGC: 84d.

G16Q055 How will the CSD disclose any system interruptions?
PFMI: 0.17.6.4 AGC: 84e.
✓ By e-mail
By telephone
Public announcement
Press release
OTHER: Public announcement only in case of critical failure. Official letter to the National Bank of Slovakia (CB)
G16Q056 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.17.6.4 AGC: 84f.
Public announcement only in case of critical failure. Official letter to the National Bank of Slovakia (CB)
G16Q057 How does the CSD's business continuity plan incorporate the use of a secondary site (including ensuring that the secondary site has sufficient resources, capabilities, functionalities and appropriate staffing arrangements)? To what extent is the secondary site located a sufficient geographic distance from the primary site such that it has a distinct risk profile?
PFMI: 0.17.6.5 AGC: n/a
The use of the secondary site is incorporated in respective Business Continuity Plan comprehensively. Location of the secondary site is confidential.
G16Q058 If a back-up system exists, how quickly can the back-up system be activated in the event of the main system failing?
PFMI: Q.17.6.5 AGC: 83
1 - 4 hours
1 - 4 hours 4 - 8 hours
○ 4 · 8 hours
○ 4 - 8 hours ○ 8 - 24 hours
4 - 8 hours 8 - 24 hours Longer than 24 hours
4 - 8 hours 8 - 24 hours Longer than 24 hours
4 - 8 hours 8 - 24 hours Longer than 24 hours Not applicable G16Q059 Has the CSD considered alternative arrangements (such as manual, paper-based procedures or other alternatives) to allow the processing of time-critical
4 - 8 hours 8 - 24 hours Longer than 24 hours Not applicable G16Q059 Has the CSD considered alternative arrangements (such as manual, paper-based procedures or other alternatives) to allow the processing of time-critical transactions in extreme circumstances? PFMI: Q.17.6.6
4 - 8 hours 8 - 24 hours Longer than 24 hours Not applicable G16Q059 Has the CSD considered alternative arrangements (such as manual, paper-based procedures or other alternatives) to allow the processing of time-critical transactions in extreme circumstances? PFMI: 0.17.6.6 AGC: n/a
4 - 8 hours 8 - 24 hours Longer than 24 hours Not applicable G16Q059 Has the CSD considered alternative arrangements (such as manual, paper-based procedures or other alternatives) to allow the processing of time-critical transactions in extreme circumstances? PFMI: Q.17.6.6 AGC: n/a
4 · 8 hours 8 · 24 hours Longer than 24 hours Not applicable G160059 Has the CSD considered alternative arrangements (such as manual, paper-based procedures or other alternatives) to allow the processing of time-critical transactions in extreme circumstances? PFMI: 0.17.6.6 AGC: n/a Yes. G160060 How are the CSD's business continuity and contingency arrangements reviewed and tested, including with respect to scenarios related to wide-scale and

G16Q061 How does the review and testing of the CSD's business continuity and contingency arrangements involve the CSD's participants, critical service providers and linked CSD? as relevant? How frequently are the CSD's participants, critical service providers and linked CSD? involved in the review and testing?
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: n/a
Participants are involved in testing of business continuity and contingency arrangements once a year.
G160062 BUSINESS RECOVERY PLAN. This section is intended to identify key aspects of the CSD's Business Recovery Plan (BRP), including testing requirements and past results, expected recovery time periods, and the independent review and validation (if any) of the BRP. Do you have a formal business recovery plan?
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 81
• Yes
○ No
G16Q063 Does your Business Recovery Plan include:
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 81a, 81h.
✓ Back-up of all computer files
✓ Off-site data storage
Back-up files stored and locked
✓ Off-site operations facility
OTHER:
G160064 Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: CSD participants/members
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 81b.
The frequency of testing is once a year; the last testing with involvement of the participants was in September 2023.
G16Q065 Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Stock exchange
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 81c.
n/a
G16Q066 Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Central bank
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 81d.
n/a
G16Q067 Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Local brokers
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 81e.
n/a

G16Q068 Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Any other third party
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 811.
n/a
G16Q069 In the past three years, has it been necessary to activate the recovery plan in a live situation?
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 85
○ Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G16Q070 If yes, how much time was needed to implement the recovery plan?
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 85a.
C Less than 1 hour
O 1 - 2 hours
O 2 - 4 hours
O Longer than 4 hours
G16Q071 How much time was needed to recover and restore business to normal operations?
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 85b.
O 1 - 4 hours
O 4 - 8 hours
O 8 - 24 hours
O Longer than 24 hours

G16Q072 What was the impact to the market?
PFMI: Q.17.6.8 AGC: 85c, 85d.
All securities settlements took place as scheduled on the same day with good value
All cash settlements took place as scheduled on the same day with good value
All securities settlements took place one business day late with good value
All cash settlements took place one business day late with good value
All securities settlements took place one business day late with value one day late
All cash settlements took place one business day late with value one day late
All securities settlements took place more than one business day late
All cash settlements took place more than one business day late
As a result of the system failure, all fines and penalties for late settlements were waived
Even though there was a system failure, all fines and penalties for late settlements were still assessed
✓ OTHER: no applicable
G16Q073 If no or other, please explain
PFMI: Q.17.7.4 AGC: 40a.
G16Q074 What risks has the CSD identified to its operations arising from its key participants, other CSD, and service and utility providers? How and to what extent does the CSD monitor and manage these risks?
PFM: Q.17.7.1 AGC: n/a
Operational failure has been identified as a risk arising from key participants and CSDs. Therefore CDCP monitors operations of key participants and requires measures to be applied in terms of their connectivity to CDCP Settlement System and their participation on the failure testing.
Service and utility providers, namely key providers, expose CDCP to operational risks. Any arrangement undergos detailed risk analysis. If an unacceptable risk exposure has been recognized, the contract is refused or terminated and an alternative provider is searched for.
G16Q075 Are procedures and controls (firewalls) in place to avoid systemic collapse or contamination if one of the linked entities should experience business interruptions for whatever reason?
PFMI: Q.17.7.1 AGC: 39
✓ Yes
□ No
Not applicable
G16Q076 Please explain
PFMI: Q.17.7.1 AGC: 39a
Yes, there are two firewalls in place. Logs are reviewed on regular basis.

G160077 If the CSD has outsourced services critical to its operations, how and to what extent does the CSD ensure that the operations of a critical service provider meet the same reliability and contingency requirements they would need to meet if they were provided internally?
PFMI: Q.17.7.2 AGC: n/a
SLA parameters are defined in all contracts with critical service providers.
G16Q078 How and to what extent does the CSD identify, monitor and mitigate the risks it may pose to another FMI?
PFMI: Q.17.7.3 AGC: n/a
CDCP has implemented standard risk management procedures also for risk it poses to other FMI
G16Q079 To what extent does the CSD coordinate its business continuity arrangements with those of other interdependent CSDs?
PFMI: Q.17.7.4 AGC: n/a
Emergency plans are being developed for all interdependencies.
G16Q080 Has a business interruption recovery plan been developed in the event the linkages should become inoperable for any reason?
PFMI: Q.17.7.4 AGC: 40
• Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other
Appropriate measures for such situation have been incorporated to the Rules of Operation and reflected in practise.
G16Q081 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.
PFMI: n/a

Access and participation requirements (PFMI Principle 18)

G17Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 18. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P18 AGC: n/a

CDCP has established legal, operational and financial criteria for access of participant. Criteria have been determined as measures to mitigate the potential risks an external entity – applicant for participation – might pose to CDCP and its clients. The scope of entities that may become participants in the securities settlement system of CDCP is set by EU regulation. Legal criteria are established to demonstrate the applicant's legal status for granting the access and authorisation to access individual types of services, existence of an applicant as the entity, non-applicability of international sanctions, information on how confidentiality and data protection is ensured by the applicant and information that allows CDCP to assess the applicant from AML point of view. Operational criteria are established to allow CDCP to assess the applicant's operational capacity, adequacy of its operational risk management system and business continuity arrangements, the adequacy of its IT tools and communication with CDCP in connection with execution of activities as CDCP participant, management of the applicant's conflict of interest, arrangement of information safety by the applicant, the existence of necessary identification codes in order to identify the participant in the CDCP's system or for reporting purposes and identification of applicant's DCA account. Financial criteria are established to assess the applicant's ability to meet its contractual obligations towards CDCP and to perform activities of the participant. All access criteria are assessed by CDCP prior to granting the access of participant to the securities settlement system. The applicant will be granted the access to the settlement system only if it meets all participation criteria and it does not pose any material risks to CDCP and its clients. Participants must meet participation criteria on an ongoing basis. CDCP is authorised to regularly assess compliance of participants with the participation criteria, what is done with annual frequency. The Participants are bound by the rules of CDCP and the agreement on participation to report any non-compliance with the participation criteria without any delay. Should CDCP itself identify any non-compliance with the participation criteria, it may take remedial measures defined by the Rules of Operation of CDCP. The participation criteria are open and nondiscriminatory and are publicly available on the CDCP's website to any interested party

What are the CSD's criteria and requirements for participation (such as operational, financial and legal requirements)?

PFMI: Q.18.1.1

Legal criteria: existence of legal status for granting the access of participant; authorisation for access to individual types of services; identification of a supervisory body in case of an applicant from non-EU country; non-applicability of international and European sanctions to the applicant; information on confidentiality and data protection; AML; fulfilment of other legal requirements for granting the access of participant. Operational criteria: sufficient operational capacity; functional operational risk management system; risk management of the applicant which has access through an authorised participant (if applicable); management of conflict of interest; business continuity; BIC code, LEI code, DCA account, MIC code in case of trading venue, appropriate IT tools and communication with CDCP, participation in testing of IT systems; information safety; meeting other operational requirements for granting the access of participant. Financial criteria: sufficient financial resources for meeting the contractual obligations; sufficient financial resources for execution of activities of a participant

G17Q003

Are prospective participants subject to an initial review and approval process regarding compliance with eligibility requirements?

PFMI: Q.18.1.1 AGC: 19



Yes



O Not applicable

How do these criteria and requirements allow for fair and open access to the CSD's services, including by direct and, where relevant, indirect participants and other CSD?, based on reasonable risk-related participation requirements?

PFMI: Q.18.1.2 AGC: n/a

Most of the participation criteria set by CDCP are risk-related, transparent - are publicly available on CDCP web site (in the Rules of Operation and the Executory Decree No.3, including requirements on demonstration of participation criteria) and non-discriminatory - requirements and fees are not based on size or origin of the applicant.

G17Q005

How are the participation requirements for the CSD justified in terms of the safety and efficiency of the CSD and its role in the markets it serves, and tailored to and commensurate with the CSD's specific risks?

PFMI: O 18.2 1

The participation criteria were set as mitigation measures in order to minimise the risks that CSD and its clients might be exposed to by the external entities - i.e. by the participants.

G17Q006 Are there participation requirements that are not risk-based but required by law or regulation? If so, what are these requirements?
PFMI: Q.18.2.2 AGC: n/a
Yes - provision of a BIC, a LEI and a MIC code, a DCA account;
G17Q007 What governs the relationship between the CSD and the participants?
PFMI: Q.18.2.2 AGC: 20
Relevant law and regulation
✓ Standard participation contract
Established terms and conditions of participation
By-laws of the CSD
Rules of the CSD
Not applicable
OTHER:
G17Q008 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.18.2.2 AGC: 20a
n/a
G17O009 Are all classes of participants subject to the same access criteria? If not, what is the rationale for the different criteria (for example, size or type of activity, additional requirements for participants that act on behalf of third parties, and additional requirements for participants that are non-regulated entities)? PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: n/a
No, but the differences between participation criteria are minimal and modified criteria apply to one specific class of applicants for access (other market infrastructure).
G17Q010 PARTICIPANTS AND PARTICIPATION. The purpose of this section is to understand issues relating to participation in the CSD, including eligibility requirements, conditions of participation, and supervision of participants. What types of entities are eligible to become participants and how many of each type are there currently?
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17, 17q
✓ Banks
✓ Brokers
☐ Individuals
✓ Foreign Institutions
Not applicable
OTHER: central bank (1), state debt and liquidity management agency (1), central securities depositories (4)
G17Q011 How many Bank participants are there currently? (then please answer 17b)
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17a.
12 (domestic and foreign)

G17Q012 Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Banks.
PFMI: 0.18.2.3
AGC: 17b, 17d
Financial Thresholds
Regulatory Oversight
Market Experience
OTHER: Legal, operational and financial criteria applicable to participants as detailed in the response to question G17.Q 002 (Q.18.1.1)
G17Q013 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17d.
The legal, operational and financial criteria detailed as follows (non-exhaustive list of criteria):
Legal criteria: legal status for granting the access of participant, information on confidentiality and data protection, AML, non-applicability of international sanctions and other legal requirements (if applicable);
Operational criteria: sufficient operational capacity, functional operational risk management system, business continuity arrangements, relevant codes allocated to the applicant (BIC, LEI,),
DCA, information security, other operational requirements (if applicable); Financial criteria: financial resources for meeting contractual obligations and for performance of participant's activities
- Thailad Grana Maria Cocardo II. Moding Corrected Singulation and Green Participants activities
G17Q014 How many Broker participants are there currently? (then please answer 17f)
PFMI: Q.18.2.3
AGC: 17e. 5 (domestic and foreign)
G17Q015 Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Brokers.
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17f, 17h
Financial Thresholds
Regulatory Oversight
Market Experience
OTHER: Legal, operational and financial criteria applicable to participants as detailed in response to question G17.Q 002 (Q.18.1.1)
G17Q016 How many Individual participants are there currently? (then please answer 17j)
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17i.
047047
G17Q017 Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Individual participants.
PFMI: 0.18.2.3 AGC: 17j.
Financial Thresholds
Regulatory Oversight
Market Experience

G17Q018 How many Foreign Institution participants are there currently?
PFMI: Q.18.2.3
AGC: 17m.
G17Q019 Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Foreign Institution participants.
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17n, 17p.
Financial Thresholds
Regulatory Oversight
Market Experience
OTHER: Legal, operational and financial criteria applicable to participants as detailed in response to question G17.Q 002 (Q.18.1.1)
G17Q020 If you have selected "Other entities" above, please explain: PFMI: Q.18.2.3
AGC: 17q.
the Central Bank, state Debt and Liquidity Management Agency and other CSDs
G17Q021 Indicate how many "Other entities" are currently participants?
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17r.
the Central Bank (1), State Debt and Liquidity Management Agency (1), other foreign CSDs (4)
G170022 Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for the participants referred to above as "Other entities".
PFMI: Q.18.2.3 AGC: 17s, 17u
☐ Financial Thresholds
Regulatory Oversight
✓ Market Experience
OTHER: Legal, operational and financial criteria applicable to participants as detailed in response to question G17.Q 002 (18.1.1)
G17Q023 How are the access restrictions and requirements reviewed to ensure that they have the least restrictive access that circumstances permit, consistent with maintaining acceptable risk controls? How frequently is this review conducted?
PFMI: Q.18.2.4 AGC: n/a
The access requirements review frequency is not set, but the requirements could be reviewed upon annual review of eligibility of participants or when the risks that an individual participant poses to CDCP or its clients increase to an unacceptable level.
G17Q024 How are participation criteria, including restrictions in participation, publicly disclosed?
PFMI: Q.18.2.5 AGC: n/a
on the website

G17Q025 Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Bank participants be found?
PFMI: Q.18.2:5 AGC: 17c.
in the Rules of Operation of CDCP and the Executory Decree No.3
G17O026 Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Broker participants be found?
PFMI: Q.18.2.5 AGC: 17g.
in the Rules of Operation of CDCP and the Executory Decree No.3
G17O027 Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Individual participants be found?
PFMI: Q.18.2.5 AGC: 17k.
G17Q028 Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Foreign Institution participants be found?
PFMI: Q.18.2.5 AGC: 17o.
in the Rules of Operation of CDCP and the Executory Decree No.3
G17Q029 Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for participants described above as "Other entities" be found?
PFMI: Q.18.2.5 AGC: 17t.
in the Rules of Operation of CDCP and the Executory Decree No.3
G17Q030 How does the CSD notify participants of material changes to the conditions of participation?
PFMI: Q.18.2.5 AGC: 22
✓ By e-mail
By telephone By public announcement
By press release
Not applicable
OTHER: via the User Committee
G17Q031 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.18.2.5 AGC: 22a. via the User Committee

G17Q032 How does the CSD monitor its participants' ongoing compliance with the access criteria? How are the CSD's policies designed to ensure that the information it uses to monitor compliance with participation criteria is timely and accurate?
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: n/a
Each department involved in assessment of applicant's compliance with the participation criteria monitors whether participants meet the participation criteria on an ongoing basis. On annual basis CDCP shall send a questionnaire to participants that contains requirements to demonstrate compliance with the participation criteria. The participants are also obligated to notify CDCP when they no longer meet the participation criteria.
G17Q033 Who enforces compliance with the CSD's conditions of participation?
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 23
✓ The CSD
The exchange
The CSD's regulator
Not applicable
OTHER:
G17Q034 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 23a
G17Q035 Does the CSD have forms of oversight management for assessing and monitoring of the following?
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79
Participant eligibility requirements
✓ Participant volumes
Participant financial strength
Other loss or default protections the CSD maintains
Collateral requirements for participants
Debit caps for participants
Settlement controls that minimize or eliminate the risk of default by a participant Blocking of securities movement before receipt of payment
Blocking payment until securities are moved
Not applicable
OTHER:
G17Q036 Please explain other loss or default protections:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79a
G17Q037 Please explain the requirements:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79b

G17Q038 Please explain how these debit caps work:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79c
G17Q039 What type or types of settlement controls
PFMI: 0.18.3.1 AGC: 79d.
Blocking or freezing of securities positions
Controlling DVP settlement
Simultaneous DVP
OTHER:
G17Q040 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79e.
G17Q041 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79f.
G17Q042 Please explain:
PFMI: 0.18.3.1 AGC: 79g.
Settlement of transactions in the Target2-Securities platform: transfer of cash and securities is simultaneous.
G17Q043 Please identify and explain:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79h
G17Q044 Please explain briefly how these work:
PFMI: Q.18.3.1 AGC: 79i
G17Q045
What are the CSD's policies for conducting enhanced surveillance of, or imposing additional controls on, a participant whose risk profile deteriorates?
PFMI: Q.18.3.2 AGC: n/a

A manager responsible for identification and monitoring of risks within his/her competence should identify the risks on a continuous basis and during regular assessment of participant's compliance with the participation criteria. The manager should enter any identified risk in the catalogue of risks. The catalogue of risks contains also proposed measures for mitigation of the risk exposure to the acceptable level or description of measures that are being implemented and the status of their implementation. If the manager identifies an increase of the risk level during the continuous identification and measuring the risks resulting from access of participant, he/she informs the risk manager. If at the same time the breach of the Rules of Operations is identified, it is reported to the Committee for measures and sanctions of CDCP and the committee may produce a proposal for action to be taken against participant that is submitted to the Board of Directors for decision. The same procedures apply also in case of regular assessment of compliance with the participation criteria.

PFMI: Q.18.3.4 AGC: n/a

G17Q046
What are the CSD's procedures for managing the suspension and orderly exit of a participant that breaches, or no longer meets, the participation requirements?

PFMI: Q.18.3.3
AGC: n/a

Suspension of access to services or exit of participant are the measures that can be imposed by CDCP in compliance with its Rules of Operations in case that any other measures imposed on participant were not fulfilled. Details of suspension of access to services are specified in the Rules of Operation, part II Article 14 and the details of withdrawal of access of participant are specified in Article 16. Both measures can be proposed by the Committee for measures and sanctions of CDCP and they must be approved by the Board of Directors. Suspension of access to services can apply to all services or part of services that participant executes pursuant to granted access and depending on the reason of suspension. Suspension of access to beligations that resulted from provision of services to which it was granted the access. From this moment the participant is authorised to execute only the actions that lead to settlement of his obligations resulting from his position of participant or actions stipulated in the Rules of Operation. The participant has to transfer the assets of clients/owners of accounts kept with another CSD or another participant of the CSD. The participant is not authorised to process new instructions or to submit requests for services unless otherwise stipulated by the Rules of Operation.

G17Q047 What enforcement actions are available to the enforcement authority? PFMI: Q.18.3.3 AGC: 24 Fines Restrictions on participation Suspension of participation Termination of participation Not applicable ✓ OTHER: Notification of detected insufficiencies and their removal, restriction on access etc. G17Q048 Please explain: PFMI: Q.18.3.3 AGC: 24a Notification of detected insufficiencies, and recommendation for their removal, measures for remedy of detected insufficiencies, restriction on access to services, suspension of access to services (all mentioned measures precede the final measure, i.e. termination of participation). Has there been any such enforcement actions in the last three years? PFMI: Q.18.3.3 O Yes No If yes, please explain, including information relative to any suspensions of CSD participants: PFMI: Q.18.3.3 AGC: 25a. How are the CSD's procedures for managing the suspension and orderly exit of a participant disclosed to the public?

Suspension of a participant is publicly disclosed on the day of approval of such decision by CDCP; it is disclosed by means of publishing the announcement on the CDCP's website. Withdrawal of access (i.e. exit of participant) is announced by CDCP to all participants, other market infrastructures that have been granted access to CDCP and to regulator and this fact is also published on the CDCP's website.

G17Q052

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group

PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

Tiered participation (PFMI Principle 19)

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 19. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P19

CDCP does not recognise concept of an indirect participation in its rules; nevertheless clients of CDCP direct participants should be disclosed to CDCP when instructions of the participant's clients processed by participant reach certain percentage on total volume/value of instructions processed by direct participant.

G18Q002

Does the CSD have any tiered participation arrangements? If so, describe these arrangements.

PFMI: Q.19.1.1 AGC: n/a

No.

How does the CSD gather basic information about indirect participation? Which information is collected and how frequently is it updated?

PFMI: Q.19.1.2

The information on clients of direct participants is collected through participants if certain participant exceeds set limits on transaction volumes and values instructed by the clients of participant Data is updated semi-annually and information on the participant's client contains: its commercial name, registered seat, company ID number, BIC, LEI, percentage of volume and/or value of settled instructions of participant's client on the total volume and/or value of instructions settled by the participant in assessed period. Details on limits are included in the Executory Decree No.4 to the Rules of Operation

G18Q004

How does the CSD evaluate its risks arising from these arrangements?

PFMI: Q.19.1.3 AGC: n/a

What material risks to the CSD arising from tiered participation arrangements has the CSD identified? How has it mitigated these risks?

PFMI: Q.19.1.4

n/a

How does the CSD identify material dependencies between direct and indirect participants that might affect the CSD?

PFMI: Q.19.2.1

AGC: n/a

By analysing settled instructions submitted by the clients of participants.

G180007

Has the CSD identified (a) the proportion of activity that each direct participant conducts on behalf of indirect participants in relation to the direct participants' capacity, (b) direct participants that act on behalf of a material number of indirect participants, (c) indirect participants responsible for a significant proportion of turnover in the system, and (d) indirect participants whose transaction volumes or values are large relative to the capacity of the direct participant through which they access the CSD to manage risks arising from these transactions?

PFMI: Q.19.3.1 AGC: n/a

a) Yes;b) No;

c) No;

d) No

G18Q008

What risks to the CSD arise, and how does the CSD manage these risks arising from key indirect participants?

PFMI: Q.19.3.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G18Q009

What are the CSD's policies for reviewing its rules and procedures in order to mitigate risks to the CSD arising from tiered participation? How frequently is this review conducted?

PFMI: Q.19.4.1

n/a

G18Q010

What criteria does the CSD use to determine when mitigating actions are required? How does the CSD monitor and mitigate its risks?

PFMI: Q.19.4.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G18Q01

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a

Links (PFMI Principle 20)

G19Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 20. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P20

AGC: n/a

When creating a link with an investor CSD, CDCP conducts assessment of the requesting CSD against participation criteria and it follows the same procedure as in case of admitting the participant. CDCP grants access to its settlement system to requesting CSD if all participation criteria have been met and if the applicant does not pose any risks to CDCP and its clients that would be deemed unacceptable. In case CDCP as the investor CSD considers to create a link with an issuer CSD, CDCP first makes a due diligence of the issuer CSD that creates a basis for assessment of risks resulting from potential link for CDCP and its clients. Potential risks are assessed by the respective departments and in general they cover legal, operational and financial risks. If no unacceptable risks were identified, CDCP shall submit the application for participation in the settlement system to the issuer CSD. The link has to comply with requirements on CSD links stipulated by the CSDR regulation.

G19Q002

What process is used to identify potential sources of risk (such as, legal, credit, liquidity, custody and operational risks) arising from prospective links? How does this affect the CSD's decision whether to establish the link?

PFMI: Q.20.1.1 AGC: n/a

The head of relevant departments of CDCP assess the information and documents provided by the requesting/receiving CSD and evaluate the risks stemming from the future link based on the catalogue of risks maintained by each department. The process is ruled by the internal directive regulating the management of risks of access of participant and CSD links.

G19Q003

What links have been established with other CSD? How does the CSD identify, monitor and manage the risks arising from an established link on an ongoing basis?

PFMI: Q.20.1.2

AGC: n/a

CDCP currently has four links with investor CSDs. Risks undertaken in the links are monitored and managed according to standard procedure applicable to risk management at CDCP.

G19Q004

Please list all depositories or settlement systems to which you have an electronic link.

PFMI: Q.20.1.2 AGC: 38

None

G190005

How does the CSD ensure that link arrangements are designed so that it is able to remain observant of the other principles? How frequently is this analysis conducted?

PFMI: Q.20.1.3 AGC: n/a

CDCP currently maintains standard links pursuant to the Rules of Operation of CDCP and the agreement on CSD link. Applicable PFMI principles have been implemented by CSDR regulation. Compliance of rules and procedures of CDCP with legislation is monitored by the Compliance Department. Analysis of compliance is done prior to any change in the link arrangement or prior to any change of legislation. According to CSDR the link arrangements are reviewed annually.

G19Q00

In which jurisdictions has the CSD established links? What are the relevant legal frameworks supporting the established links?

PFMI: Q.20.2.1 AGC: n/a

n/a

G19000

How does the CSD ensure that its links have a well founded legal basis that support its design and provide it with adequate protection in all relevant jurisdictions? How does the CSD ensure that such protections are maintained over time?

PFMI: Q.20.2.2

As an issuer CSD, CDCP concludes a special agreement on link with investor CSD. The agreement is ruled by domestic legislation only.

G19Q008

What processes are in place to measure, monitor and manage credit and liquidity risks arising from any established links?

PFMI: Q.20.3.1 AGC: n/a

n/a

G19Q009

If a CSD extends credit to a linked CSD, what processes exist to ensure that credit extensions to the linked CSD are fully covered by high-quality collateral and that credit limits are appropriate?

PFMI: Q.20.3.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G19Q010

Are provisional transfers of securities allowed across the link? If so, what arrangements make provisional transfers necessary, and is the retransfer of these securities prohibited until the first transfer is final?

PFMI: Q.20.4.1

AGC: n/a

No

G19Q011

For any established link, how has the investor CSD determined that the rights of its participants have a high level of protection?

PFMI: Q.20.5.1

AGC: n/a

Investor CSD is entitled to disclose the legal and operational terms and conditions of the link to its participants in order to allow them to assess and manage the risks involved.

G19Q012

How frequently is reconciliation of holdings conducted by the entities holding the securities in custody?

PFMI: Q.20.5.2 AGC: n/a

Daily

G19Q013

How does the investor CSD provide a high-level of protection for the rights of its participants (including segregation and portability arrangements and asset protection provisions for omnibus accounts)?

PFMI: Q.20.5.3 AGC: n/a

n/a

G19Q014

If the CSD uses an intermediary to operate a link, what are the criteria used by the CSD to select the intermediary or intermediaries? Are these criteria risk-based?

PFMI: Q.20.6.1

AGC: n/a

The CSD that submitted the application for access to CDCP can appoint only the intermediary that is already a CDCP participant. The participant is subject to the same participation criteria set by CDCP as criteria applicable to the CSD.

G19Q015

What are the respective liabilities of the two linked CSDs and the intermediaries?

PFMI: Q.20.6.2

AGC: n/a

Liabilities of linked CSD are detailed in the agreement on CSD link and the agreement with an intermediary.

G19Q016

What processes exist to measure, monitor and manage the risks arising from use of the intermediary?

PFMI: Q.20.6.3

If the CSD linked to CDCP uses an intermediary, according to CSDR the linked CSD has to manage the risks arising from such an arrangement. These processes are not disclosed in detail to CDCP.

G19Q017

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

policy_risk_management201903.pdf (134KB)

Risk Management Policy

Efficiency and effectiveness (PFMI Principle 21)

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 21. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P21

AGC: n/a

CDCP structure, systems and processes are compliant with the requirements of EU and national legal regulations, relevant international standards are applied where suitable. The Internal Audit Department provides assessment and consultancy that helps to increase the added value and to improve the business activities of CDCP; it also helps CDCP to maintain the efficient control mechanisms by assessment of their effectivity and efficiency. The IA Department gives assurance on efficiency and effectiveness of management, operation and information processes and systems in relation to achievement of CDCP goals, reliability and integrity, assets protection and compliance with legal or internal regulations, it evaluates effectiveness of risk management processes. Where necessary the department proposes improvements of the processes, procedures and systems.

All changes in processes and information systems and also implementation of new services is discussed with the participants via the User Committee, what helps CDCP to understand needs of its clients; on the other side the User Committee can propose changes to the CDCP operation systems and services. The IA Department informs the User Committee on result of the audit in certain cases: if finding relates to processes that have impact on the users of the central depository, including access of the issuers or participants to the CSD securities settlement system, and if finding can impact provision of services, incl. business continuity

How does the CSD determine whether its design (including its clearing and settlement arrangement, its operating structure, its delivery systems and technologies, and its individual services and products) is taking into account the needs of its participants and the markets it serves?

PFMI: Q.21.1.1

CDCP provides all main services according to the CSDR so they meet requirements and needs of the market. Also it is the right of the User Committee to submit the proposals for change. All changes in the CDCP Rules of Operation and to the IT system are presented and communicated with the User Committee (the participants), CDCP also implements new regulatory requirements and observes international standards (e.g. communications standards).

How does the CSD determine whether it is meeting the requirements and needs of its participants and other users and continues to meet those requirements as they change (for example, through the use of feedback mechanisms)?

PFMI: Q.21.1.2 AGC: n/a

Monitoring of regulatory requirements and participants' requirements

G200004

What are the CSD's goals and objectives as far as the effectiveness of its operations is concerned?

PFMI: Q.21.2.1 AGC: n/a

To decrease risk exposure and increase the effectiveness of operations are two main goals of the new CDCP Strategy for the period 2021 - 2023. Continual increasing of the effectiveness of operations through digitization of services and implementation of new or improved services is essential

G20Q005

How does the CSD ensure that it has clearly defined goals and objectives that are measurable and achievable?

PFMI: Q.21.2.2 AGC: n/a

By monitoring the strategy, regulatory requirements and market requirements.

G20Q006

To what extent have the goals and objectives been achieved? What mechanisms does the CSD have to measure and assess this?

PFMI: Q.21.2.3 AGC: n/a

G20Q007

What processes and metrics does the CSD use to evaluate its efficiency and effectiveness?

PFMI: Q.21.3.1 AGC: n/a

G20Q008

How frequently does the CSD evaluate its efficiency and effectiveness?

PFMI: Q.21.3.2 AGC: n/a

G20Q009

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

Communication (PFMI Principle 22)

G21Q00

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 22. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P22

CDCP uses ISO20022 in communication with T2S which is fully accepted as a standard. Communication between CDCP and its participants via CDCP system is based on ISO20022 as well, however messages in this channel were complemented with proprietary elements and messages which are needed for Slovak market due to market practice and legislative reasons. CDCP also uses ISO150022 for some messages.

G21Q002

Does the CSD use an internationally accepted communications procedure and, if so, which one(s)? If not, how does the CSD accommodate internationally accepted communication procedures?

PFMI: Q.22.1.1

Yes, is based on ISO20022 and ISO150022 (for some messages). See explanation above.

G21Q003 Security Control. How do participants receive information (view actual settlement of trades, movement of securities on their accounts, etc.) and see the status of their accounts?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 69
✓ By direct electronic link
By receipt of physical account holding statements
Not applicable
OTHER:
G21Q004 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 69a.
Electronically via CDCP system. Link is encrypted.
G21Q005 Do participants have access to affect their holdings, including confirming and affirming trades, movement of securities on their accounts, etc.?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 70
• Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G21Q006 How is access given to participants?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 70a.
By direct electronic link
OTHER:
G21Q007 Please select type of electronic link:
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 70b.
☐ Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
✓ Internet
✓ Fax
G21Q008 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.22:1.1 AGC: 70c.
Fax is only alternative arrangement to allow processing of time-critical transactions in extreme circumstances.

G21Q009 Does the CSD communicate with other market entities such as stock exchanges, payment systems, clearing houses, etc., by secured linkages?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 72
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G21Q010 Please explain:
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 72a
Encrypted electronic link over the internet with the Stock Exchange. SWIFT link with T2S (SWIFT Van Service).
G21Q011 How does the CSD communicate with Stock Exchanges?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 73 73a
Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
✓ Internet
☐ Fax
Paper
other
Not applicable
OTHER:
G21Q012 How does the CSD communicate with Payment Systems?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 73b
Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
✓ Internet
☐ Fax
Paper
other
Not applicable
OTHER:

G21Q013 How does the CSD communicate with Clearing Houses?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 73c
Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
☐ Internet
☐ Fax
Paper
other
✓ Not applicable
OTHER:
G21Q014 How does the CSD communicate with Registrars?
PFMI: Q.22.1.1 AGC: 73d
Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
☐ Internet
☐ Fax
☐ Paper
other
✓ Not applicable
OTHER:
G21Q015 If the CSD engages in cross-border operations, how do the CSD's operational procedures, processes and systems use or otherwise accommodate internationally accepted communication procedures for cross-border operations?
PFMI: Q.22.1.2 AGC: n/a
According to T2S procedures, since CDCP is already running in T2S.
G21Q016 Does the CSD use an internationally accepted communications standard and, if so, which one(s)? If not, how does the CSD accommodate internationally accepted communication standards?
PFMI: Q.22.1.3 AGC: n/a
Yes, ISO20022 implemented in T2S, partially implemented ISO150022 in legacy system (for some messages).
G21Q017 If the CSD engages in cross-border operations, how do the CSD's operational procedures, processes and systems use or otherwise accommodate internationally accepted communication standards for cross-border operations?
PFMI: Q.22.1.4 AGC: n/a
According to T2S procedures, since CDCP is already running in T2S.

G21Q018

If no international standard is used, how does the CSD accommodate systems that translate or convert message format and data from international standards into the domestic equivalent and vice versa?

PFMI: Q.22.1.5 AGC: n/a

n/a

G21Q019

filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.

PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a

Transparency and disclosure (PFMI Principle 23)

G22Q001

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 23. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - IV.P23

AGC: n/a

With respect to transparency and disclosure, CDCP distinguishes two types of information: information available to public, e.g. the Rules of Operation, the Scale of Fees, an Annual Report, statistics, Governance and Management System, Risk management policy, and information available to participants, i.e. the information published on the web page but protected with password. The documents governing processes, procedures, access conditions and requirements are discussed with Participants (via the User Committee) before these are approved and published. The User Committee convenes usually quarterly to discuss changes in the services and rules, the Scale of Fees, changes in the market or legislation influencing operation of the CSD. CDCP offers training to Participants, that helps them to understand the information systems and thus mitigate the risks related to use of the CSD services.

G22Q002

What documents comprise the CSD's rules and procedures? How are these documents disclosed to participants?

PFMI: Q.23.1.1

AGC: n/a

The CDCP Rules of Operation including the Executory Decrees and, in case of some services, also the general terms and conditions are publicly available on the CDCP website.

G22Q003

How does the CSD determine that its rules and procedures are clear and comprehensive?

PFMI: Q.23.1.2 AGC: n/a

CDCP takes into account the legal regulations, regulatory requirements and market requirements so that its rules and procedures can fully address all CDCP activities.

G22Q004

What information do the CSD's rules and procedures contain on the procedures it will follow in non-routine, though foreseeable, events?

PFMI: Q.23.1.3

CDCP Rules of Operation contain information on procedures mainly in the following events: failure of a participant, participant in crisis situation, withdrawal of access of participant, T2S operations recovery. More detailed information is provided in the Executory Decree No.1.: Communication of the Participant and other Market Infrastructure with IS CDCP and the Executory Decree No.2: Procedure details in provision of services during the operational failure of a person with granted access.

G22Q005

How and to whom does the CSD disclose the processes it follows for changing its rules and procedures?

PFMI: Q.23.1.4

CDCP Rules of Operation are always discussed with the User Committee before approval of relevant changes and updated version is disclosed 15 days before coming into effect.

G22Q006

How does the CSD disclose relevant rules and key procedures to the public?

PFMI: Q.23.1.5

By publishing them on the CDCP web site.

G22Q007

What documents comprise information about the system's design and operations? How and to whom does the CSD disclose the system's design and operations?

PFMI: Q.23.2.1 AGC: n/a

The elementary rules for operating the settlement system are included in the CDCP Rules of Operation. CDCP also provides the participants with relevant manuals regarding the system's design and operation.

G22Q008

How and to whom does the CSD disclose the degree of discretion it can exercise over key decisions that directly affect the operation of the system

PFMI: Q.23.2.2

Major changes in the IT system, the Rules of Operation or the Scale of Fees are discussed with Participants (in the User Committee)

G22Q009

What information does the CSD provide to its participants about their rights, obligations and risks incurred through participation in the CSD?

PFMI: Q.23.2.3

This information is provided in the Rules of Operation of CDCP as well as in the agreement between the participant and CDCP.

G22Q010

How does the CSD facilitate its participants' understanding of the CSD's rules, procedures and the risks associated with participating?

AGC: n/a

CDCP provides training to participants that facilitates understanding of the documents

Is there evidence that the means described above enable participants' understanding of the CSD's rules, procedures and the risks they face from participating in the CSD?

PFMI: Q.23.3.2 AGC: n/a

n/a

G22Q012

In the event that the CSD identifies a participant whose behaviour demonstrates a lack of understanding of the CSD's rules, procedures and the risks of participation, what remedial actions are taken by the CSD?

PFMI: Q.23.3.3

In the event that the conduct of participant does not constitute a serious violation that is addressed by application of measures and sanctions, CDCP may notify the participant of its

G22Q013

Does the CSD publicly disclose its fees at the level of its individual services and policies on any available discounts? How is this information disclosed?

PFMI: Q.23.4.1

Yes, all fees of individual services are specified in the Scale of Fees published on the web site.

G22Q014

How does the CSD notify participants and the public, on a timely basis, of changes to services and fees?

PFMI: Q.23.4.2 AGC: n/a

In the event of change in fees the updated draft version of the Scale of Fees is discussed with participants prior to its approval and final version is published on the CDCP website 15 days before coming into effect.

G22Q015

Does the CSD provide a description of its priced services? Do these descriptions allow for comparison across similar CSD??

PFMI: Q.23.4.3 AGC: n/a

The Scale of Fees distinguishes individual services and a fee is allocated to each service

G220016

Does the CSD disclose information on its technology and communication procedures, or any other factors that affect the costs of operating the CSD?

PFMI: Q.23.4.4 AGC: n/a

The description of technology and communication system is included in the Executory Decree No.1 on Communication of Participant and Other Market Infrastructure with IS CDCP that creates the part of the CDCP Rules of Operation. This document is publicly available on the CDCP website.

G22Q017

When did the CSD last complete the PFMI Disclosure framework for financial market infrastructures? How frequently is it updated? Is it updated following material changes to the CSD and its environment and, at a minimum, every two years?

PFMI: Q.23.5.1 AGC: n/a

The PFMI Disclosure framework form was completed for the last time in November 2022 – as part of AGC and PFMI questionnaire and in this form is updated annually. Previously, CDCP completed a separate PFMI Disclosure framework questionnaire at the request of the regulator. Since CDCP's authorisation granted by the regulator in compliance with Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories (CSDR) in 2019, compliance of depository with the PFMI principles, that are embedded into the CSDR, is being checked at the discretion of the regulator as part of the annual review and evaluation of CDCP's compliance with the CSDR.

G22Q018

What quantitative information does the CSD disclose to the public? How often is this information updated?

PFMI: Q.23.5.2 AGC: n/a

the Statistics (Monthly and Annual), Annual Report and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs). Report on KPIs is published monthly

G22Q019

What other information does the CSD disclose to the public?

PFMI: Q.23.5.3

In accordance with the requirements of CSDR Regulation, CDCP discloses documents such as the Rules on Operation, Scale of Fees, Business terms and conditions, Complaints Procedures, Conflict of interest, Note on Segregation of Assets, Risk Management Policy, AML Policy and other documents; some of these are published in the password-protected area of the website intended only for participants to access.

G22Q020 Capital. Are annual financial statements publicly disclosed?
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13
Yes
○ No
G220021 If yes, the AGC requests a copy of the institution's annual report. Is the annual report available electronically?
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13a.
Yes
O No
G22Q022 filecount - If yes, please upload the document(s) here or insert web link(s) in question 13d:
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13b.
G22Q023 filecount - If more than one document for 13b, please upload the additional document here:
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13c.
G22Q024
Please insert web link(s) for 13b here:
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13d.
https://www.cdcp.sk/cdcpweb/wp-content/uploads/2023/07/202307 AnnualReport 2022.pdf
G22Q025 If no, and annual report and/or financial statements are not disclosed, please state your share capital, reserves, and retained earnings (or equivalents as determined under local accounting standards). Share Capital (then please answer 13f):
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13e.
G22Q026 Reserves (then please answer 13g):
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13I.
refer to the Annual Report

G22Q027 Retained Earnings:
PFMI: Q.23.5.3 AGC: 13g.
refer to the Annual Report
G22Q028 How does the CSD disclose this information to the public? In which language(s) are the disclosures provided?
PFMI: Q.23.5.4 AGC: n/a
The Annual Report is published on the web page of CDCP. The document is published in the Slovak and English language.
G22Q029 AGC members from time to time receive requests from their direct investor-clients for an informational copy of a CSD's completed questionnaire. Such requests typically lead to interactions between personnel at the CSD in question and member personnel or client personnel, or both. Those interactions take time and impose costs on both members and depositories. Do you approve of AGC members delivering a copy of your completed questionnaire to the member's direct client in response to the client's request?
PFMI: Q.23.5.4 AGC: 100
• Yes
○ No
G22Q030 Are the results of the financial audit publicly available?
PFMI: Q.23.5.4 AGC: 15f
• Yes
○ No
G22Q031 Are the results of the operational audit publicly available?
PFMI: Q.23.5.4 AGC: 16f
O Yes
● No
G22Q032 List of publicly available resources. Please list publicly available resources, including those referenced in the disclosure, that may help a reader understand the CSD and its approach to observing each applicable PFMI Principle.
PFMI: Annex A - CSD disclosure template - V. AGC: n/a
Available on the web page: Risk Management Policy; Policy for managing conflict of interests; User Committee Statute; information on Governing Bodies and Governance and Management System; Annual Report, Statistics; Scale of Fees; Rules of Operation; documents related to Claims and Objections; Information Disclosure Rules; information for owners of securities on provided services; accounts and participants.
G22Q033 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.
PFMI: n/a

Compliance with SEC Rule 17f-7

G23Q001
Rule 17f-7, by reference to Rule 17f-4, requires that, for a CSD to be eligible to hold securities of U.S. registered investment companies (such depositories hereinafter referred to as "Eligible Securities Depositories"), the CSD must be a "system for the central handling of securities where all securities of any particular class or series of any issuer deposited within the system are treated as fungible and may be transferred or pledged by bookkeeping entry without physical delivery of the securities."
Are all securities of a particular class or series of any issuer that are deposited in your institution treated as fungible, and can they be transferred or pledged by bookkeeping entry without physical delivery of the securities?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 1
• Yes
O No
G23Q002 Please explain
PFMI: n/a AGC: 1a
n/a
G23Q003 Rule 17f-7 also requires that an Eligible Securities CSD "acts as or operates a system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries in the country where it is incorporated," or "acts as or operates a transnational system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries." Does your institution:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 2
Act as or operate a system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries in the country where it is incorporated?
Act as or operate a transnational system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries?
Act in another capacity with respect to the handling of securities or equivalent book-entries?
☐ Not applicable ☐ OTHER:
G23Q004 Please explain:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 2a.
G23Q005 Please specify the types of securities for which you act as or operate a system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries:
PFM: n/a AGC: 2b.
equities; interim certificates to equities; units of the unit trust; cooperative units; bonds (including mortgage bonds, government bonds, covered bonds); depository

Acc. or A powermental body or regulatory organization empowered to administer or enforce laws related to sourties matters. A powermental body or regil regulatory organization empowered to administer or enforce laws related to other financial activities. A membership organization which regulates the participation of its members in securities matters or other financial activities. OTHER: G2500017 Presse explain: PRASE ora ACC 68 Presse provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8: PRASE ora ACC 19 G250018 PRASE ora ACC 19 G250019 Rule 174-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to provide examination by: G250019 PRASE ora ACC 19 G350010 G350011 G	Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository regulated by a foreign financial regulatory authority as defined under section 2(a)(50) of the Act, with section 2(a)(50) establishing that z 'foreign financial regulatory authority' means any (A) foreign securities authority, (B) other governmental body or foreign equivalent of a self-regulatory organization empowered by a foreign government to administer or enforce its laws relating to the regulation of fiduciaries, trusts, commercial lending, insurance, trading in contracts of sale of a commodity for future delivery, or other instruments traded on or subject to the rules of a contract market, board of trade or foreign equivalent, or other financial activities, or (C) membership organization a function of which is to regulate the participation of its members in activities listed above." Who regulates the activities of the CSD?
A governmental body or self-regulatory organization empowered to administer or enforce laws related to other financial activities. A membership organization which regulates the participation of its members in securities matters or other financial activities. OTHER: COCCUPY CONTROL CO	AGC: 8
A nembership organization which regulates the participation of its members in accurrises matters or other financial activities. OTHER:	A governmental body or regulatory organization empowered to administer or enforce laws related to securities matters.
C320007 Please explain: PPME no ACC 54 ACC 54 ACC 55 Please explain: PPME no ACC 54 ACC 55 C320008 Please provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8: PME no ACC 55 ACC 56 PME 17-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD authority periodic examination by: PPME no ACC 10 Regulatory authorities? Independent accountants? OTHER Independent Auditor and Regulator PPlease explain: PPME no ACC 10 C32001 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a): PPME no ACC 11 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	A governmental body or self-regulatory organization empowered to administer or enforce laws related to other financial activities.
G230007 Please explain: PPMs na ACCUSE PPMs na ACC	A membership organization which regulates the participation of its members in securities matters or other financial activities.
Please explain: FFM: na AGC: 8a C230008 Please provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8: FFM: na AGC: 8a C230008 Please provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8: FFM: na AGC: 8a C230009 Rule 17F-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: FFM: na AGC: 10 C230019 C23001	OTHER:
G220008 Please provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8: #FMM: nia AGC: 9 The National Bank of Stovakia (NBS) G220009 Rule 17-77 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: #FMM: nia AGC: 10 Regulatory authorities? OTHER: Independent Auction and Regulator #FMM: nia AGC: 10a ACC: 11a	Please explain:
Please provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8: PRM: nia AGC: 9 C230009 Rule 17I-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: PRM: nia AGC: 10 Regulatory authorities? Independent accountants? OTHER: Independent Auditor and Regulator C330010 Please explain: PRM: nia AGC: 10 AGC: 01 C330010 Please explain: C330010 Please explain: C330011 Regulatory authority #1 (please answer 11a): C300011 Rame of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	
Please provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8: PRM: nia AGC: 9 C230009 Rule 17I-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: PRM: nia AGC: 10 Regulatory authorities? Independent accountants? OTHER: Independent Auditor and Regulator C330010 Please explain: PRM: nia AGC: 10 AGC: 01 C330010 Please explain: C330010 Please explain: C330011 Regulatory authority #1 (please answer 11a): C300011 Rame of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	
the National Bank of Stovakia (NBS) G230009 Rule 171-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: PFMI: na AGC: 10 Regulatory authorities? Independent accountants? OTHER: Independent Auditor and Regulator G230010 Please explain: PFMI: na AGC: 10a Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G230011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	
the National Bank of Stovakia (NBS) G230009 Rule 17F-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10 Regulatory authorities? Independent accountants? OTHER: independent Auditor and Regulator G230010 Please explain: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10 Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G230011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	
Rule 174-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10	
Rule 174-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10	
Regulatory authorities? Independent accountants? OTHER: Independent Auditor and Regulator C230010 Please explain: PFMI: ri/a AGC: 10a Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G230011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD
Independent accountants? OTHER: Independent Auditor and Regulator G23Q010 Please explain: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10a Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G23Q011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	
Independent accountants? OTHER: Independent Auditor and Regulator G23Q010 Please explain: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10a Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G23Q011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	Regulatory authorities?
G23Q010 Please explain: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10a Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G23Q011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):	
G23Q010 Please explain: PFMI: n/a AGC: 10a Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G23Q011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a): PFMI: n/a AGC: 11	
PFMI: n/a AGC: 10a Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G23Q011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a): PFMI: n/a AGC: 11	
Accounting is examined by an Independent External Auditor. Regulator provides ad-hoc examinations. Except for that depository provides regulator with regular reports (reporting forms). G23Q011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a): PFMI: n/a AGC: 11	
G23Q011 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a): PFMI: n/a AGC: 11	
Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a): PFMI: n/a AGC: 11	
AGC: 11	

G23Q012 What enforcement actions are available to regulatory authority #1 for breach of applicable statute or regulatory requirements?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 11a.
✓ Fines
Restrictions on CSD activities.
Suspension of CSD activities.
✓ Termination of CSD activities.
OTHER:
G23Q013 Please explain:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 11b.
G23Q013A Name of Authority #2:
G23Q014 What enforcement actions are available to regulatory authority #2 for breach of applicable statute or regulatory requirements?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 11c.
Fines
Restrictions on CSD activities.
Suspension of CSD activities.
Termination of CSD activities.
OTHER:
G23Q015 Please explain:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 11d.
G23Q016 Has there been any use of such enforcement actions in the last three years?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 12
Yes
✓ No
OTHER:
G23Q017 If yes, please explain:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 12a.

G23Q018 Has the regulatory body with oversight responsibility for the CSD issued public notice that the CSD is not in current compliance with any capital, solvency, insurance or similar financial strength requirements imposed by such regulatory body?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 90
O Yes
● No
O Not applicable
G23Q019 Please describe:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 90a.
G23Q020 In the case of such a notice having been issued, has such notice been withdrawn, or, has the remedy of such noncompliance been publicly announced by the CSD?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 90b.
O Yes
○ No
G23Q021 If yes, please describe:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 90c.
G23Q022 If no, why not?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 90d.
G23Q023 Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository holds assets for the custodian that participates in the system on behalf of the Fund under safekeeping conditions no less favorable that the conditions that apply to other participants. Please confirm that assets of foreign investors held by custodians as participants in the CSD are held under safekeeping conditions no less favorable than the conditions that apply to other participants.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 21
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
G23Q024 If no, other or not applicable, please explain:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 21a

G23Q025 Please confirm the basis for the arrangements you have in place to ensure that the assets you hold for custodians receive the same level of safekeeping protection as the assets held for other categories of participants.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 21b, 21c.
Relevant Law and Regulation
Standard participation contract
Established terms and conditions of participation
By-laws of the CSD
Rules of the CSD
OTHER:
G23Q027 For each item in Question 21b that you checked, please briefly supply references or citations to the law(s), regulation(s), or CSD rule(s), participation condition(s), or participant contract provision (s), as applicable.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 21d
Non-discriminatory approach is required by CSDR 909/2014 (EU).
The Rules of Operation: "custodian (custody bank) is considered for participant as any other CSD participant, therefore assets held in the CSD by custodian are held under the same conditions
as for any other CSD participant"
G23Q028 Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository provides periodic reports to its participants with respect to its safekeeping of assets, including notices of transfers to or from any participant's account. Does the CSD make available periodic safekeeping reports to participants, including notices of transfers to or from the participant's account?
AGC: 46
Yes
○ No
G23Q029 If no or other, please explain
PFMI: n/a AGC: 46a.
G23Q030 If yes, please indicate the scheduled frenquency:
PFMI: n/a AGC: 46b, 46c.
☐ Daily
Weekly
Monthly
Quarterly
Annually
Upon request
OTHER: The CSD provides continuously all necessary information through the access of the participants to the CSD information system.

G23Q031 Does the CSD maintain records that identify the assets of each participant and segregate the system's own assets from the assets of participants?
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: 53
✓ Yes
No Not applicable
OTHER:
G23Q031A
If answer to question 'G23Q031' is other or not applicable, please explain
PFMI: Q.11.5.2 AGC: 53a
G23Q032
filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.
PFMI: n/a
AGC: n/a
Relevant RSSS recommendations
G24Q001 Confirmation of trades between direct market participants should occur as soon as possible after trade execution, but no later than trade date (T+0). Where confirmation of trades by indirect market participants (such as institutional investors) is required, it should occur as soon as possible after trade execution, preferably on T+0, but no later than T+1.
PFMI: 2 - Trade confirmation AGC: n/a
In trades concluded in the trading venue system, the T + 0, respectively T +1 cycle is used.
G24Q002 Rolling settlement should be adopted in all securities markets. Final settlement should occur no later than T+3. The benefits and costs of a settlement cycle shorter than T+3 should be evaluated.
PFMI: 3 - Settlement cycles AGC: n/a
The T + 2 cycle is used (applied to trades concluded at trading venues, resp. If so agreed between the parties in transactions concluded outside of a trading venue).
G24Q003 Securities lending and borrowing (or repurchase agreements and other economically equivalent transactions) should be encouraged as a method for expediting the settlement of securities transactions. Barriers that inhibit the practice of lending securities for this purpose should be removed.
PFMI: 5 - Securities lending AGC: n/a
CDCP does not provide Securities lending/borrowing service.
G24Q004 Securities should be immobilised or dematerialised and transferred by book entry in CSDs to the greatest extent possible.
PFMI: 6 - Central securities depositories (CSDs) AGC: n/a
All securities registered and held in CDCP are in dematerialised form and it is stipulated by law that all book-entry securities are settled in the securities central depository.

Entities holding securities in custody should employ accounting practices and safekeeping procedures that fully protect customers' securities. It is essential that customers' securities be protected against the claims of a custodian's creditors.

PFMI: 12 - Protection of customers' securities

CDCP keeps registry of data on securities and accounts which make possible to each participant to segregate securities of the participant from securities of clients of the participant, from securities of other participant and from securities in ownership of CDCP. In compliance with article 38 of CSDR, CDCP is providing to the participants options to select and use omnibus client segregation and individual client segregation. In case of individual client segregation special condition of membership granted to the participant must be fulfilled.

G24Q006 filecount - Add relevant appendices for this group.	
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a	

Cyber Security
G25Q001 Does your organization have a documented cyber security policy in place?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 101
Yes
○ No
CDCP has implemented cyber security framework and measures together with Information Security Management since they have many common elements.
Information and Cyber Security Management System Policy was approved by the Board of Directors.
G25Q001A filecount - If you answered Yes to the previous question, please provide a copy or overview
G25Q002 Please confirm that your staff receive relevant training about this policy.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 102
Yes
○ No
G25Q003
Please provide an overview of your policy for continuity of business in the event of a large data breach or cyber attack against your organization.

PFMI: n/a

Attack detection and identification, system response and recovery, internal and external communication, instruction and improvement of measures

G25Q004 In the last 12 months have there been any changes to the policy?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 104
O Yes
● No
G25Q005 Please advise how often you review the policy. PFMI: n/a
AGC: 105
Annually
Other
Other Control of the
G25Q006 filecount - Please provide (as an attachment) a diagram showing where your cyber security function resides and who it reports to. PFMI: n/a
AGC: 106
CDCP_SR_Governace_chart.pdf (1529KB)
G25Q007 How does your organization identify which business functions carry a cyber risk
PFMI: n/a AGC: 107
Based on the BIA analysis and the BCM Policy, individual business processes were identified and the values of MTO (Maximum Tolerable Outage) and RTO (Recovery Time Objective) were determined.
G25Q008 Do you conduct ongoing testing and monitoring processes to ensure that all internal and external connectivity and system configurations are not at risk of cybersecurity breaches?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 108
Yes
○ No
G25Q009 What technological controls and protections are in place for your systems and networks?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 109
firewalls, IPS, antivirus, antispam, antispyware, web filtering, traffic shaping, event manager, penetration testing

G25Q010 Does your organization use multi-factor authentication
PFMI: n/a AGC: 110
Yes No
G25Q011 Where your organization has outsourced activities or functions to a third-party provider, is your cyber risk exposure documented?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 111
Yes No
G25Q012 What measures does your organization have to ensure early detection of a cyber attack?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 112
checking of log files on firewalls, servers, databases, antivirus, Service Desk for incident reporting by the users
G25Q013 What is the agreed resumption time for critical operations following a cyber attack?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 113
2 hours
G25Q014 How would you advise clients of a successful cyber attack against your organization?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 114
After a successful cyber attack on CDCP, we would advise potentially affected clients to check the last executed transactions, change access passwords or other measures depending on the nature of the attack.
G25Q015 In the last 12 months has your organization been subject to a cyber attack that impacted the service you provide to us? If yes, please provide details.
PFMI: n/a AGC: 115
○ Yes
● No

G25Q016 Are the following elements of your cybersecurity framework tested pre and post deployment of changes?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 116
Vulnerability assessment
Scenario based penetration tests
Testing of incident response process and technical/business/operations (e.g. table-top exercise)
OTHER:
G25Q017 For cloud technology and associated cyber security risks, do you you have procedures and controls in place to protect our information from mishandling or theft?
In the comments section could you please explain how these procedures and controls tie back to your record retention policy?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 117
○ Yes
○ No
not applicable
G25Q018 Does your organization conduct dark web searches for signs of a breach (internet protocol or customer/client personally identified information for sale)?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 118
○ Yes
● No
G25Q019 Is your organization aware of SWIFT's Customer Security Program (CSP)?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 119
Yes
○ No
G25Q020 Does your organization ensure compliance with SWIFT's CSP controls?
PFMI: n/a AGC: 120
Yes
○ No

G25Q021 Does your organization respond to requests for your institution's attestations?	
PFMI: n/a AGC: 121	
• Yes	
○ No	
G25Q022 Does your organization request the attestation details of your counterparties and incorporate the responses into ongoing relationship and risk management programs?	ıt
PFMI: n/a AGC: 122	
○ Yes	
● No	
Appendices	
G26Q001 filecount - Add relevant appendices	
PFMI: n/a AGC: n/a	